The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXVIII. NO. 44. GETTYSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1868. WHOLE NO. 3528.

HARPER, McPHERSON & BUEHLER,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS.
[illegible] street, between the Court-house and Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION:

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Friday morning, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates.—A liberal deduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year. Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞The circulation of the STAR AND SENTINEL is one-half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed, and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style will be printed at short notice. Terms CASH.

Professional Cards, &c.

DR. WM STALLSMITH, *Dentist*, having located in Gettysburg, offers his services to the public. Office in Baltimore street, in room above Minnigh's Confectionary, where he will be prepared to attend to any case within the province of the Dentist. Persons in want of full or partial sets of teeth are invited to call. Terms reasonable. [April 8, 1868.—

JOHN LAWRENCE HILL, Dentist. Office in Chambersburg street, one door west of the Lutheran Church, nearly opposite Dr. R. Horner's Drug Store, where he may be found ready and willing to attend any case within the province of the Dentist. Persons in want of full sets of teeth are invited to call. [May 29, 1867

DR. C. W. BENSON

HAS RESUMED the Practice of Medicine in LITTLESTOWN, and offers his services to the public. Office at his house, corner of Lombard street and Foundry alley, near the Railroad. Special attention given to Skin Diseases. [Littlestown, Nov. 13, 1867.

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square.
May 29, 1867.

CLAIM AGENCY.—The undersigned will attend to the collection of claims against the U. S. Government, including Military Bounties, Back Pay, Pensions, Forage, &c., either in the Court of Claims or before any of the Departments at Washington.
R. G. McCREARY.
May 29, 1867. Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa.

JOS. H. LEFEVER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
LITTLESTOWN, PA.,
Will promptly attend to Collections, Conveyances, Writing of Deeds, Leases, &c., and all other business entrusted to his care.
☞Office on Frederick street, at the office formerly occupied by Drs Shorb, Kinzer and Mehring.
May 20, 1868.—1y*

D. McCONAUGHY, JOHN M. KRAUTH.
Attorneys and Counsellors.

D. McCONAUGHY has associated JOHN M. KRAUTH, Esq. in the practice of the Law, at his old office, one door west of BUEHLER'S Drug store, Chambersburg street.
Special attention given to Suits, Collections and Settlement of Estates. All legal business, and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back-pay, and Damages against U. States at all times, promptly and efficiently attended to.
Land warrants located, and choice Farms for sale, in Iowa and other western states. [Nov. 27, 1867.—tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other Business entrusted to his care.
Office between Fahnestock and Danner and Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa.
May 29, 1867.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.
☞Office at his residence in the three story building opposite the Court House [Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

DR. R. B. ELDERDICE,
Announces to his friends, and the public, that he has returned to NEW SALEM, and resumed practice. Office at the Hotel.
McKNIGHTSTOWN, P. O.,
Adams county, Pa.
July 17.—3m

DR. J. A. ARMSTRONG,
Having located at NEW SALEM, will attend to all branches of his profession, and will be found at his office when not professionally engaged.
McKNIGHTSTOWN, P. O.,
Adams county, Pa
July 24. 1868.—tf

DR. D. M. ECKENRODE, having located at HEIDLERSBURG, offers his services to the public, and hopes by strict attention to his professional duties to merit a reasonable share of public patronage. [April 29.—6m

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL
Has his Office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the *Compiler* Office.
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

Business Cards.

JOHN W. TIPTON, FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-East corner of the Diamond, next door to McClellan's Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also an excellent assistant and will insure satisfaction—Give him a call.
May 29, 1867.

SURVEYOR AND LICENSED CONVEYANCER. The undersigned, having taken out a Conveyancer's License, will, in connection with the office of COUNTY SURVEYOR, attend to the

WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, WILLS, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, CLERKING OF SALES, &C.

Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable. Post office address Fairfield, Adams Co., Pa.
J. S. WITHEROW.
May 29, 1867.—tf

Carpenters and Contractors.

TO THE BUILDING COMMUNITY AND ALL OTHERS
WHO WISH TO IMPROVE.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he still continues the

CARPENTERING BUSINESS

at his old stand, on West street, Gettysburg, and is ready at all times to accommodate those wanting anything done in his line. He is prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best material, and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced Hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and dispatch.
☞Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by attention to business to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
May 29, 1867. WM. CHRITZMAN.

WM. C. STALLSMITH & SON,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
CARPENTERS & CONTRACTORS,

Are prepared to do all kinds of Carpentering—contracting and erecting buildings of all kinds, Repairing, &c.

They keep constantly on hand and manufacture to order,

DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, SASH, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, CORNICE, DOOR AND WINDOW BRACKETS,

And any other Articles in the Building Line.

Seasoned material constantly on hand, experienced workmen always in readiness, and work executed with dispatch.

☞Orders promptly attended to.
WM. C. STALLSMITH,
C. H. STALLSMITH.
Sept. 18, 1867.—tf

G. C. CASHMAN. H. H. ROWE.

CARPENTERING.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the public that they have commenced the Carpenting in the Shop formerly occupied by Andrew Schick, York street. We are prepared to do any work in our line of business and as reasonable as any other establishment in Gettysburg.

We hope by a strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.
May 29, 1867.—tf CASHMAN & ROWE.

Bakery.

NEW BAKERY.
NEWPORT & ZIEGLER.
Mechanical Bakery, Corner Washington and East Middle streets, Gettysburg, Pa. Constantly on hand the best of

BREAD,
CRACKERS,
CAKES,
PRETZELS, &c.

Persons wishing fresh Bread will be served every morning, by leaving their names and residences at the Bakery. Every effort made to please.

GIVE US A CALL.
May 28, 1867.

New Advertisements.

ST. LOUIS & IRON MOUNTAIN RAILROAD COMPANY'S Seven per cent. first Mortgage Bonds. February and August Coupons. The *earnings* of the completed road to Pilot Knob are now more than the interest on the entire mortgage. The proceeds of these Bonds are *adding* to the security every May. Over $8,000,000 have been spent on the property, and not over $2,000,000 of bonds issued thus far. The constantly increasing traffic of carrying ore, with the prospect of controlling all the travel from St. Louis to the Southern States, ensures an enormous revenue. The Directors own 8-10 of the stock for *investment*, and are interested to enrich the property as well as to economise its expenses.
THOS. ALLEN, President, St. Louis, Mo.
We, the undersigned, cordially recommend these seven per cent. mort. age bonds, of the St. Louis and Iron Mountain Railroad, as a good security. The revenue of the road will be large, and the administration of the affairs of the Company is in capable and experienced hands, and is entitled to the greatest confidence of the public.
JAMES S. THOMAS, Mayor of St. Louis.
JOHN J. ROE, Pres't St. Louis Chamber of Commerce.
E. W. FOX, Pres't St. Louis Board of Trade.
BARTON BATES, Pres't North Missouri Railroad.
J. H. BRITTON, Pres't Nat. Bank of the State of Mo.
WM. L. EWING, Pres't of the Mer. N. B. of St. Louis.
GEO. H. REA, Pres't Second Nat. Bank of St. Louis.
JAS. B. EADS, Chief Eng. St. Louis & Ill. Bridge Co.
GEO. W. TAYLOR, Pres't Pacific Railroad (of Mo.)
WM. TAUSSIG, Pres't Traders' Bank, St. Louis.
JOHN R. LIONBERGER, Pres't T. N. Bank, St. Louis.
A. OLPHUS MEIER, Vice-Pres't U. Pacific Railway.
ROBERT BARTH, Pres't German Savings Institution.
Coupons payable in the city of New York. A limited number of the above named Bonds for sale at Eighty-five. Parties living out of the city can remit by draft or expenses, and the bonds will be returned by express free of charges. We invite the attention of capitalists and others to them as, in our opinion, a very desirable investment, destined to rank as a first class security. Descriptive Pamphlets, Maps and information can be had on application to TOWNSEND, WHELEN & CO., No. 3-9 Walnut st., Philadelphia, Agents of the St. Louis and Iron Mountain R. R. Co.
Philadelphia references:—CAMBRIA IRON CO.; GAW, BACON & CO.; THOS. A BIDDLE & CO.

AXES,
All Styles and Shapes.
☞GET YOURS FOR NOTHING.☜

Any one who sends us an order for FIVE (5) AXES, at ONE DOLLAR AND A HALF EACH, with the cash, will receive ONE EXTRA, FOR NOTHING.
We will put our Axe alongside of any other make and prove it the best finished and the largest steel, measuring two and a half inches.
We have made Axes for twenty-two years, and won't yield the palm in shape to any manufacturer, and yet confess that a "Sucker of Illinois," called COLEMAN, beat us in his patent shape. The circular bit and continuous edge makes the same labor produce twice as much effect.

We call it
COLBURN'S PATENT
RED JACKET AXE.

Any one who sends us an order for FIVE AXES of this shape, at TWO ($2) DOLLARS EACH, with the cash, will receive ONE EXTRA, FOR NOTHING.
All responsible Hardware Dealers sell the "LIPPINCOTT AXES." Buy from them. But if there should happen to be one so unfortunate as not to know us, send the money and we will be sure to please you.

LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL,
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.
☞Sole owners of Colburn's Patent Axe.

$1200 A YEAR TO AGENTS to sell the STAR SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINES. *Full particulars free.* Extra inducements to experienced Agents. Call on or address W. G. WILSON & CO., Cleveland, O.; Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED--AGENTS. $75 to $200 per month to sell the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. Price only $18. Address SECOMB & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., or Boston, Mass.

WANTED.—SALESMEN to travel for a Manufacturing Company and sell by sample. Good wages are guaranteed. Address, with stamp, H. D. HAMILTON & CO., No. 413 Chestnut st., Phila., Pa.

AGENTS WANTED. $175 a month to sell the GENUINE OROIDE HUNTING CASED WATCHES, best imitation gold watches made. Price $15. Great inducements to agents. Address OROIDE WATCH & Co., Boston, Mass.

TO GOOD TRUSTY AGENTS—We will guaranty $50 per week and expenses. For particulars, address G. W. JACKSON & CO., Baltimore, Md.

ALL wanting employment can have a good business by addressing DAVIS & BRO., 775 Sansom st., Phila.

GREAT ONE DOLLAR SALE.
Hundreds of articles for families at ONE DOLLAR each. New Fall Circular now ready. Checks 10 cents each, describing article. Great inducements to Agents. STOCKMAN & CO., 54 Water street, Boston, Mass.

DR. GEIGER'S ASTHMA SPECIFIC
IS the only pleasant and permanent cure for ASTHMA as being testified by many grateful patients.
REFERENCES:—Geo. H. Stuart, Esq., 13 Bank street, Phila.; Rev. R. W. Weiser, Manchester, Md.
One bottle $2; three for $5. CHAS. A. GEIGER, M. D., Manchester, Carroll county, Md.

BLOOD. MANHOOD—nothing so important. Send two stamps for sealed 75 pages on the whole subject. Dr. WHITTIER, confidential physician, 617 St. Charles st., St. Louis, Mo., stands pre-eminently above all others in his speciality. No matter who failed, state your case. Patients treated by mail in every State.

PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING. How either sex may fascinate and gain the affections of any one they choose, instantly; also secure prosperity in love or business. Every one can acquire this singular power. This queer, exciting book has been published by us ten years, the sale of which has been enormous, and is the only book of the kind in the English language. Sent by mail for 25 cts., or five for one dollars, together with a guide to the unmarried. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Book Publishers, Phila., Pa.

THE SUCCESS
OF THE ONE DOLLAR SALE HAS CAUSED SUCH
A COMPLETE
REVOLUTION
IN TRADE,

That in order to supply the demand occasioned by our constantly increasing PATRONAGE, WE HAVE RECENTLY MADE IMPORTATIONS FOR THE FALL TRADE, DIRECT FROM EUROPEAN MANUFACTURES

AMOUNTING to NEARLY $500,000,

So that we are prepared to sell every description of DRY AND FANCY GOODS, SILVER PLATED WARE, CUTLERY, WATCHES, ALBUMS, JEWELRY, &C.

Of better quality than any other concern in the country for the uniform price of

ONE DOLLAR FOR EACH ARTICLE.

☞The best of Boston and New York references given as to the reliability of our house, and that our business is conducted in the fairest and most legitimate manner possible, and that we give greater value for the money than can be obtained in any other way.

ALL GOODS DAMAGED OR BROKEN IN TRANSPORTATION REPLACED WITHOUT CHARGE.

☞Checks describing articles sold sent to agents in Clubs at rates mentioned below. We guarantee every article to cost less than if bought at any Boston or New York Wholesale House.

OUR COMMISSIONS TO AGENTS

Exceed those of every other establishment of the kind,—proof of this can be found in comparing our premiums with those of others for Clubs of the same size, in addition to which we claim to give better goods of the same character.

We will send to Agents free of charge:

FOR A CLUB OF 30 AND THREE DOLLARS—1 doz good linen Shirt Fronts. 1 set Solid Gold Studs. All Wool Cassimere for Pants. Fine white Counterpane, large size. 1 elegant Balmoral Skirt. 20 yards brown or bleached Sheeting, good quality, yard wide, 1 elegant 100 Picture Morocco-bound Photo. Album. 1 double lens Stereoscope and 12 Foreign Views. 1 silver plated engraved 5 bottle Castor. 1 elegant Silk Fan, with Ivory or Sandal Wood Frame, feathered edge and spangled. 1 Steel Carving Knife and Fork, very best quality, ivory balanced handle, 1 handsome beaded and lined Parasol. 20 yds. good Print. 1 very fine Damask Table Cover. 1 pair best quality Ladies' Serge Congress Boots. 1 doz. fine Linen Towels. ½ doz. Rogers' best Silver Dessert Forks. 1 Ladies' large real Morocco Traveling Bag. 1 fancy dress pattern. ½ doz. elegant Silver plated engraved Napkin Rings. 1 doz. Ladies' fine Merino or Cotton Stockings. Gents' heavy chased solid Gold Ring. 1 pr. Ladies' high cut Balmoral Boots. 1 elegant Delaine Dress Pattern. 1 Violin and Bow, in box complete. 1 set Jewelry, pin, ear drops, and sleeve buttons.

FOR A CLUB OF 50 AND FIVE DOLLARS—1 black or colored Alpacca Dress Pattern. 1 set Lace Curtains. 1 pr. all Wool Blankets. Engraved Silver plated 6 bottle Revolving Castor. 1 beautiful Writing Desk. 1 solid Gold Scarf Pin. 3½ yds. very fine Cassimere, for Pants and Vest. 1 set Ivory balanced handle Knives with silver plated Forks. 1 elegant Satin Parasol, heavily beaded and lined with silk. 1 pr. gents. Calf Boots. 30 yds. good Print. 30 yds. good brown or bleached Sheeting, yard wide or 40 yds. ⅞ yd. wide, good quality. 1 ladies' elegant Morocco Travelling bag. 1 square Wool Shawl. 1 plain Norwich Poplin Dress pattern. 1¾ yds. dou. width cloth for ladies' cloak. Elegant engraved Silver plated Tea Pot. 3 yds. double width water proof cloth for cloaking.

FOR A CLUB OF 100 AND TEN DOLLARS—1 rich Merino or Thibet Dress pattern. 1 pair fine Damask Table Cloths and Napkins to match. 1 pair gents French Calf Boots. 1 heavy, silver plated engraved Ice Pitcher. Very fine all Wool Cloth for Ladies' Cloak. 1 web very best quality brown or bleached Sheeting. 7½ yds. fine Cassimere for suit. 1 elegant Poplin Dress pattern. 1 elegant English Barege Dress pattern. 1 beautiful English Barege Shawl. 1 set Ivory balanced handle Knives and Forks. 1 ladies or gents, Silver Hunting case Watch. 1 Bartlett Hand, Portable Sewing Machine. Splendid Family Bible, steel engravings, with record and photograph pages. 25 yds. good Hemp Carpeting, good colors. 1 pair good Marseilles Quilt. 1 good 6 barrel Revolver. 1 elegant fur muff and cape. 1 single barrel Shot Gun. 1 Silver plated, engraved, 6 bottled Revolving Castor, cut glass bottles. 1 very fine Violin and Bow, in case. 1 set Ivory balanced Knives and Forks.

Presents for larger Clubs increase in the same ratio.

Send Money by Registered Letter.
Catalogue of Goods sent to any address free.
PARKER & CO.,
Nos. 98 and 100 Summer st., Boston.
Sept. 4.—4t

Books, Drugs, Medicines.

HUBER'S DRUG STORE.
Forney's old Stand—Baltimore Street,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

HAVING purchased this old and popular Stand, and laid in an entirely new and fresh Stock, offer a full assortment, consisting in part of
DRUGS AND FAMILY MEDICINES.
PATENT MEDICINES—A LARGE ASSORTMENT.
PURE LIQUORS & WINES FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES.
SPICES AND FLAVORING EXTRACTS.
DYES & DYE-STUFFS—HOW & STEVENS' DYES.
EXCELSIOR DYES, AND THE ANILINE DYES—THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE MARKET.
ALL THE NEW AND ELEGANT PERFUMES AND TOILET ARTICLES.
COLGATE'S, AND OTHER SUPERIOR SOAPS.
FORNEY'S HORSE POWDERS—THE BEST AND CHEAPEST; ALSO, FOUTZ'S, ELLS, DALE'S PERSIAN, STONEBRAKER'S AND ROBERT'S.
STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS.
CIGARS, TOBACCO AND SNUFF—THE BEST BRANDS.
PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS AND FAMILY RECEIPTS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.
PHYSICIANS AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS SUPPLIED AT REDUCED RATES.
Medicines furnished at all hours of the night.—Night Bell at the door.
April 1, 1868.—tf

DR. JAMES CRESS, DRUGGIST,
Store in Brant's Building, Balto. st.,
LITTLESTOWN.

HAVING opened a new DRUG STORE and fitted it up in the best style, I offer my stock of pure and fresh Drugs to the citizens of Littlestown and vicinity at the lowest market rates, consisting in part of

Drugs and Family Medicines, Pure Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Horse Powders,

Pure Spices, Dyes and Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Toilet Soaps and Fancy articles. A full assortment of Brushes, Stationery of all kinds, Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff.

☞Moore's Electro-Magnetic Soap will wash with hard or soft water, cold or warm. Clothes washed with this Soap are made beautifully white without boiling or blueing. This is the best Soap in use. Try it. It is warranted not to injure the hands or fabric.
Littlestown, May 12.—1y JAMES CRESS.

DR. R. HORNER,
PHYSICIAN AND DRUGGIST,
Office and Drug Store, CHAMBERSBURG STREET
GETTYSBURG.
Medical advice without charge.
DEALER IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES, STATIONERY, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, BRUSHES, TOILET ARTICLES, DYE STUFFS, SPICES, BAKING SODA, CREAM OF TARTAR, LAMPS, COAL OIL, &C., &C.
PURE LIQUORS for medicinal purposes.
Dr. R. Horner's OLIEN, a reliable remedy for chapped hands, rough skin, &c.
All articles warranted pure and genuine.
Jan 8, 1868.—tf

A. D. BUEHLER,
DRUG & BOOK STORE,
CHAMBERSBURG STREET,
Near the Diamond.

STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS,
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY AND TOILET SOAPS.

☞COUNTRY MERCHANTS supplied at wholesale city prices.
Feb. 12.—tf

Hotels and Restaurants.

EAGLE HOTEL.
The largest and most commodious in
GETTYSBURG, PENNA.
CORNER OF CHAMBERSBURG WASHINGTON STREETS
JOHN L. TATE, Proprietor.
☞An Omnibus, for Passengers and Baggage, runs to the Depot, on arrival and departure of Rail Road Trains. Careful servants, and reasonable charges.
May 29, 1867.—tf

KEYSTONE HOTEL.
GETTYSBURG, PA.
WM. E. MYERS, PROPRIETOR.
NOW OPEN.

THIS is a new House, and has been fitted up in the most approved style. Its location a pleasant and convenient, being in the most business portion of the town. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests, with ample stabling attached. With experienced servants, and accommodating Clerks, we shall use every endeavor to please. This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and we kindly solicit a share of public patronage.
[May 29, 1867.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
OPPOSITE THE
N. Y. & NEW HAVEN & WESTERN R. R. DEPOT,
BEACH STREET, BOSTON.
BY F. M. PRATT,
FORMERLY OF THE AMERICAN HOUSE.
October 9, 1867.—1y

Coal, Lumber, Lime, &c.

GETTYSBURG LIME KILNS.

THE undersigned has bought out his former partner, WM. GUINN, and now continues the

THE LIME-BURNING BUSINESS

himself—at the Gettysburg Lime Kilns, on the corner of the Railroad and North Stratton street. Thankful for past patronage, he will endeavor to deserve its continuance, by prosecuting the business as vigorously and on as large a scale as possible—always selling a good article and giving good measure. Farmers and others may look for the prompt filling of orders.

He also continues the

COAL BUSINESS,

offering the most popular kinds. Housekeepers and others should give him a call. Blacksmith Coal constantly on hand.

Lime and Coal delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.
Gettysburg, Nov. 20, 1867.—tf JACOB KEILEY.

Photograph Galleries.

EXCELSIOR GALLERY

PHOTOGRAPHS,
PHOTO MINIATURES
AMBROTYPES, &c., &.,
Stereoscopic Views of the
BATTLE-FIELD,
STEREOSCOPES,
PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES,
AND
ALBUMS
IN
GREAT VARIETY,
AND AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

☞We deal in nothing but the best of its kind. Call and examine our stock. C. J. TYSON,
April 1, 1868.—tf Proprietor.

REMOVAL!
THE GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally that he has removed from his old rooms on West Middle street, to Baltimore street and nearly opposite the store of Fahnestock Brothers. The room he now occupies, has been recently fitted up expressly for his business. The location is an admirable one, enabling him to take pictures in all shades of weather, and with a correctness unequalled any where else.

LIFE-LIKE PHOTOGRAPHS,
of every size and description, executed in the finest style, particular attention given to the CARTE-DE-VISITE, and in copying AMBROTYPES and DAGUERREOTYPES of deceased friends. Also—
THE GETTYSBURG GEMS,
a new style of picture which has become very popular with the public, not only for their beauty, but for cheapness and convenience. SIXTEEN for ONE DOLLAR only. Also—THE PORCELAIN PICTURES, which for their beauty and durability are unsurpassed.
June 21, 1868. LEVI MUMPER.

Carriages, Harness, &c.

DAVID McCREARY. JOHN F McCREARY

"Best always Cheapest."

THE Best and Cheapest,
SADDLES,
BRIDLES,
COLLARS and,
HARNESS of all kinds, in the County
are always to be found at the old and well known stand, Baltimore st., opposite the Presbyterian Church.
(McCREARY'S.)

Our Riding and Wagon Saddles, are the most substantially built and neatest.
Our Harness, (*plain and silver mounted,*) are complete in every respect and warranted to be of the very best material and workmanship.
Our upper leather Draft Collars, CAN NOT BE BEAT. They are the best FITTING and most durable.
Our Heavy Draft Harness, are made to order, as cheap as they can be made anywhere and in the most substantial manner.
Riding Bridles, Whips, Lashes, Draft Hames, Fly-nets and everything in the line; *None better or cheaper.*
Our prices have been REDUCED to the lowest living standard.
A liberal percentage for cash, off all bills amounting to $5 or more.
We work nothing but the best of stock and will warrant every article turned out to be in every respect as represented.
Thankful for past favors we invite attention to our present stock.
☞Give us a call and examine PRICES AND QUALITY.
Jan. 29, 1868.—tf D. McCREARY & SON.

CARRIAGE-MAKING RESUMED.

The war being over, the undersigned have resumed the

CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS.

at their old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C.,

on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices, and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

☞REPAIRING☜ done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.
May 29.—tf DANNER & ZIEGLER.

Buggies and Carriages.
REMOVAL.

THE undersigned has removed his Carriage-making shop to the east end of Middle street, Gettysburg, Pa., where he will continue to build all kinds of work in his line, viz:

CARRIAGES, TROTTING & FALLING-TOP BUGGIES, JAGGER WAGONS, &C., &C.

His work is all put up of good material and by the best of mechanics, and cannot fail to give satisfaction. His prices are always reasonable. He solicits its orders, confident that he can please.

REPAIRING promptly done, at moderate rates.
July 1, 1868.—1y W. K. GALLAGHER.

Adams County Ahead!

THE EXCELSIOR PATENT FLY-NET,
Manufactured entirely of Leather, and much neater than Cotton or Linen Nets. For service unsurpassed.
PATENTED FEBRUARY 18TH, 1868,
BY BURKHOLDER, WORLEY & GROVE.

J. L. WORLEY, Sole Agent for the *EXCELSIOR PATENT NET* for Adams county,

HAS constantly on hand manufactured Nets of the above Patent. Also,
SADDLES,
HARNESS,
COLLARS,
BRIDLES,
WHIPS,
TRUNKS,
BLANKETS,
BELLS,
AND EVERYTHING,
pertaining to a Horse furnishing establishment.
☞AGENTS WANTED to sell Territory for Patent Nets, also to sell Nets on commission in the County. All communications should be addressed to
J. L. WORLEY,
York Sulphur Springs, Adams co., Pa.
April 1, 1868.—tf

CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES.

PERRY J. TATE

is now building a variety of COACH WORK of the latest and most approved styles, and constructed of the best material, to which he invites the attention of buyers. Having built his work with great care, and of material selected with special reference to beauty of style and durability, he can confidently recommend the work as unsurpassed by any other in or out of the cities. All he asks is an inspection of his work, to convince those in want of any kind of a vehicle that this is the place to buy them.

☞REPAIRING in every branch done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Give me a call at my Factory, near the corner of Washington and Chambersburg street Gettysburg, Pa.
June 12, 1867.—tf

Cabinet Making.

FURNITURE.

D. C. SHEAFFER
PETERSBURG, (Y. S.,) PENNA.,
Is prepared to offer to the Public, anything in his line as cheap as can be had in the county.
☞Purchasers will do well to call and examine my stock before buying elsewhere.

FURNITURE
made to order. Repairing done neat, cheap and with dispatch.
Jan. 22, 1868.—tf

Medical.

Hoofland's German Bitters,
AND
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.
The Great Remedies for all Diseases of the
LIVER, STOMACH, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

Hoofland's German Bitters

Is composed of the pure juices (or, as they are medicinally termed, *Extracts*) of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, making a preparation, highly concentrated, and entirely *free from alcoholic admixture of any kind.*

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC

Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters with the purest quality of *Santa Cruz Rum*, Orange, &c., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.

Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

Those who have no objection to the combination of the Bitters, as stated, will use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

They are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues, the choice between the two being a mere matter of taste, the Tonic being the most palatable.

The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, etc., is very apt to have its functions deranged. The Liver, sympathizing as closely as it does with the Stomach, then becomes affected, the result of which is that the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases:

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heart-burn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

The sufferer from these diseases should exercise the greatest caution in the selection of a remedy for his case, purchasing only that which he is assured from his investigations and inquiries possesses true merit, is skilfully compounded, is free from injurious ingredients, and has established for itself a reputation for the cure of these diseases. In this connection we would submit those well-known remedies—

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
AND
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.
PREPARED BY Dr. C. M. JACKSON,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Twenty-two years since they were first introduced into this country from Germany, during which time they have undoubtedly performed more cures, and benefited suffering humanity to a greater extent, than any other remedies known to the public.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhœa, Disease of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.

DEBILITY,
Resulting from any Cause whatever;
PROSTRATION OF THE SYSTEM,
induced by Severe Labor, Hardships, Exposure, Fevers, etc.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole system, the appetite is strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests promptly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.

PERSONS ADVANCED IN LIFE,

And feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this BITTERS, or the TONIC, an elixir that will instil new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

NOTICE.

It is a well-established fact that fully one-half of the female portion of our population are seldom in the enjoyment of good health; or, to use their own expression, "never feel well." They are languid, devoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have no appetite.

To this class of persons the BITTERS, or the TONIC, is especially recommended.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN

Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies They will cure every case of MARASMUS, without fail.

Thousands of certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of the publication of but a few. Those, it will be observed, are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.

TESTIMONIALS.

HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD,
Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Penna., writes:
Philadelphia, March 16, 1867.
"I find 'Hoofland's German Bitters' is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility, and want of nervous action in the system. Yours, truly,
GEO. W. WOODWARD."

HON. JAMES THOMPSON,
Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.
Philadelphia, April 28, 1866.
"I consider 'Hoofland's German Bitters' a *valuable medicine* in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, I can certify this from my experience of it.
Yours, with respect,
JAMES THOMPSON."

FROM REV. JOSEPH H. KENNARD, D. D.,
Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.
Dr. Jackson—Dear Sir:—I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, *for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation.* In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.
Yours, very respectfully,
J. H. KENNARD,
Eighth, below Coates st.

FROM REV. E. D. FENDALL,
Assistant Editor Christian Chronicle, Philadelphia.
I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic, to all who are suffering from general debility or from diseases arising from derangement of the liver. Yours, truly,
E. D. FENDALL.

CAUTION.

Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. See that the signature of C. M. JACKSON is on the wrapper of each bottle. All others are counterfeit.
Principal Office and Manufactory at the German Medicine Store, No 631 ARCH street, Philadelphia, Pa.
CHARLES M. EVANS, Proprietor,
Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO.

PRICES.

Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle,	$1 00
" " " half dozen,	5 00
Hoofland's German Tonic, put up in quart bottles, per bottle, or a half dozen for $7 50.	$1 00

☞Do not forget to examine well the article you buy in order to get the genuine. [Jan. 15, 1868.—1y
For sale by all Druggists and dealers in medicines.

Watches and Jewelry.

REMOVAL!

The firm of SOPER & McCARTNEY have removed to North Baltimore street, next door to Spangler's Shoe Store. We have on hand a choice assortment of

CLOCKS, WATCHES,
(Gold and Silver,)
JEWELRY,
of all kinds and latest styles, Silver and Plated Ware also, fine Gold, Silver and Steel
SPECTACLES
of the best manufacture. Also, Violins, Guitars, Accordeons, Flutes, Fifes, &c., Violin and Guitar Strings Keys, &c.
All kinds of Repairing in our line done at as reasonable prices as elsewhere, and warranted.
☞Thankful for past favors, we solicit a continuance of same. SOPER & McCARTNEY.
June 17, 1868.—1f

ISAAC K. STAUFFER,
Watchmaker and Jeweler,
No. 148 North 2d st., corner of Quarry
PHILADELPHIA.
An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware constantly on hand.
SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS!
☞Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to. [Nov. 27, 1867.—1y

The Star and Sentinel.

ALL'S FOR THE BEST.

All's for the best! be sanguine and cheerful,
Trouble and sorrow are friends in disguise;
Nothing but folly goes faithless and fearful;
Courage forever is happy and wise.
All's for the best—if a man would but know it,
Providence wishes us all to be blest;
This is no dream of the pundit or poet;
Heaven is gracious and—all's for the best!

All's for the best! set this on your standard,
Soldier of sadness, or pilgrim of love,
Who to the shores of despair may have wandered,
A way-weary swallow or heart stricken dove;
All's for the best—be a man, but confiding,
Providence tenderly governs the rest,
And the frail bark of his creature is guiding
Wisely and kindly—all's for the best.

All's for the best! then fling away terrors,
Meet all your fears and woes in the van,
And in the midst of your dangers or errors
Trust like a child while you strive like a man.
All's for the best—unbiassed, unbounded,
Providence reigns from the east to the west,
And by both mercy and wisdom surrounded,
Hope and be happy that all's for the best.

GEN. GRANT.

A NEW BIOGRAPHY.

Considerable interest has been excited by the announcement of a new life of General Grant, by Mr. Charles A. Dana and General James H. Wilson. We give a few extracts from the advance sheets of the book:

HIS APPEARANCE AND MANNERS.

"Grant is somewhat under the medium size, though his body is closely and powerfully built. His feet and hands are small and neatly shaped; his dress is plain and exceedingly unostentatious; his eyes are large, deep, leonine, and very strong, equally capable of blazing with a resolution that nothing can withstand, and of shining with the steady light of benevolence and amiability. His fibre is like that of steel wire, elastic, close grained and enduring; his temperament is admirably compounded of the sanguine, nervous and lymphatic, but the last in such proportion as to tone down and hold in equilibrium the other two, perfecting both mental and physical organization. His capacity for labor surpasses comprehension; neither mental nor physical exertion seems to produce the least wear and tear in his case. He rides at a dashing speed for hour after hour, and day after day, with the same ease with which he plans a battle or issues the instructions for a campaign. There is no noise or clash or clangor in the man; his voice is as quiet and orderly as a woman's, and his language judiciously and tastefully chosen. He was never heard to give utterance to a rude word or a vulgar jest; no oath or fierce, fiery imprecation has ever escaped his lips. No thundering order, no unfeeling or undignified speech, and no thoughtless or ill-natured criticism ever fell from him. When angry, which is rarely the case, or at least he rarely shows his anger, he speaks with a well ordered but subdued vehemence, displaying his passion by compressed lips and earnest flash of the eye. But it must be said of him that of all men he is the slowest to anger. He has been heard to say that even under the severest insult he never became indignant till a week after the offence had been given, and then only at himself for not having sooner discovered that he had been insulted or misused. This arises rather from an unconscious self-abnegation than from any incapacity for choler.

"It is precisely this quality which has made him so successful in the personal questions which have arisen between him and his subordinates. They have usually mistaken his slowness for dulness or a lack of spirit, and have discovered their mistake only after becoming rash and committing a fatal error. Grant is as unsuspicious and pure-hearted as a child, and as free from harmful intention; but he is stirred to the very depths of his nature by an act of inhumanity or brutality of any sort; while meanness, or ingratitude, or uncharitableness, excites him to the display of the liveliest indignation. He is not slow in the exhibition of contempt or disgust for whatever is unmanly or unbecoming.

KINDNESS TO SUBODINATES.

"In issuing orders to his subordinates, or in asking a service at the hands of a staff-officer, he is always scrupulously polite and respectful in manner, and orders or requests rather as he would ask a friend to oblige him personally than as a military commander whose word is law. His consideration for those about him is admirably shown by the following incident: On the night after the battle of Mission Ridge, while returning from the front to his headquarters at Chattanooga, he desired to know what had become of Sheridan's division, which had been reported at noon as engaged in building a bridge across the Chickamauga at Mission Mills; and although it was then after midnight he requested one of his staff to obtain the desired information. The officer, after a long and tiresome ride, reported at headquarters just at sunrise, and found the General not yet asleep. It seems that in returning to Chattanooga, at about one o'clock, he found a full explanation of the day's operations, and instead of going to sleep he spent the rest of the night in thinking of the long and tedious ride he had required from his officer, all for no purpose, as he expressed it. Such solicitude for the comfort of others, it is needless to say, was rare, even among the most humane of our generals. Many of them would not have hesitated to save themselves even the slightest trouble at the expense of others; and not a few would have given themselves scarce a moment's thought had an aid-de-camp been killed, much less if he had only gone on a long and difficult ride upon a wintry night.

HABITS, TASTES AND MENTAL CHARACTERISTICS.

Grant's personal habits and tastes are exceedingly simple; he despises the pomp and show of empty parade, and in his severe simplicity and manly pride he scorns all adventitious aids to popularity. He lives plainly himself, and cannot tolerate ostentation or extravagance in those about him. His mess was never luxurious, though always bountifully furnished with army rations, and such supplies as could be transported readily and easily in the limited number of wagons that he permitted to follow his headquarters. His appetites are all under perfect control. He is very abstemious, and during his entire western campaign the officers of his staff were forbidden to bring wines or liquors into camp. He has been represented as one of the most taciturn of men, and in one respect he is such. He never divulges his thoughts till they are matured, and never aspires to speech making; and even in private conversation he falls into silence if he suspects that he is likely to be reported. He is the most modest of men, and nothing annoys him more than a loud parade of personal opinion or personal vanity; but with his intimate friends, either at home or around the camp fire, he talks upon all subjects, not only fluently and copiously, but in the most charming and good-natured manner. His life has been too busy to read history or technical works, but he has always been a close and careful reader of the newspapers. He has a retentive memory, and is deeply interested in all matters which concern the interests of humanity, and particularly his own country. Upon all such subjects, in fact, upon all the vital qustions of the day, he thinks carefully and profoundly, and expresses himself with great ease and good sense. His understanding is that incisive character that soon probes a question to the bottom, no matter how much the politicians and newspapers may labor to confuse it; while his judgment is so deliberate, honest and truthful in its operations that it may be implicitly relied upon to arrive at a fair and unbiased conclusion. His memory is stored with personal incidents illustrative of men and manners in all parts of the country, showing that he has evidently been a profound student of human nature throughout life; his appreciation of men and character has never been surpassed. This was well shown in the reorganization of the army after he became lieutenant-general. It is well known that he did not fail in a single instance, where a change was made, in putting the right man in the right place. This was due neither to chance nor snap judgment, but to his habit of careful observation. He warms towards a bold, outspoken and loyal nature; full of ardor and zeal himself, he naturally admires these qualities in others. He has no patience with a weak, complaining and selfish disposition, and cannot endure double-dealing or indirectness of any sort. Straightforward and frank in all things himself, he respects these qualities wherever they are found. Indeed, the most striking peculiarity of his nature, both as a man and a general, is a profound and undeviating truthfulness in all things. Those who have known him best will bear a willing testimony to the statement that he never told a falsehood, or made a voluntary misrepresentation of fact, and will believe us that it would be almost as impossible for him to do so as for the needle to forget its fidelity to the pole.

MORAL QUALITIES.

"He is a true friend and a magnanimous enemy. His liberality is boundless, and his charity as broad as humanity itself. He has neither vanity nor selfish ambition; no promotion has ever been sought by him, and none has ever turned his head or changed his character in the slightest degree. Naturally a strong believer in the goodness of Providence as exerted in the affairs of mankind, he yet possesses none of that blind fatalism which has at times characterized military chieftains. So confident was he in the moral strength and rectitude of our cause, and the superior intelligence and endurance of the northern people, that he never, even in the darkest hour, despaired of a united and prosperous country. In this respect he is a perfect embodiment of the great American characteristic, faith in the manifest destiny of the Republic.

GRANT'S PLACE AMONG GREAT GENERALS.

"'We rarely find,' said Napoleon, 'combined in the same person, all the qualities necessary to constitute a great general.—The most desirable is that a man's judgment should be in equilibrium with his courage; that raises him at once above the common level. It courage be a general's predominating quality, he will rashly embark in enterprises above his conception; and on the other hand, he will not venture to carry his ideas into effect, if his character or courage be inferior to his judgment.' By way of illustrating this principle, Napoleon went on to assert that it was impossible for Murat and Ney not to be brave, but added that 'no men ever possessed less judgment.' Speaking of moral courage, he said: 'I have very rarely met the two-o'clock-in-the-morning courage; I mean unprepared courage; that which is necessary on an unexpected occasion. Kleber was endowed with the highest talents, but was merely the man of the moment, and pursued glory as the only road to employment, while Dessaix possessed in a very superior degree the important equilibrium just described.'

"Marshal Marmont classifies generals into four categories, counting first 'those who have never lost a battle, whose courage and judgment were equal to every emergency,' such as Alexander and Caesar in ancient times, and Gustavus Adophus, Turenne, Conde, Luxembourg, and Napoleon till 1812, in modern times.' In the second class he places 'those who, if they have often gained victories, have sometimes lost them,' in spite of desperate fighting and good generalship. Among these are the Archduke Charles, Suwarrow and Wellington. The third category contains those 'generals who have been habitually unfortunate in war, but have never allowed their armies to be destroyed, nor been personally discouraged, always offering a menacing front and impressing the enemy with fear.' Such in ancient times were Sertorius and Mithridates, and in more modern times Wallenstein and William III. of England. Finally, the fourth category contains 'that numerous class, common to every country and every epoch, who have lost their armies without serious fighting, or without making the enemy pay dearly for his victory.' In describing the qualities of a great leader, Marmont speaks of a union of intelligence and courage, but prefers, if either be in excess, that it should be courage, for reasons which are obvious. Another writer declares that the distinctive characteristic of genius is the apparent ease and simplicity with which it accomplishes the most difficult things.—Now, let Grant be tried by these rules, and what rank must be assigned to him in history? Where must he be placed? Clearly in the highest category of great soldiers; but in order that this may be still further beyond the pale of dispute, let us consider the grounds for this conclusion somewhat more in detail.

THE ARMY OF THE TENNESSEE.

"In the routine and detail of duty, and in the minor matters of discipline and organization, the army of the Potomac was undoubtedly superior to either of the others. But in the subordination of its generals, in the promptitude, zeal and energy of its lower officers, in the self-reliance, earnestness and physical characteristics of the rank and file, in short, in every moral military quality, the army of the Tennessee has never been excelled. No general ever more successfully impressed his own character upon an army than Grant did his upon the one which grew up so silently under his care.—No army was ever more loyal to its chief, or more clearly embodied the spirit of the people from which it sprung. It is a curious fact, too, not otherwise sufficiently accounted for, that it is the only army organized with the war, and continuing in existence until the establishment of peace, which, as a whole, never suffered a defeat. Its endurance and courage were unconquerable, so much so that before the war had terminated, it came to be a boast in its ranks that it was sure to win any battle that lasted over one day, no matter what the odds or who the enemy. Officers and men seemed to be endowed with the gift of persistency to a degree never surpassed except by their commander. As an organizer, Grant's reputation must continue to increase the more his performances in this direction become known.

GRANT A GREAT STRATEGIST.

"The attention of the reader has already been called to his recommendation of a united command in the Mississippi Valley, and to the tardy action of the government in carrying this recommendation into effect. It is hardly necessary now to say that this combination was the foundation of all our substantial victories, not only in the West, but throughout the entire theatre of war.—Fort Donelson was won by celebrity, audacity and heroic resolution; Shiloh by stubborn and unconquerable heroism; Vicksburg by the most brilliant and original strategy, by rapid marching, judicious combination and self reliance, which remind one of the invasion of Russia by Charles XII, or of the vigor displayed in Bonaparte's campaign of 1796; but it must not be forgotten that Charles lost his army at Pultoua, and that Bonaparte did not cut loose from his base and plunge headlong into the interior of the hostile country; but by a judicious and well-formed plan of operations he broke through the enemy's lines at such a point as to retain his communications with France constantly uninterrupted, while by rapid combinations and severe battles he drove these lines before him. But Grant, in the Vicksburg campaign, boldly threw himself into the midst of hostile forces, leaving an army entirely behind him, until he had seized the most important point in the theatre of operations, and then turned upon and defeated that army, and drove it into the fortifications from which it was destined never to emerge except at the will of its conqueror. The closing victories of the war were won by a rare combination of military agencies. The consolidation of four vast territorial departments into one grand military division, enabled Grant to concentrate at Chattanooga a splendid army, heavily outnumbering the enemy; and it should be remembered that Providence favors strong battalions. By a series of strategic and strong tactical combinations, these superior numbers were so directed upon the field of battle as to take the enemy at disadvantage, striking him in flank, and actually getting closer to his base of supplies than his base was to his own headquarters.

"The Atlanta campaign and the march to the sea; selection of Sheridan, and the formation of the middle military division; consolidation of the western cavalry; the establishment of the military division of the West Mississippi, under Canby, followed by the capaign of Mobile; Sherman's grand holiday excursion and picnic party through the Carolinas, again severing the the southern territory, isolating and scattering its armies, breaking its communications, and eating out the vitals of the Confederacy; and lastly, but not least, the magnificent campaign of the Army of the Potomac, from the Rapidan to the James, and from Petersburg to Appomattox Courthouse, bear ample testimony not only to the grandeur of Grant's conceptions, but to the heroic and unshakable resolutions with which he carried them into effect. There was no defeat in all this, no hesitation, no doubting, but the clearest comprehension of the ends to be aimed at, the most careful preparation of materials, and the most perfect confidence in the men and means by which they were to be attained.

"No modern general except Bonaparte ever wielded such vast and prolonged power; and not even that great conqueror displayed such remarkaple sagacity in his organizations and selection of subordinates. Massena and Soult were driven from Spain; McDonald was overwhelmed at Katzbach; Marmont was defeated at Montmartre, and Napoleon himself was driven from Russia, beaten at Leipsic, and, finally, after a series of unaccountable blunders, was hurled from his throne, recovering it again only to repeat his blunders and meet an ignominious fate.

"But Grant knew that no genius, however remarkable, could sufficiently command the national armies in a war of such magnitude without the assistance of lieutenants who could be trusted, "to make their own orders" for the emergencies that were sure to arise. He therefore gave more thought to the proper organization and direction of armies upon the vital points of the enemy's territory and lines, and to the selection of men competent to command them, than to issuing the detailed orders of the battle. Neither Sherman, nor Sheridan, nor Thomas, nor Canby ever failed him, and had circumstances enabled him to devote himself exclusively to the command of the army of the Potomac, he would doubtless have displayed as much skill in the tactics of battle as he did in the strategy of campaigns.

"The quick judgment by which he discovered the enemy's plan to evacuate Fort Donelson, and the sudden resolution which he based thereupon, to attack at once, are evidences of something more than aggressive temper or mere brute courage. The tactics of Lookout Mountain, Chattanooga Valley and Mission Ridge have never been surpassed. The tactics, or more properly, the grand tactics displayed during the overland campaign, are worthy of the highest commendation, and had the execution of details been as faultless as the conception of the movements, there would have been nothing to regret. But it was precisely in the details with which Grant studiously avoided interfering that the greatest and in fact the only failures took place. Grant's conduct at Belmont, Fort Donelson, Shiloh, Vicksburg and in the Wilderness was all that could have been wished, and shows beyond chance of dispute that he possesses in the highest degree that "two-o'clock-in-the-morning courage" which Napoleon declared to be the rarest thing among generals, while his conception and execution of the Vicksburg campaign are proof that his judgment is in exact equilibrium with his courage. His unvaried course of success through four years of warfare shows that he is entitled to be ranked in the category of generals who never lost a campaign or a battle, and the easy simplicity with which he did the most extraordinary things, points strongly to the possession of remarkable genius far war."

* * *

ONLY ME.—A mother had two little children, both girls—the elder a fair child, the younger a beauty and a mother's pet. Her whole love centered in it. The elder was neglected, while "Sweet," (the pet name of the younger) received every attention that love could bestow. One day, after a severe illness, the mother was sitting in the parlor, when she heard a childish step on the stairs, and her thoughts were instantly with the favorite.

"Is that you, Sweet?" she inquired.

"No, mamma," was the sad and touching reply, "it isn't Sweet, it is only me!"

The mother's heart smote her, and from that hour "only me" was restored to an equal place in her affections.

HOW HE EARNED A WIFE.

BY MARY GRACE HALPINE.

"And so you want to marry my daughter, young man," said farmer Blifkins, removing the pipe from his mouth, and looking at the young fellow sharply from head to toe.

Despite his rather indolent effeminate air, which was mainly the result of his education, Luke Jordan was a fine looking fellow, and not easily moved from his self-possession; but he colored and grew confused beneath that sharp scrutinizing look.

"Yes, sir. I spoke to Miss Mary last evening, and she—she referred me to you."

The old man's face softened.

"Molly is a good girl, a *very* good girl," he said stroking his chin with a thoughtful air, "and she deserves a good husband.—What can you do?"

The young man looked rather blank at this abrupt inquiry.

"If you refer to my ability to support a wife, I can assure you———."

"I know that you are a rich man, Luke Jordan, but I take it for granted that you ask my girl to marry *you*, not your property. What gurantee can you give me, in case it should be swept away—as it is in thousands of instances—that you could provide for her a comfortable home? You have hands and brains—do you know how to use them? Again I ask, what can you *do*?"

This was a style of catechism for which Luke was quite unprepare, and he stared blankly at the questioner without speaking.

"I believe you managed to get thro' college—have you any profession?"

"No, sir; I thought———"

"Have you any trade?"

"No sir; my father thought that, with the wealth I should inherit, I should not need any."

"Your father thought like a fool, then.—He'd much better have given you some honest occupation and cut you off with a shilling—it might have been the making of you. As it is, what are you fit for? Here you are a strong, able-bodied man, twenty-four years old, and never earned a dollar in your life! You ought to be ashamed of yourself."

"And you want to marry my daughter," resumed the old man, after a few vigorous puffs at his pipe? "Now I've given Molly as good advantages for learning as any girl in town, and she han't thrown 'em away; but if she didn't know how to work, she'd be no daughter of mine. If I chose, I could keep more than one servant; but I don't, no more than I choose that my daughter should be a pale, spiritless creature, full of dyspepsia and all manner of fine-lady ailments, instead of the smiling, bright-eyed, rosy cheeked lass she is. I *did* say that she should marry no lad that had been cursed with a rich father; but she's taken a foolish liking to ye, and I'll tell ye what I'll do; go to work, and prove yourself to be a man; perfect yourself in some occupation—I don't care what, so it be honest; then come to me, and if the girl is willing, she is yours."

As the old man said this, he deliberately knocked the ashes out of his pipe against one of the pillars of the porch where he was sitting, tucked it into his vest-pocket, and went into the house.

Pretty Mary Blifkins was waiting to see her lover down at the garden gate, their usual trystring place. The smiling light faded from her eyes as she noticed his sober, discomfited look.

"Father means well," she said, as Luke told her the result of his application.

"And I'm not sure but what he is right," she resumed, after a thoughtful pause, "for it seems to me that every man, be he rich or poor, ought to have some occupation."

Then, as she noticed her lover's grave look, she added, softly:

"Never mind; I'll wait for you, Luke."

Luke Jordan suddenly disappeared from his accustomed haunts, much to the surprise of his gay associates. But, wherever he went, he carried with him in his exile those words, and which were like a tower of strength to his soul, "I'll wait for you Luke."

One pleasant, sunshiny morning, late in October, as farmer Blifkins was propping up the grape-vine in his front yard, that threatened to break down with the weight of its luxurious burden, a neat looking cart drove up, from which Luke Jordan alighted with a quick, elastic spring, quite in contrast to his former easy, leisurely movements.

"Good morning, Mr. Blifkins. I understood that you wanted to buy some butter tubs and cider barrels. Think I have some here that will just suit you."

"Whose make are they?" inquired the old man, as, opening the gate, he paused by the wagon.

"Mine," replied Luke, with an air of pardonable pride; "and I challenge any Cooper in the State to beat them."

Mr. Blifkins examined them critically one by one.

"They'll do," he said, coolly, as he set down the last of the lot. "What will you take for them?"

"What I asked you for six months ago to-day—your daughter, sir."

The roguish twinkle in the old man's eyes broadened into a smile.

"You've got the right metal in you after all," he cried. "Come in lad—come in; I should'nt wonder if we made a trade after all."

Nothing loth, Luke obeyed.

"Molly!" bawled Mr. Blifkins, thrusting his head into the kitchen door.

Molly tripped out into the entry. The round white arms were bared above the elbows, and bore traces of the flour she had been sifting. Her dress was a neat gingham, over which was tied a blue checked apron; but she looked winning and lovely as she always did wherever she was found.

She blushed and smiled as she saw Luke, and then turning her eyes upon her father, waited dutifully to hear what he had to say.

The old man regarded the daughter quizzically.

"Molly, this young man—mayhap you've seen him before—has brought me a lot of tubs and barrels, all of his own make—a right good article, too. He asks a pretty steep price for 'em—but if you are willing to give it, well and good; and hark ye, my girl, whatever bargain you make, your old father will ratify."

As Mr. Blifkins said this, he considerately stepped out of the room, and we will follow his example. But the kind of bargain the young people made can readily be imagined by the speedy wedding which followed.

Luke Jordan turned his attention to the study of medicine, of which profession he became a useful and influential member; but every year, on the anniversary of his marriage, he delighted his father-in-law by some specimen of the handicraft by which he won what *he* declares to be "the best and dearest wife in the world."

* * *

A SISTER'S INFLUENCE.—"That man has grown up among kind and loving sisters," I once heard a lady remark. "And why do you think so?" said I. "Because of the rich development of all the tender feelings of the heart, which are so apparent in every word." A sister's influence is felt even in manhood's later years, and the heart of him who has grown cold with its contact with the world, will warm and thrill with pure enjoyment as some incident awakes within the soft tones and glad melodies of his sister's voice. And he will turn from purposes warped and false philosophy has reasoned into expediency and weep for the gentle influence which loved him in his earlier years.

* * *

THE man who waxes strong every day—The shoemaker.

The Star & Sentinel.

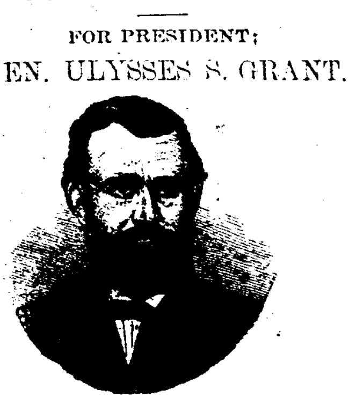
Friday, Sept. 25, 1868.

Advertisers and others interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 11,000 persons.

☞ Advertisements, to secure immediate attention must be handed in on or before Thursday morning.

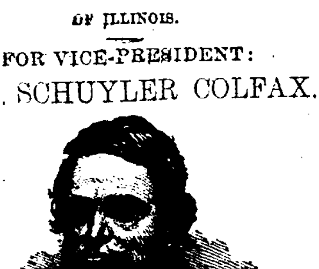
OUR CANDIDATES.

FOR PRESIDENT;
GEN. ULYSSES S. GRANT.



OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:
HON. SCHUYLER COLFAX.



OF INDIANA.

STATE TICKET.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL
GEN. JOHN F. HARTRANFT.
FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL
GEN. JACOB M. CAMPBELL.

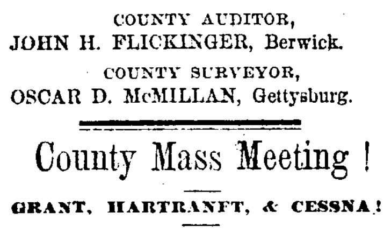
Republican County Ticket.

CONGRESS,
Hon. JOHN CESSNA, of Bedford co.
SENATOR,
Col. WM. D. DIXON, of Franklin co.
ASSEMBLY,
CHARLES G. MILLER, Mountpleasant tp
ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
JOHN PICKING, East Berlin,
PROTHONOTARY,
JACOB A. KITZMILLER, Gettysburg.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
A. J. COVER, Gettysburg.
COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
JACOB G. BASEHOAR, Union tp.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
EPHRAIM D. NEWMAN, Franklin tp.
COUNTY AUDITOR,
JOHN H. FLICKINGER, Berwick.
COUNTY SURVEYOR,
OSCAR D. McMILLAN, Gettysburg.

County Mass Meeting!

GRANT, HARTRANFT, & CESSNA!!

PEACE, ECONOMY, AND INDUSTRY!!!



The Republican State Committee have called a County MASS MEETING in GETTYSBURG, on WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 7th.

The following distinguished gentlemen will positively be present:

GEN. N. P. BANKS of Massachusetts.

GOV. JOHN W. GEARY.

P. FRAZER SMITH, Esq., of West Chester.

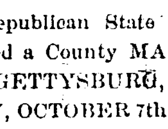
CLINTON LLOYD, Esq., of Williamsport.

Arrangements have been made for the attendance of the several organizations of the "Boys in Blue."

Delegations of loyal voters from all parts of the county may be confidently expected.

Make one more fight, win one more victory, and rescue your country from the grasp of its enemies.

GRANT & COLFAX.



HON. JOHN CESSNA,

the Republican candidate for Congress, will speak in
FAIRFIELD, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 28.
ABBOTTSTOWN, TUESDAY, " 29.
YORK SPRINGS, WEDNESDAY, " 30.
BENDERSVILLE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 1.
LITTLESTOWN, FRIDAY, " 2.

All the Meetings will be held in the Evening at 7½ o'clock.

These will be the only opportunities to hear Mr. CESSNA before the election. Let the people turn out in force to hear this eloquent champion of our principles.

VERMONT AND MAINE HAVE SPOKEN—PENNSYLVANIA WILL SPEAK NEXT.

By order of the County Committee.
EDWARD McPHERSON, Chairman.

Sept. 18, 1868.

☞ A delegation of the "BOYS IN BLUE" of Gettysburg, with capes, caps, and torches, will attend the Petersburg meeting.

ARE YOU ASSESSED?

Let every Republican voter see to it personally that his name is on the Assessor's list, and if not have it put there at once. Every year votes are lost by the negligence, oversight, or wilful omission, of Assessors. The lists are all now prepared and put up for public inspection, or ought to be, at the various election polls. Do not take it for granted that your name is there, but go in person or have some friend do so for you. See to it also that your Republican neighbor is assessed. And above all, watch sharply for fraudulent assessment along the borders. Maryland Rebels and non residents must not be allowed to corrupt the ballot-box in Adams county.

CAPT. CHARLES G. MILLER, a wounded soldier, ought to be our Assemblyman, even if he is "only a blacksmith," as Dr. DILL contemptuously calls him.

THE Democratic "whiskey ring" has, by just estimate, swindled the Government out of $300,000,000. Vote for GRANT.

MECHANICS! Assert your manhood by resenting Dr. DILL's insult upon your calling!

OUR CANDIDATE FOR SENATE.

HIS RECORD.

We had the pleasure this week of making the personal acquaintance of Col. WILLIAM D. DIXON, the Republican nominee for State Senate, who came over to look at our Fair and make the acquaintance of our people. Col. DIXON is a modest, retiring, unassuming gentleman, who bears upon his face the impress of essential honesty, and will make a reliable Legislator. His public record, like his private character, is not only beyond reproach, but such as to command popular confidence.

On the outbreak of the Rebellion, Col. DIXON was engaged in Mercantile business at St. Thomas, Franklin county, his partner being Col. ELDER. As the telegram announcing the firing on Fort Sumpter flashed over the country, both promptly offered their services to the Government. The store was left to take care of itself, in the pressing call of the country for volunteers to meet the shock of armed Rebellion. Col. DIXON not only volunteered himself, but set to work to get others to follow him—raised a Company—was commissioned Captain on the 18th of April, 1861—and served gallantly through the War with the famous Pennsylvania Reserves, participating in all the hard-fought battles down to the terrific struggle at Coal Harbor. He was promoted to Lieutenant Colonel of the 6th Reserves, Sept. 13, 1862, for gallant services at Fredericksburg—was made Colonel for gallant services at the Battle of Gettysburg, participating in the brilliant charge made by the Reserves, under Gen. CRAWFORD, during the second day's fight, which broke the Rebel lines at Round Top and ended the day's fight, receiving a bullet wound in the face. His regiment participated in the terrific fights in the Wilderness, from whence GRANT sent back the famous despatch announcing his purpose to "fight it out on this line, if it takes all summer." For gallant services at Spotsylvania Court-house, Col. DIXON was brevetted Brigadier General. In June, 1864, the Reserves were mustered out, and Col. DIXON returned home, to find what was left of his store pillaged by McCAUSLAN's brigands, who passed through St. Thomas after burning Chambersburg.

Col. DIXON, like a true soldier, is reluctant to speak of his military services—thinks he only did his duty—and esteems the sacrifices made by him a light contribution to his country in its hour of trial. He is a candidate now not by his own agency, but because the Republicans of the district demand his services.

Such is Col. DIXON. We have scattered all over the county veterans of the Reserve Corps who know all about him, and who will remember him when they go to the polls.

His opponent is CALVIN M. DUNCAN, of Chambersburg, who had the good fortune to receive from a rich relative sufficient fortune to enable him to live at ease. Mr. DUNCAN either couldn't see anything in the War demanding his services, or didn't like the smell of gunpowder. At all events, while Col. DIXON was perilling his life and all in behalf of the Government, standing up bravely amid the crash of shot and shell for three long years of earnest determination to put down the Rebellion, Mr. DUNCAN saw fit to keep out of all danger—stayed at home, enjoying the luxuries which wealth can command, and making money. Mr. DUNCAN now asks to be sent to the State Senate, instead of Col. DIXON.

Voters of the 16th Senatorial District, which do you prefer? DIXON, the fighting soldier; or DUNCAN, the stay at-home Copperhead?

NOW FOR PENNSYLVANIA.

The Republican victories in Vermont and Maine show what earnest work and thorough organization can accomplish. The Democracy are demoralised by the outrageous policy of their Rebel-Copperhead leaders, and thousands are ready to vote for Grant and Colfax, as the only sure means of securing Peace for the country. Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana are to speak next, and all three will follow in the wake of Vermont and Maine, if the Republicans do their duty. The October elections will largely settle the Presidential struggle. In every table put forth by the Democracy, they find it necessary to put down all three of these States for Seymour in order to elect him. If but *one* goes for the Republicans in October their table is knocked into *pie*—if all three go Republican, Seymour and and Blair will be nowhere. All three *will* go Republican by large majorities if the friends of GRANT and COLFAX do their duty. Hence the importance of active, earnest work, and a full vote in October. Close up the ranks! Gather in the stragglers. See that every friend of GRANT and COLFAX votes the Republican State and County Ticket, and ALL WILL BE WELL.

GRAND SOLDIERS' MASS MEETING.

The National and various State Committees, representing the loyal Soldiers of the Republic, have united in the call for a Grand Mass Meeting of the Soldiers and Sailors, to be held in Philadelphia on Thursday and Friday next, Oct. 1 and 2. It is intended to be the great meeting of the campaign. The various Grant and Colfax Clubs of Philadelphia will be in line, with delegates from every State, and the best speakers will be on the ground. The Committees have made arrangement with the Pennsylvania and connecting Railroads to carry Soldiers in squads of three or more, with their wives and children, at two cents a mile, and RETURN FREE. We hope to see the "Boys in Blue" of Adams fully represented.

A WORD TO REPUBLICANS.

Republicans of the townships, are you organizing your districts so as to insure the polling of every Republican vote and the protection of your elections against any frauds that may be attempted by the opposition? Organization and work *insure* Republican success; apathy and carelessness may give the victory to the Democracy and and their rebel allies. Don't defer the work, but see to it that all the arrangements for polling a full vote are completed at once. Don't trust to the supineness of the opposition. *They* are working and will have out their last man.

WE understand that Mr. DUNCAN, the Copperhead nominee for State Senate, is spending money freely in this county. He can afford to do so. He has plenty of it, and took care to hoard it up, while Col. DIXON was spending his freely in helping to put down the Rebellion. DUNCAN also boasts of his ability and purpose to "buy enough of Republican votes to cover up defections in his own party and elect him Senator. Let him try it. He will find the Republicans of Adams are not quite the "marketable" commodity he supposes them.

THE DEMOCRACY AND "EQUAL TAXATION."

WHAT IT MEANS.

The people are getting their eyes open to the meaning and effect of the fourth plank of the Democratic platform, which calls for equal taxation of "every species of property, according to its real value," for the purpose of supporting the Federal Government. Congress has removed taxation from ten thousand articles of domestic consumption. In short, taxation has been removed from pretty much everything except liquors and tobacco, banks, and insurance companies, large incomes and foreign goods. But the Democratic party, under its doctrine of "equal taxation" of everything, will restore all the property the Republicans have exempted, including farms, lots, houses, live stock, produce, furniture, etc.

For example the "real value" of a fancy sulky driven by the sporting man, and of a farmer's hay wagon in the country, may be about the same.—The Republican party prefers to lay a tax on the former and none on the latter; believing that the vehicle kept for the rich man's pleasure ought to pay rather than that kept for the laboring man's necessity. The democratic party proposes to tax both equally.

The beautiful chronometer repeater, with independent second-hand stop, with which races are timed on a city race course, costs just about as much as an average Kansas or Minnesota farm. But the Republican Congress have levied an enormous duty on the watch equal to at least a good year's entire profits from the farm, and an annual payment besides; while they make the farm free. The democratic party proposes to tax the farm as much as the watch.

The Axminster carpet in a luxurious city parlor is worth about as much as a good farm-house in Pennsylvania or Ohio. The Republican party would maintain the law which taxes heavily the rich man's tapestry and leaves the workingman's dwelling free. The democratic party proposes to tax both equally.

A cigar of average quality costs the consumer about as much as a common loaf of bread. A bottle of choice old Madeira wine, such as some leading city democrats give their guests, is worth as much as a barrel of flour.—The Republican party in Congress have voted to tax the wine and cigars very heavily indeed; but have refused to tax the flour and the bread. The democratic party proposes to tax equally "every species of property, according to its real value." If flour be taxed like old Madeira, and bread like cigars, the loaf that is now ten cents cannot be sold for less than twenty-five.

Every man who has access to the laws can supply scores of further illustrations for himself. Which principle of taxation do the voters of the country prefer? That of the Republican party, to tax those kinds of property which will bear it best; or, that of the democratic party, to tax *equally* "every species of property according to its real value"?

This kind of "equal taxation," promised by the Seymourites, may suit the "bloated bond-holders," but what say the Farmer, Mechanic and Laborer to it? The South Bend *Register* thus sums up the fruits of this new policy:

"If the Democratic party is successful in the coming election, the sentiment of the above resolution will be carried out. Equal tax will be levied on every species of property, and you will see Democratic tax-gatherers in every street, lane, highway and by-way of the land, demanding and collecting from you taxes upon—

Your farm.
Your house and lot.
Your horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, poultry, and other stock.
Your wheat, oats, corn and other grain, hay, fruit, vegetables, and whatever else is raised upon your farm.
Your reapers, plows, harrows, and all agricultural implements.
Your wagons, carriages and sleighs, &c.
Your tools, with which you prosecute your trade, be you a blacksmith, carpenter, wagon maker, or what not.
The clothes yourself and family wear.
The food you eat.
The tea and coffee you drink.
The pot in which it is boiled.
The cup out of which you drink it.
The sugar to sweeten it.
Every particle of food you eat,
The stove on which you cook it,
The wood and coal you use.
Your carpets, chairs, tables, and other furniture.
The bed you sleep on.

And lastly, the coffin and shroud in which you are buried, after being worried and harrassed to death by Democratic tax-gatherers, under a Democratic administration which taxed everything equal.

And for what?

Simply that the bonds may be taxed.

Yes, this Democratic equality would place a tax upon nearly seventeen billions of dollars' worth of property in farms, live stock, houses, eatables, clothing, etc., for the sake of having a tax upon five hundred millions of bonds held by individuals in New York and New England, all the rest of the bonds being taxed as shares of stock in banks, insurance and other business, or are out of the country.

Do you want to pay this enormous tax?

If you do, vote the Democratic party into power, and, heavy as your taxes have been in the past, they are nothing to what you will have to pay under Democratic rule.

Remember that equal taxation, as expressed in the Democratic platform, TAXES EVERYTHING."

CATHOLICS ON COLOR.

The Catholics are laboring among the freedmen in Baltimore; in their schools and churches white and black sit together. The priests openly declare the doctrine that "God makes no distinction, and the Church cannot."

Commenting upon the above paragraph, the Cincinnati *Catholic Telegraph*, the leading organ of the Catholic Church in the West, which is edited by Very Rev. Edward Purcell, a brother of the most Rev. Archbishop Purcell, says:

The above is from the last number of the *Presbyterian Witness.* When was the writer of that item born—where has he lived? He must have been taking a Rip Van Winkle snooze for some eighteen hundred years. The Catholic Church has always done this. Blacks and whites study and recite and eat side by side at the College of the Propaganda, Rome. There are now seventeen negroes being educated for priests in one institution in Naples. Last year a negro student carried off the highest prize at the Propaganda, Rome. The same equality prevails in her churches through the world.

Archbishop PURCELL will have to look out, or the Seymourites will be after him with a sharp stick. He mustn't forget that this is a "white man's government" and that according to Democratic gospel, black men have no rights which white men are bound to respect. Where is WALLACE?

THE Democracy demand that the real estate of Pennsylvania, which was valued in 1861 at $1,416,501,818, and which the Republicans have exempted from State taxation, shall be placed on the duplicate again and be subject to State and Federal taxes. The National Banks of this State, with fifty millions of capital, paid over two hundred thousand dollars of taxes last year, while the real estate paid nothing.—Under the new Democratic scheme of "equal taxation," the banks would have only one-twenty-ninth of this sum, say $7,000, to pay, and the other $193,000 would be assessed on the farmers and lot-owners. What say the people to that?

THE *Maine* stay of the Democrats has been broken.

"EQUAL TAXATION."

There is no ambiguity in the Democratic platform on the subject of taxation. Language could not be made more clear and perspicuous than the subjoined:

"Equal taxation of EVERY SPECIES OF PROPERTY, according to its real value, including government bonds and other public securities."

It means exactly what it says. It means "equal taxation"—exactly the opposite of unequal taxation. It means "equal taxation of every species of property"—not unequal taxation by levying all the taxes on five sixths of the property and none at all on the other one-sixth.—*Chicago Times.*

We agree, says the Chicago *Tribune*, that there is no "ambiguity" in the platform on the subject of taxation, and shall construe it exactly in accordance with its language. It says: "*Equal* "taxation of *every species* of property "according to its *real value.*" These words can have but one meaning. Let us analyze them:

1. "Every species of property" embraces all those things which possess value, which can be bought, sold, or bequeathed. The term includes real estate, improved and unimproved—as farms, lots, houses, barns, stores, shops, factories, mills, etc. It also includes all personal property—as live stock, food, merchandise, water-craft, implements of trade, and utensils, from a jack-knife to a steam-engine.

2. Every species of property shall be placed on the Federal tax duplicate, "according to its real value," which means full cash valuation, without exemptions or drawbacks.

3. "Including government bonds and "other public securities." The "other "public securities" embrace State, county, city and township bonds, as these are all public securities. It is thus proposed that the Federal Government shall tax the credit of the State and municipal governments, just the same as it shall tax the land of the farmer or dwelling of the mechanic.

4. The tax shall be *equal*, on "every species of property." A school bond worth $1,000 shall not be taxed a higher per cent. or amount than a farm worth $1,000. If the tax is two per cent. on the value of State, county, school or national bonds, it shall also be two per cent. on the cost value of farms, shops, dwellings, stores, factories, mills, vessels, horses, cows, sheep, hogs, poultry, merchandise, implements, utensils and tools.

5. The imported property shall be taxed the same rate as domestic productions. If two per cent. is levied on manufactures, farms and farm products, so two per cent. will be the tariff on imported goods.

Under this democratic rule of taxation, the farmers and planters will pay a direct tax equal to three-fifths of the whole amount required for the support of the National Government, whereas they now pay, under the Republican rule, no direct taxes whatever.

JUDGE KIMMELL RE-ENFORCED!

Two weeks ago, we alluded to Judge KIMMELL'S substantial justification, in the fall of 1865, of the BOOTH assassination. There are other Copperheads who concur with KIMMELL.

One, quite notorious, C. C. BURR (suggestive name!), talks in this wise in a recent number of the *Old Guard*, a Democratic monthly published in New York by the publishers of the *Day Book*:

"A hundred men of the pluck and patriotism of Wilkes Booth, at the start of these terrible despotisms, would have saved our country. The moment any man begins to play the despot he forfeits his right to life. Just as many days as these infamous tyrants (Grant, Sherman, Schofield and the Radical members of Congress) have lived since they began their despotism, have they lived too long."

PUGH of Ohio, who admits that he "didn't feel called upon to manifest any particular enthusiasm for the war," publicly declared, a few days ago in a speech in Ohio, that the Democracy intended to upset the Reconstruction Acts and all done under them. These are his words:

"We Democrats propose to treat it (Reconstruction) as an outrage and upset the whole of it and get the thing right. [Applause.] Then they say that means war.—Well, gentlemen, *if it means war*, LET IT COME. * * * * Now, I am not a war man; I am at an age when I could not be conscripted into the militia. Therefore I am not anxious for any war; but I tell you this, gentlemen, that *there shall be no peace until these outrages are all set aside*, and it shall make no difference whether it is in this election or in any other election. If they want me to go further as to myself, I will say that these outrages are so great, their offense is so rank and stinks to Heaven, if I could not find means of beating them peaceably *I would beat them in any manner possible.* [Great applause.]

THE Massachusetts Democrats are "hard-money" democrats; and their candidate for Governor, JOHN Q. ADAMS, pronounces the "greenback" currency "unconstitutional currency which we are compelled to accept as money." He is utterly opposed to the "extension of the intolerable nuisance of an unredeemable paper currency." He believes in "hard money," and therein holds himself to be a "true Jacksonian Democrat."

Thus, Democracy has two policies on Finance, as well as Reconstruction. It changes its coat to suit every climate; trims its sails to suit every breeze; and is determined to cheat *somebody*, if it gets a chance to cheat *anybody*. As an organization, it is wholly unprincipled, and untrustworthy.

THERE are twenty-three Freedmen's Savings banks, in various towns in the South, established within two years.

Recent returns show that there are over $820,000, on deposit in them!—$320,091.89 were deposited in the month of July last, and $272,278.36 were drawn out, making a net-gain of deposits of $47,715.53.

When we remember the low rate of wages paid the Freedmen and their limited experience of business, it must be confessed that they show great capacity to take care of themselves. With a fair show, they will as freemen add to the wealth of the country five times the amount they would as slaves.—Emancipation will thus prove not only a blessing to that race, but an infinite benefit to the whole country.

BRICK POMEROY—the defamer of LINCOLN and villifier of GRANT—who denounced Bishop SIMPSON and the Methodist Conference at Chicago as chicken-thieves and carpet-baggers—addressed a Seymour and Blair meeting in Reading on Friday last. On the same day ROBERT TOOMBS, who boasts of having been a Rebel and Traitor, addressed a Seymourite meeting in Georgia, rivalling Pomeroy in scurrilous denunciation of Gen. GRANT.—Both are prompted by the same motive—hatred of the great Soldier who whipped the Rebels and crushed the Rebellion.

J. Q. ADAMS has accepted the Democratic nomination for Governor of Massachusetts, but in his letter of acceptance he denounces the financial plank of the Democratic platform laid down at New York.

As goes Maine so goes the Union, prophecied Pendleton. So say we.

MEETING OF CONGRESS—ADJOURNED.

Congress re-assembled on Monday last, in accordance with the resolution adopted in July. Both houses promptly adopted a resolution "that upon this day the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives do adjourn their respective Houses until 12 o'clock noon of the 16th day of October, 1868, and then, unless otherwise ordered by the two Houses, they shall further adjourn their respective Houses until the 10th day of November, 1868, at 12 o'clock noon, and then unless otherwise ordered, they shall further adjourn their two Houses until the first Monday in December, at 12 o'clock noon."

Some five or six Democratic members were at the capital, but sullen and discontented, kept out of sight in the Committee Rooms, and the Republicans and their friends had the Hall all to themselves. A more joyous, happy, enthusiastic set of gentlemen your correspondent has never encountered.—From all quarters of the East, the North and the great West, they brought the most cheering accounts of the political prospect, and assurances that October will give us Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, and Iowa, by rousing majorities, and that the voting in November will result in the election of Grant and Colfax by majorities that the most sanguine would scarcely have dreamed of a month ago.

REBEL MASSACRE IN GEORGIA.

We are beginning to reap the fruits of Frank Blair's revolutionary policy. Outrages and murder is the order of the day through the South, and now the telegraph brings information of a horrible massacre of colored men at Carvilla, Georgia, on Monday last. A Republican meeting had been announced, to be addressed by the Republican candidate for Congress. A large procession of colored men entered the town with drums beating and banners flying, and on reaching the Court-house was fired on. The colored men broke and endeavored to escape to the woods but were pursued by an armed mob, who KILLED SEVEN and wounded some 40 or 50 freedmen! The Rebel version is that the negroes entered the town armed bent on murder. This story does'nt fit. It is the New Orleans massacre over—all the killed being unarmed negroes. Gov. Bullock sent a message to the Legislature reciting the outrage, and advising that military aid be requested to preserve order. The Rebel majority in the Legislature tabled the matter, no doubt deeming it all right—only a part of the regular progrmme. Nothing will settle these Rebel outlaws but the election of Gen. GRANT. That is the only road to Peace, North and South.

DEMOCRATS ask the people to trust them with the administration of the National finances. They have made an attempt at economy in this direction once before. Let us see how they managed it. Under James K. Polk this economy resulted as follows:

The national debt, July 1, 1846,	$16,750,926 33
The national debt, July 1, 1849,	$64,704,693 71

In other words, under a Democratic administration the debt increased fourfold in three years. But it is said that the expenses of the Mexican war are included in the expenses of 1847. Very well—that war closed in 1847. What was the increase of the debt under Democratic management "in a time of profound peace?"

Debt July 1, 1847,	$38,956,623 38
Debt July 1, 1849,	$64,704,693 71

That will do. The people want no such "economy."

THE N. Y. *Journal of Commerce* (Democratic) honestly acknowledges the victory in Maine, and gives the following sensible statement of the reason. The same causes which the *Journal of Commerce* indicates will continue to operate till they carry the whole country for Grant and Colfax, as the candidates of conciliation, order, and peace:

"The result of the election in Maine is decidedly favorable to the Republicans. The reaction against the Radicals and their ruinous policy, which marked the elections of last fall, has been checked beyond question through the methods adopted by their opponents in the conduct of this campaign. Instead of conciliating the wise and good of all parties, and thus forming a strong Conservative alliance that would have swept the country, the men of extreme views and rectless conduct have been taken into counsel, and violent denunciations have been employed in place of reason and sober argument."

WALLACE, of the Democratic State Committee, has issued a circular to the faithful, in which he undertakes to cipher a "Democratic victory" out of the Maine election. Wallace is a "brick," but not equal to his prototype Brick Pomeroy, who with all his blackguardism has the frankness to admit defeat. Says Pomeroy—

"The State election in Maine has been held—the smoke has lifted—the Republicans have over twenty thousand majority.—We are defeated there, and do not like it.—We met the enemy in Maine and are theirs. They whipped us there worse than we supposed they would or could, and it hurts."

Of course it does; it hurts badly, or Wallace would not try to doctor it up.

THE Baltimore *Sun* of September 8th, makes this very *delicate* announcement. What could be more considerate?

HON. JEFFERSON DAVIS.—It is reported that this gentleman will be tendered the Presidency of Randolph Macon College, at Ashland, Virginia, so soon as he is freed from the legal embarrassment by which he is now fettered.

These "fetters" will fall before the close of Johnson's term; and DAVIS can then begin to teach Southern youth the peculiar morals by which he justifies holding an office under *one* government and giving all his energies to building up *another* antagonistic to it.

THE most corruptly governed City in the country is New York, of which the Copperheads have absolute control, and have had these dozen years.

The expenses are frightful, and "stealings" almost beyond computation. Yet the Tammany crowd are not satisfied. They want to plunder Uncle Sam's Treasury; and SEYMOUR'S election would give them the opportunity. He would be a mere tool in the hands of New York knaves.

LAST Month, the Alaska purchase was paid for ($7,200,000, in gold); and $3,104,000 of U. S. bonds were issued to the Pacific Railroad Company, which company pays the interest and is to pay the principal. The Cops thereupon cry, "see how the Public Debt is growing!" They think the Public are too ignorant to see through their wretched attempts at deception.

If the country is getting into debt now, where would it have been if Congress had not lopped off the $80,000,000 they did, from the estimates of the Johnson Administration?

ALL who wish for the stability of the Union, all who desire the safety of the national finances, all who are solicitous for the national honor, all who desire peace, all who long for renewed business, are for GRANT.

WHAT IS THE TRUTH AS TO THE NATIONAL FINANCES?

The Democratic leaders North and South, knowing that the National Debt was contracted in putting down a Democratic rebellion, and that loyal men and women and children have invested in it, don't like it in any shape, and are doing their best to develope a spirit of repudiation. Every blatant Rebel in the South would be glad to see every dollar of it repudiated, even if it smash every Saving Institution and Trust Association in the land, with consequent ruin to countless Trustees, Guardians, Orphans, Widows, &c., who may have their all invested in Government bonds. BRICK POMEROY, speaking for the Northern Democracy backs up this policy, and pronounces boldly for REPUDIATION. One of the favorite plans to prejudice the public sentiment, is to grossly misrepresent the extent of the national debt and the ability of the country to pay. To this end the country is flooded with lying pamphlets, and Copperhead orators make them texts in preaching their new gospel. Now let us look at the FACTS, as furnished by official records.

At the close of the War, the Union rested under an immense burden of Public Debt. Has that Debt been diminished or increased?

Secretary McCulloch officially reported, on the 1st of September, 1865, that the aggregate of ascertained, liquidated Debt, over and above all the money in Treasury, was then $2,757,689,571. He reported it on the 1st inst. (just three years later) at $2,535,614,313. Subtract this sum from the amount reported three years ago, and the reduction is $222,075,258. There can be no doubt, we judge, that, beside paying all accruing interest, we have reduced the principal by *that* amount.

But this is not all. We have just paid $7,200,000 in gold to Russia for Alaska, which adds so much to our Debt; but we have the property to show for it. Then we have issued $35,314,000 of new bonds in aid of the Pacific Railroads now in progress.—*They* pay the interest on these bonds; they *are* to pay the principal also, and we think will be abundantly able to do so. This is not like a War Debt; first, because we are only to pay it in case of default by the Railroads; secondly, because, even in that case, we have a mortgage on the roads for security; and thirdly, because, even if this should prove inadequate, the increase of our National wealth and tax-paying ability by reason of those roads would more than compensate us for the loss.

But more: We have, in these last three years, paid enormous sums for arrears and mustering-out bounties to the soldiers who put down the Rebellion, and millions more for State claims, and deferred indebtedness of every kind. All this has reduced by so much the *actual*, though not the *liquidated*, Debt of Sept. 1, 1865. Edward Atkinson of Boston, in a carefully prepared statement including these items, makes the total reduction of the Debt within three years no less than $800,000,000, and gives the figures. Now, if we have been able to pay this immense sum (equal to one-fourth of the entire debt) in three years, where is the least apology for the doctrine of repudiation, except in Rebel hate and Copperhead malignancy? And that, after all, is at the bottom of the whole thing.

THE DEMOCRATIC LEADERS.

CHARLES SUMNER, addressing the Republicans of Maine on Monday, asked his hearers to look at the history of the Democratic leaders. He said:

"Rebels all, Rebels all. I mention those only who take an active part. A party, like a man, is known by the company it keeps. What a company! There is Forrest with the blood of Fort Pillow still dripping from his hands. Semmes, fresh from his piracies on our commerce. Wade Hampton, the South Carolina slave master and cavalry officer of the rebellion. Beauregard, the Rebel General who telegraphed for the execution of abolition prisoners. Stephens, Toombs, and Cobb, a triumvirate of Rebels, and at the head of this troop is none other than Horatio Seymour, of New York, who, without actually enlisting in the rebellion, dallied with it, and addressed its fiendish representatives in New York as "Friends." A party with such leaders and such a chief is the Rebel party. Such a party, so filled and permeated by treason, cannot alter any shibboleth of loyalty. Every loyal word must stick in its throat, as 'amen' stuck in the throat of Macbeth after the murder of his royal guests."

PATRICK HAMMILL, of Allegany county, Md., on Tuesday was nominated as the Democratic candidate for Congress in the 4th district, composed of Carroll, Frederick, Washington and Allegany counties. MAULSBY, of Frederick, and SYESTER, of Washington, and ROMAN of Allegheny, contested the nomination. On the 97th ballot, Roman's name was withdrawn and Hammill carried off the prize.—Maulsby's war record was fatal to him.

THE Philadelphia *Daily News*, it is said, has not come out for GRANT.—We heard it had. It is one of the two Philadelphia papers which still support SEYMOUR; but the people are rallying for him, without distinction of party.

JAMES T. BRADY, Esq., the distinguished Irish lawyer of New York, has just declared himself for the Great Captain.

ON our first page will be found some extracts from DANA's new biography of Gen. GRANT, which will be found worth reading. The more we learn of the great Soldier, the more distinctly looms up the collossal greatness of the man who is to be our next President.

HON. SCHUYLER COLFAX is engaged to be married to Miss NELLIE WADE, a neice of Senater WADE of Ohio—a farmer's daughter of about 30 years of age, and a person of remarkable qualities. It is supposed, the wedding will take place in November.

IT is stated that Gen. HANCOCK has written a letter saying that SEYMOUR and BLAIR have not the ghost of a chance. When the Democrats at the July Convention surrendered to the rebels, they threw away their sole chance of victory.

DEMOCRATIC papers say that they have done gloriously to increase the Democratic vote in Maine. But if the Republicans increase faster than the Democrats, how are the latter ever going to catch up?

GRANT fought speculators and camp followers all through the War. He saved many millions while Secretary of War. As President, he would make the whole Administration a model of integrity and economy.

SEYMOUR'S position during the war was a shifting between armed neutrality, sullen support and insidious opposition.

"WHERE are your victories?"—*Seymour*, 1864. Here's Vicksburg! *Grant*, 1864. Here's Vermont and Maine!—*Grant*, 1868.

MORE SOUTHERN SENTIMENT.

JUDGE JONES, at Mobile, addressing a rebel meeting, revived the State-rights theory, on which secession was founded.—He said to the gathering:

"On the issue of the contest before them depended their all. Before the war the southern people believed in State-rights, they fought and spilled their blood for State rights. Unfortunately for them, and perhaps for the whole country, the result of the war was a permanent extinguishment of State rights, unless, under God's providence, the Democratic party, under the leadership of Seymour and Blair, *re-established the time-honored principles.*"

Colonel SLAYBACK, of Missouri, agrees with this view, and says that the whole life of the rebellion is assured in the Democratic platform:

"By the election of the Democratic ticket only could the noblest men who ever lived—the gallant sons of the south—*gain what thay had fought for, without the sacrifice of a single principle.*"

General LAWTON, of Georgia, entertains the same opinion, and thinks, upon the whole, that the copperhead platform is a little stronger and better than the secesh declaration:

"Now for the first time, we have a platform of principles, and leaders around whom we could rally. It was the noblest, best, boldest declaration of principles ever laid down in the United States, and was in unison with the feelings of the people.—*There was nothing that the south wanted that was not there.* The military despotism which has held us in thraldom was there set in its proper light. For the first time we have a platform we can adhere to. We have a work to do which can be accomplished. We have leaders to represent those principles who will carry us out of the 'Slough of Despond.' Peace has its victories as well as war. *Those great principles for which we fought, and* WHICH WE FEARED WERE LOST, *may yet be achieved.*"

The pirate SEMMES is so charmed with copperhead declarations, that even his sensitive honor will admit a return to loyalty under its operation:

"I have given my allegiance to the old flag, provided we can restore the old flag again to be the representative of the principles of the Constitution, which we will be able to effect by the election of Seymour and Blair."

This much for individuals. Larger space is demanded for the press, as utterances are more frequent and more carefully studied. The Vicksburg *Times* bases the claims of Blair on the Brodhead letter, that has been so explained and debated at the north, saying:

"Objection is made down this way to the indorsement of the Blair letter by a few timid people, on the score of prudence, and yet it was this identical letter of Frank Blair to his friend, Colonel Brodhead, that secured the Missouri hero the nomination for Vice President. *We want just such ammunition as Frank Blair uses.*"

The St. Louis *Times* tells Blair that he must asisst the rebels directly:

"If Mr. BLAIR becomes President, and swears to obey the Constitution, and fails to overthrow the oligarchy established by Brownlow in Tennessee, Blair would be perjured. There is but one way to restore the government and the Constitution, and that is for the President elect to declare the reconstruction acts null and void, compel the army to undo its usurpations at the south, disperse the carpet-bag State governments, allow the white people to reorganize their own governments, and elect Senators and Representatives."

The Mississippi *Mercury* goes just a little further, and shows what is wanted there:

"With the skull and cross-bones of the 'lost cause' before us, we will swear that this is a white man's government. We must make the negro understand we are the men we were when we held him in abject bondage, and make him feel that when forbearance ceases to be a virtue, *he has aroused a power that will control him or destroy him.*"

The Richmond *Enquirer* shows how the want will be satisfied:

"The white men of the southern States have seen the day when they could use the bullet, and if God in His anger permit the necessity to arise *they will use it again.*"

The St. Joseph (Mo.) *Vindicator* is in the same line:

"Forty thousand able-bodied fighting men in 'Free Misery' alone are sworn to do battle, if need be, for the right. And if Tom Fletcher, the felon, and his horde of outlaws resist, hell's ahead!"

The "*West and South,*" is sure that a Democratic victory will overthrow all of the national results of the war, and counts itself in for that end, saying:

"From first to last—from the so-called anti-slavery amendment of the Constitution to the flood of trash for all purposes, military, civil, financial and commercial—all the Reconstruction laws of the whole peace period fall to pieces, if the Democracy succeed in electing Mr. Seymour as their standard bearer. We can take part in such a conflict. We believe, from the depths of our understanding, that these acts of Congressional misdoing are all, one like the other, *perfectly void.*"

The Georgia Democratic Convention sees that the Democratic platform removes all restraints upon rebel conduct. It says:

"There might once have been a necessity for the rebels of Georgia to submit to the military authorities, *but there is none now. The Democratic chivalry of the north are marching to our rescue.*"

And the Mobile *Register* thinks that the Democratic idea favors further war:

"We know there are many Democrats at the north, including some distinguished soldiers, who believe that the political atmosphere, poisoned by the long reign of Radical depotism, will not be so purified that liberty may flourish on it, until a just chastisement is inflicted upon the daring men who have conspired against the liberties of the nation. *In other words, that the counter-revolution will not be complete without more blood-letting.*"

The *Ultra Ku Klux*, of Texas, believes that a war of races, that is, an indiscriminate killing of negroes by whites, will come unless the poor whites are driven away.—Most of these are of northern descent there:

"How shall we obviate a war of races? There is no way under the broad canopy of heaven, without it is *driving from our midst these low, mean white men.* With them out of the country, the negroes and white people could get along peaceably and quietly; but if they are allowed to remain in our midst, just so sure we are bound to have a war of races, and when there is one drop of blood spilt, we predict that it will flow as freely as does the Missisippi."

Hear what the Mobile *Tribune* says:

"The great Democratic party will rise in its might and majesty, and pulverize and purge the Congress, just as Cromwell purged the long Parliament. The signs of the times are pregnant with resistance to Radical tyranny, *and the dagger of Brutus* may aid in accomplishing our redemption from Radical rule, ruin and usurpation."

A VERY well informed correspondent from New England writes to us that the New England States will give Grant over 150.000 majority, as follows:

Maine,	30.000
New Hampshire,	5.000
Vermont,	30.000
Massachusetts,	80.000
Connecticut,	3.000
Rhode Island,	5.000
Total,	153.000

These figures will do.

EUROPEAN advices announce a formidable insurrection in Spain.

IF the Democrats cannot get a *Maine*-tenance in the East, where will they get it?

WILKES' Spirit reports that no one has accepted the $5,000 bet offered by that paper that Grant will be elected, and now offers to make the odds three to two in Grant's favor.

E. B. OLMSTEAD, a disbursing clerk in the Post Office Department at Washington, absconded on Saturday. There is a deficiency of $70,000 in his accounts.

THE Legislature of Alabama has adopted a resolution asking the President to send United States soldiers to aid in preserving the peace.

GOVERNOR CLAYTON, of Arkansas, accidentally shot himself in the left hand on Saturday, requiring amputation.

THERE was a violent snow storm in the White Mountains on Wednesday.

THE TWO POLICIES.

Peace and War.

From GEN. GRANT'S *letter of Acceptance:*	*From* GEN. BLAIR'S *letter seeking the nomination:*
"If elected to the office of President of the United States, *it will be my endeavor to administer* ALL THE LAWS *in good faith*, with economy, *and with the view of giving* PEACE, QUIET *and* PROTECTION *everywhere.* In times like the present it is impossible, or at least eminently improper, to lay down a policy to be adhered to, right or wrong, thro' an administration of four years. New political issues, not foreseen, are constantly arising; the views of the public on old ones are constantly changing, and *a purely administrative officer should always be left free* TO EXECUTE THE WILL OF THE PEOPLE. *I always have respected that will, and always shall.* PEACE AND UNIVERSAL PROSPERITY—its sequence, *with economy of administration*, will lighten the burden of taxation, while it constantly reduces the national debt. LET US HAVE PEACE. With great respect, your obedient servant, U. S. GRANT."	"There is but one way to restore the Government and the Constitution; and that is *for the President elect to declare the reconstruction acts null and void*, compel the army to undo its usurpations at the South, DISPERSE THE CARPET BAG STATE GOVERNMENTS, allow the white people to re-organize their own government, and elect Senators and Representatives. The House of Representatives will contain a majority of Democrats from the North, and they will admit the Representatives elected by the white People of the South; and, with the co-operation of the President, it will not be difficult to COMPEL THE SENATE TO SUBMIT once more to the obligations of the Constitution. * * We must have a President who will execute the will of the people, *by trampling into dust the usurpations of Congress known as the reconstruction acts.* FRANK P. BLAIR."

POLITICAL ITEMS.

THE Democrats are tricky, but they are not well up in legerde-Maine.

SENATOR MORTON, of Indiana, says his State will give a Republican majority of from 15,000 to 20,000 in October.

ON Tuesday Secretary Seward, in Cabinet meeting, openly avowed his intention to support Grant and Colfax.

MR. NICHOLAS BRATT, aged 50, of Easton, Washington county, N. Y., with his seven sons, seven grandsons, and five great grandsons, will vote for Grant in November.

A COPPERHEAD paper says Seymour's "heart is fathomless." So is his pocket; for he was never able to get down keep enough to find a dollar to help on the war.

THE Democratic papers have been assuring their readers that the Maine election would give the key-note of the campaign. How do they like the note?

THE Decatur, Illinois, *Democrat* speaks in the same sentence of Grant as the "butcher," and Lee as "our noble old warrior at Richmond."

W. H. ENGLISH, former member of Congress from the second district of Indiana, and famous in the administration of Buchanan for the celebrated "English Bill," now supports Grant and Colfax.

GENERAL RAWLINGS, General Grant's Chief-of-Staff, yesterday received a letter from General Grant, stating that he would not return to Washington from Galena until the middle of October.

AN old resident of New Orleans who was asked if he saw the Democratic procession there the other evening, replied: "I saw a long procession of Gen. Grant's paroled prisoners—is that what you refer to?"

ANDREW JOHNSON is President of the United States, and Hugh McCulloch is his Secretary of the Treasury. Now we assert that there is no reason in Democrats complaining of a mismanagement of the finances of the country.

DURING the years of war, in spite of the open attacks of the rebels in front, and the secret stabs of their Democratic allies behind, the Republican party cancelled $620,681,162 76 of the debt forced upon them by the party of Seymour and Blair.

THE Tory party in England—led by Premier Disraeli—like the Tory party of this country, is clamoring for "the Constitution as it was." It is singular that all the advocates of wrong find a warrant in the Constitutions of their countries as they *were.* They do not recognize the advancing age.

LET the American people remember that but for the obstinacy of the Democrats in Congress, and of their pliant tool, Andrew Johnson, a reduction of interest upon the public debt, amounting to at least $40,000,000 per annum, would have been provided for.

THE first of a series of "National Games" was played in Vermont on the 1st, between the "first nines" of the Grant and Colfax and Seymour and Blair Clubs. Throughout the game the Seymours "muffled" badly, owing to too stiff a breeze from the North. The next game was played in Maine, with the same result.

THEY ARE COMING, Mr. Seymour, a host of boys in blue; from the green mountains of Vermont, their shouts ring out again; and twenty thousand echoes ring out the shouts of Maine; to shield the starry flag they love, from traitors' hands anew; they are coming, Mr. Seymour, the loyal boys in blue.

GIVING IT UP.—The New York *Herald*, which has been trying to make itself believe that there is some chance for Seymour and Blair, throws up the sponge since the Maine election. "All the facts before us, and all the signs of the times," it says, "indicate an overwhelming triumph for Grant and Colfax."

WHEN the Republican party came into power in 1861, they found a rebellion on their hands which the Democratic party had been thirty years threatening and organizing. To save the Government against the attack of these iniquitous men cost a quarter of a million lives and $3,000,000,000. With this blood and the debt charged to them, they now ask to be trusted with power. What freeman does not revolt at the thought?

THE Cleveland Herald thus replies to a carping copperhead orator, who triumphantly asked why the revenue was not sufficient to diminish the public debt; why it was not collected and properly appropriated: "The fact that seven-eighths of the revenue causes now pending in the United States Courts of northern Ohio are Democrats on trial for swindling the government may partly answer the question." The further facts that Andrew Johnson and his officials, in many parts of the country, have been in league with the whisky ring to enrich themselves and create an immense Democratic corruption fund, will answer pretty much the whole of it.

A CITIZEN of Galena, formerly of Washington county in this State, writes to a former neighbor as follows:—"You may assure the good people of old Washington county that General Grant's habits in respect to temperance, as in everything else, are beyond reproach. He is a remarkably pure man. He never utters a profane word. He is a constant and habitual attendant at church. Aside from his eminent services to the nation, he is justly entitled to the suffrages of the good, the virtuous and the Christain portion of our people for the stern integrity, the rare modesty and the manifold virtues of his private life."

THE General Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran Church of the United States will meet at Frederick, Md., in May next.

IN Charleston yesterday three-colored men were admitted to the bar of South Carolina by the Judges of the Supreme Court.

THE grasshoppers have put apples up to 25 cents a piece in Utah.

THE cotton crop in texas is the heaviest for many years. It will reach one hundred and seventy-five thousand bales.

NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

CARROLL.—The County Commissioners have appointed the following Judges of Election:—Taneytown District Augustus Arnold, Wm. Crouse and David H. Rinedollar. Uniontown District, Jacob Erb, Augustus Ensor and John Fleagle.

CUMBERLAND.—Frederick Merkelein, of Mechanicsburg, was killed on the railroad near Elizabethtown, Lancaster county, on Friday last; he had been to Lancaster, and in returning was knocked from the train while passing under a bridge, breaking his neck.—Last week, Philip Stoner and Isaac Thomas were arrested for forging a check in the name of David Line, on the Carlisle Deposit Bank.—The recent trial before Judge Graham of the case pending between the Cumberland Valley Rail Road Company and the Freighters along the line terminated by his Honor's issuing an injunction against the Company, prohibiting them from charging tolls higher than allowed by their charter.

FRANKLIN.—On Saturday night last the Democrats had a meeting at Greencastle and the Republicans at Waynesboro. On returning from the meeting at Waynesboro the Republicans encountered some ten or twelve Democrats returning on horseback from the Greencastle meeting. As the Democrats passed along the line of wagons filled with Republicans the former employed their time in striking at the lighted torches carried by the latter, with other insulting conduct. Finally the Democrats surrounded and attacked a carriage containing four Republicans, when George Weak, in the carriage, fired a pistol, instantly killing a young man named Lecknor, residnig near Waynesboro.

FULTON.—Jacob Barmant, a respectable farmer, hanged himself in his barn, near McConnelsburg, on Saturday.

YORK.—A daring burglary was committed in York on Friday morning last, between 4 and 5 o'clock, in the jewelry establishment of Messrs. E. A. Barnitz and Bro.; the robbers blew open an iron safe with powder, and stole watches and jewelry worth over $1500, besides a number of watches belonging to customers.—William Diggs, colored, was recently badly burned in Hanover while lighting a fire with coal oil, and died of his injuries on the 15th inst.

THE RAILROAD WONDER.

The building of the Union Pacific Railroad is the wonder of the age. It makes all former feats of railroad construction tame and insignificant by comparison. It rushes over space almost as if one of its own locomotives had the end of the track in tow and was simply drawing it out over plains and mountains from some abundant reserve in the rear. Hundred mile stages of progress are of no more moment than ten mile sections on ordinary roads. The rails are laid on the run. The man who once gets ahead of the track-layers must keep "moving on" as incessantly as Poor Joe, or run the risk of being one of the sleepers of the road and have the rails laid over him before he fairly notes the speed of the sweeping industrial wave. In April last the workmen began at the 540th mile, where they had stopped when winter refused permission to go on.—Six hundred miles were soon complete; then a party of editors from Cape Cod, New York, and Delaware bays, went out and saw the laying of the 700th mile in July: and now the September sun is shining upon the workmen who have passed the 800th mile post, and who will get within almost hailing distance of Brigham and his Saints by Christmas. Such marvelous speed is attained only by skillful organization, rigid discipline, and watchful supervision over the industrial army. Twenty thousand men are at work, each with his own allotted work to be done at the precise moment, and the grand result is seen in the wonderful continental railroad, which is to be the longest, the highest, and the most important in the world.

The financial success of the road is equally notable. Although unfinished, and laboring under many disadvantages, its earnings for the past year exceeded four millions, its net profits being largely in excess of the interest upon its First Mortgage Bonds, which have been sold to the amount of over eighteen millions. In every way the speedy completion and the entire success of the road seem assured.

Special Notices.

ADDRESS TO THE NERVOUS AND DEBILITATED, whose sufferings have been protracted from hidden causes, and whose cases require prompt treatment to render existence desirable: If you are suffering, or have suffered, from involuntary discharges, what effect does it produce upon your general health? Do you feel weak, debilitated, easily tired? Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart? Does your liver, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order? Is your urine sometimes thick, milky, or flocky, or is it ropy on settling? Or does a thick scum rise to the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Do you have spells of short breathing or dyspepsia? Are your bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting, or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this subject? Do you feel dull, listless, moping, tired of company, of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody? Does any little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken or restless? Is the lustre of your eye as brilliant? The bloom on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel as much confidence in yourself? Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights? Your back weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver-complaint?

Now, reader, self-abuse, venereal diseases badly cured, and sexual excesses, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, when in perfect health, make the man. Did you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business-men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they don't become sad and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—none of your downcast looks or any other meanness about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflated by running to excess. These will not only ruin their constitutions, but also those they do business with or for.

How many men, from badly cured diseases, from the effects of self-abuse and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease—idiocy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal affections, suicide, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic, and is a certain cure for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu, established upward of 18 years, prepared by H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist, 594 New York, and 104 South 10th street, Philadelphia, Pa. PRICE—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50, delivered to any address. Sold by all Druggists everywhere. [Aug. 7-2m.

A CARD.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge.* Address
JOSEPH T. IN[illegible]AN,
Station D, Bible House, New City.

Sept. 18.-1y

GRAY HAIR

Restored to its original Youthful Color,

By the use of that Scientific Discovery, called

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

It will make *Hair grow* upon bald heads, except in very aged persons, as it furnishes the nutritive principle by which the hair is nourished and supported. It will prevent the hair from falling out, and does not stain the skin.

No better evidence of its superiority need be adduced than the fact that so many imitations of it are offered to the public.

IT IS A SPLENDID HAIR-DRESSING!

Our Treatise on the Hair sent free by mail.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nassau, N. H., Proprietors.
For sale by all Druggists. [Sept. 4-1m.

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH, treated with the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 805 Arch st., Philadelphia, Pa. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the City and Country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain. No charge made for examination.

Nov. 20, 1867.-1y

The Star and

Gettysburg, Friday,

LARGE SQUIRREL
MICHAEL HARNISH, of
recently shot a fox squirr
two pounds and a half.

SALARIES OF POST
see it stated that the salar
ers have been fixed rec
York, $2,500; Yo
Wright-ville, $37
over Junction,

CORRECTION.—Fred
John C. Shertzer's prop
to Jacob Cready, for $
$14.50 as formerly publi
be paid cash the balanc
payments.

POSTAL.—The reducti
Money Orders went into
of the month. An order
now costs 10 cents; $30 co
20 cents; and $50, 25 cen
will greatly enhance the
Money Order system.

PETERSBURG MEE
derstand that a delegation
BLUE of Gettysburg, w
and Torches, will atten
meeting, where they w
warmly welcomed by th
publicans of that glorious

PROPERTY SALES.—
has sold his property
the house and lot to Low
and five and a half acres
Pohlman for $226 per acr

Christian Rindlaub ha
Straban township, 55 acre
ments, to Jacob Bucher,
—The Executors of Isaa
sold the farm of said Mo
township, 180 acres with
Jacob Hulick for $49.00 p

FREDERICK FAIR.
County Agricultural Fair
will take place on the ne
of the Society, in Frederi
21st, 22d and 23d of Octob
a fine track and, among o
offer a prize of $200 for t
or pacer, and $500 for th
open to the world.

HUNTINGTON.—The
fax Club of Huntington
true spirit, and is prep
The members have secu
Petersburg, (Y. S.,) for t
the Club, which will be op
for the use of members,
good reading. Regular m
held every Monday even
speaking may be expected

CLUB MEETING.—A.
addressed the Borough Gr
Club on Friday night
meets regularly every Fr
7½ o'clock, in the hall abo
Sentinel" office, and will
the friends of Grant and C
them. The meetings are
members of the Club. S
meeting. The Club will
(Friday) at 7½ o'clock.

VALUABLE HORSE D
day a week, HENRY
Hamiltonban township,
ble horse—one of a pair f
been offered $500. We
MR. MUSSELMAN intende
at our Fair, and had been
ing good care of him for
The horse had been turne
ning, apparently in good
the morning was fou
thought that he hurt hims

THE FAIR.—As we go
is still in progress, and
one day longer than anno
The weather for the past
very unfavorable. The
articles was complete and
kinds was well represent
partment was not as full
been, of fast horses there
among them could be foun
We shall give in our ne
tion of the fair.

PROFESSOR ELEC
meeting of the Board of
Theological Seminary wa
nesday last. The resigna
ENTINE, elected Presiden
was accepted, and Rev.
Baltimore, was unanim
fill the vacant Professors
nary. Mr. S. is a young
arly attainments, and
committee was appointe
him, and urge his accep
Vacancy be filled, Drs.
were requested to discha
the chair in addition
duties.

SYNODICAL.—The
of West Pennsylvania S
tlestown on Wednesday
tinuing in session until
Rev. A. W. LILLY, of Y
President, Rev. E. Br
Gettysburg, Secretary, an
of York, Treasurer. Tu
pertaining to Synodical
the attention of Synod.
made, through the agenc
to effect a settlement of t
tween St. Paul's and St.
tions, which was unsu
adjourned to meet in St.
Gettysburg, next Septem

A WARNING.—We
boys on our streets thro
other. The following fr
Sun of the 8th inst.,
come of it:

"Yesterday afternoon
a party of small boys
stone fight on Sterrot s
Swab, aged about ten y
weighing about two pou
Alonzo Tickner, a boy
on the neck, causing alm
by dislocating the verte
words breaking his neck
who did not appear
serious position in whic
was committed to jail t
of the grand jury."

OLD FASHIONED WH
farmers in this section,
height of wheat thrashi
large yields. A few far
Byron have raised crops
bushels per acre, and a
Genesee and the western
have realized thirty-fi
largest yields from sele
have heard of are five hu
bushels from twelve ac
Emmens, of Riga, and
four bushels from four a
raised by Pitt Squires, o
ty per acre the Genesee
returning to its old st
doubtful whether it will
quality.—Rochester (N

THINK OF IT.—Ad
ted many a new busi
many an old business;
a dull business; has re
[illegible]

The enlarge
circulation of the "St
makes it the most v
medium in this sectio
indispensable to b
of politics.

NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

--The County Commissioners
nted the following Judges of
Taneytown District Augustus
. Crouse and David H. Rine-
iontown District, Jacob Erb,
sor and John Fleagle.
ND.—Frederick Merklein, of
urg, was killed on the railroad
ibethtown, Lancaster county,
ast; he had been to Lancaster,
urning was knocked from the
passing under a bridge, breaking
-Last week, Philip Stoner and
has were arrested for forging a
e name of David Line, on the
posit Bank.—The recent trial
e Graham of the case pending
Cumberland Valley Rail Road
ud the Freighters along the line
by his Honor's issuing an in-
inst the Company, prohibiting
charging tolls higher than allow-
charter.
.—On Saturday night last the
had a meeting at Greencastle
publicans at Waynesboro. On
om the meeting at Waynesboro
icans encountered some ten or
ocrats returning on horseback
Greencastle meeting. As the
passed along the line of wagons
Republicans the former employ-
me in striking at the lighted
ied by the latter, with other
nduct. Finally the Democrats
and attacked a carriage
four Republicans, when George
the carriage, fired a pis-
y killing a young man named
siding near Waynesboro.
-Jacob Barmant, a respectable
nged himself in his barn, near
urg, on Saturday.
A daring burglary was commit-
on Friday morning last, be-
nd 5 o'clock, in the jewelry
nt of Messrs. E. A. Barnitz and
bbers blew open an iron safe
r, and stole watches and jewel-
er $1500, besides a number of
onging to customers.—William
ed, was recently badly burned
while lighting a fire with coal
d of his injuries on the 15th

RAILROAD WONDER.

ling of the Union Pacific Rail-
wonder of the age. It makes all
s of railroad construction tame
ficant by comparison. It rushes
almost as if one of its own loco-
l the end of the track in tow and
drawing it out over plains and
rom some abundant reserve in
Hundred mile stages of progress
re moment than ten mile sec-
iinary roads. The rails are laid
The man who once gets ahead
-layers must keep "moving on"
ly as Poor Joe, or run the risk
e of the sleepers of the road and
ls laid over him before he fairly
oced of the sweeping industrial
April last the workmen began at
mile, where they had stopped
r refused permission to go on.—
d miles were soon complete;
of editors from Cape Cod, New
Delaware bays, went out and saw
f the 700th mile in July; and
ptember sun is shining upon the
who have passed the 800th mile
ho will get within almost hailing
Brigham and his Saints by
Such marvelous speed is attain-
skillful organization, rigid disci-
watchful supervision over the in-
ny. Twenty thousand men are
ach with his own allotted work to
at the precise moment, and the
lt is seen in the wonderful conti-
road, which is to be the longest,
, and the most important in the

ncial success of the road is equal-
. Although unfinished, and la-
der many disadvantages, its earn-
he past year exceeded four mil-
t profits being largely in excess
terest upon its First Mortgage
ich have been sold to the amount
ghteen millions. In every way
completion and the entire suc-
road seem assured.

Special Notices.

SS TO THE NERVOUS AND
LITATED, whose sufferings
tracted from hidden causes, and whose
prompt treatment to render existence
you are suffering, or have suffered,
ntary discharges, what effect does it
your general health? Do you feel
ted, easily tired? Does a little extra
ace palpitation of the heart? Does your
ary organs, or your kidneys, fre-
t of order? Is your urine sometimes
or flocky, or is it ropy on settling? Or
cum rise to the top? Or is a sediment
after it has stood awhile? Do you have
t breathing or dyspepsia? Are your
ated? Do you have spells of fainting,
hed to the head? Is your memory im-
our mind constantly dwelling upon this
you feel dull, listless, moping, tired of
ite? Do you wish to be left alone, to get
erybody? Does any little thing make
ump? Is your sleep broken or restless?
of your eye as brilliant? The bloom on
bright? Do you enjoy yourself in so-
Do you pursue your business with the
Do you feel as much confidence in
your spirits dull and flagging, given
ncholy? If so, do not lay it to your
spsia. Have you restless nights? Your
ur knees weak, and have but little ap-
u attribute this to dyspepsia or liver-

er, self-abuse, venereal diseases badly
cal excesses, are all capable of produc-
s of the generative organs. The organs
when in perfect health, make the man.
ink that those bold, defiant, energetic,
uccessful business-men are always those
ive organs are in perfect health? You
h men complain of being melancholy, of
of palpitation of the heart. They are
hey cannot succeed in business; they
ed and discouraged; they are always
ant in the company of ladies, and look
right in the face—none of your down-
ny other meanness about them. I do
se who keep the organs inflated by run-
s. These will not only ruin their con-
t also these they do business with or

men, from badly cured diseases, from
self-abuse and excesses, have brought
ate of weakness in those organs that has
neral system so much as to induce al-
ther disease—idiocy, lunacy, paralysis,
ne, suicide, and almost every other form
ch humanity is heir to, and the real
ouble scarcely ever suspected, and have
ll but the right one.
these organs require the use of a D-
BOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is
etic, and is a certain cure for diseases of
Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weak-
Complaints, General Debility, and all
Urinary Organs, whether existing in
e, from whatever cause originating, and
ow long standing.
ent is submitted to, Consumption or
ensue. Our flesh and blood are support-
sources, and the health and happiness,
sterity, depends upon prompt use of a
y.
Extract Buchu, established upward of
ared by H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,
, and 104 South 10th street, Philadel-
ice—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for
d to any address. Sold by all Druggists
[Aug. 7–2m.

A CARD.

n, while residing in South America as a
iscovered a safe and simple remedy for
ervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases
and Seminal Organs, and the whole
ers brought on by baneful and vicious
numbers have been cured by this noble
mpted by a desire to benefit the afflicted
e, I will send the recipe for preparing
medicine, in a sealed envelope, to a
it, free of charge. Address
JOSEPH T. IN AN,
Station D, Bible House, New City.

RAY HAIR
o its original Youthful Color,
f that Scientific Discovery, called
VEGETABLE SICILIAN
HAIR RENEWER.

Hair grow upon bald heads, except in
ons, as it furnishes the nutritive princi-
he hair is nourished and supported.
nt the hair from falling out, and does
kin.
dence of its superiority need be adduced
at so many imitations of it are offered

LENDID HAIR-DRESSING!
on the Hair sent free by mail.
L & CO., Nassau, N. H., Proprietors.
ll Druggists. [Sept. 4.–1m.

BLINDNESS AND CATARRH, treat-
most success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Occu-
, (formerly of Leyden, Holland.) No.
hiladelphia, Pa. Testimonials from the
sources in the City and Country can be
e. The medical faculty are invited to
eir patients, as he has no secrets in
Artificial Eyes inserted without pain.
le for examination.
–ly

The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Friday, Sept. 25, 1868.

LARGE SQUIRREL.—A son of Mr. MICHAEL HARNISH, of M'Knightstown, recently shot a fox squirrel which weighed two pounds and a half.

SALARIES OF POSTMASTERS.—We see it stated that the salaries of postmasters have been fixed recently as follows: York, $2,500; York Springs, $330; Wrightsville, $370; Hanover, 1,000; Hanover Junction, $170.

CORRECTION.—Frederick Shulley sold John C. Sheetzer's property in Fairfield, to Jacob Cready, for $1350, instead of $14.50 as formerly published, one half to be paid cash, the balance in two annual payments.

POSTAL.—The reduction of the fees for Money Orders went into effect on the first of the month. An order for $20 or less now costs 10 cents; $30 costs 15 cents; $40, 20 cents; and $50, 25 cents. This change will greatly enhance the popularity of the Money Order system.

PETERSBURG MEETING.—We understand that a delegation of the BOYS IN BLUE of Gettysburg, with Capes, Caps, and Torches, will attend the Petersburg meeting, where they will doubtless be warmly welcomed by the undaunted Republicans of that glorious district.

PROPERTY SALES.—Daniel Lawrence has sold his property at Mount Rock—the house and lot to Lewis Will for $862, and five and a half acres of land to Francis Pohlman for $226 per acre.

Christian Rindlaub has sold his farm in Straban township, 55 acres with improvements, to Jacob Bucher, sen., for $4,737.

The Executors of Isaac Montfort have sold the farm of said Montfort, in Straban township, 180 acres with improvements to Jacob Hulick for $49.00 per acre.

FREDERICK FAIR.—The Frederick County Agricultural Fair and Cattle Show will take place on the new Fair Grounds of the Society, in Frederick, on the 20th, 21st, 22d and 23d of October. They have a fine track and, among other premiums, offer a prize of $200 for the fastest racker or pacer, and $500 for the fastest trotter, open to the world.

HUNTINGTON.—The Grant and Colfax Club of Huntington township has the true spirit, and is preparing for work. The members have secured a room in Petersburg, (Y. S.,) for the special use of the Club, which will be open every evening for the use of members, with papers and good reading. Regular meetings will be held every Monday evening at 7½, when speaking may be expected.

CLUB MEETING.—A. J. COVER, Esq., addressed the Borough Grant and Colfax Club on Friday night last. The Club meets regularly every Friday evening at 7½ o'clock, in the hall above the "*Star and Sentinel*" office, and will be glad to have the friends of Grant and Colfax meet with them. The meetings are not confined to members of the Club. Speaking at every meeting. The Club will meet to-night (Friday) at 7½ o'clock.

VALUABLE HORSE DIED.—On Tuesday a week, HENRY MUSSELMAN, of Hamiltonban township, lost a very valuable horse—one of a pair for which he had been offered $500. We understand that MR. MUSSELMAN intended to exhibit him at our Fair, and had been feeding and taking good care of him for the occasion.—The horse had been turned out in the evening, apparently in good health, but in the morning was found dead. It is thought that he hurt himself internally.

THE FAIR.—As we go to press the Fair is still in progress, and will be continued one day longer than announced on the bills. The weather for the past few days has been very unfavorable. The display of fancy articles was complete and machinery of all kinds was well represented. The stock department was not as full as it should have been, of fast horses there was an abundance, among them could be found some 2.30 one's. We shall give in our next a full description of the fair.

PROFESSOR ELECTED.—A special meeting of the Board of Directors of the Theological Seminary was held on Wednesday last. The resignation of Dr. VALENTINE, elected President of the College, was accepted, and Rev. C. A. STORK, of Baltimore, was unanimously elected to fill the vacant Professorship in the Seminary. Mr. S. is a young man of fine scholarly attainments, and great promise. A committee was appointed to confer with him, and urge his acceptance. Until the vacancy be filled, Drs. BROWN and HAY were requested to discharge the duties of the chair in addition to their present duties.

SYNODICAL.—The Lutheran Synod of West Pennsylvania Synod met in Littlestown on Wednesday of last week, continuing in session until Monday last.—Rev. A. W. LILLY, of York, was elected President, Rev. E. BREIDENBAUGH, of Gettysburg, Secretary, and Rev. Dr. BAUM, of York, Treasurer. The usual business pertaining to Synodical bodies occupied the attention of Synod. An effort was made, through the agency of a Committee, to effect a settlement of the difficulties between St. Paul's and St. John's congregations, which was unsuccessful. Synod adjourned to meet in St. James' Church, Gettysburg, next September.

A WARNING.—We sometimes notice boys on our streets throwing stones at each other. The following from the Baltimore *Sun* of the 8th inst., shows what may come of it:

"Yesterday afternoon about five o'clock a party of small boys were engaged in a stone fight on Sterret street, when Chas. Swab, aged about ten years threw a stone weighing about two pounds, which struck Alonzo Tickner, a boy of the same age, on the neck, causing almost instant death by dislocating the vertebrae, or in other words breaking his neck. The lad Swab who did not appear to understand the serious position in which he was placed, was committed to jail to wait the action of the grand jury."

OLD FASHIONED WHEAT CROPS.—The farmers in this section, who are now in the height of wheat thrashing, report some very large yields. A few farmers in Bergen and Byron have raised crops that average forty bushels per acre, and a large number in Genesee and the western part of Monroe have realized thirty-five per acre. The largest yields from selected fields that we have heard of are five hundred and fifty-two bushels from twelve acres, raised by Ed. Emmens, of Riga, and two hundred and four bushels from four and one-eighth acres, raised by Pitt Squires, of Chili. In quantity per acre the Genesee wheat section is returning to its old standard; but it is doubtful whether it will do so in point of quality.—*Rochester (N. Y.) Chronicle.*

THINK OF IT.—Advertising has created many a new business; has enlarged many an old business; has revived many a dull business; has rescued many a lost business; has saved many a failing business; has preserved many a large business, and insures success in any business. And yet how many business men seem entirely oblivious of this great truth. Folding their arms and waiting for business to come to them, without letting people know what wares they have to sell, the custom don't come, while wide-awake neighbors are reaping the golden fruits of liberal and systematic advertising.

The enlarged and constantly increasing circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" makes it the most valuable advertising medium in this section of the State, and indispensable to business men, irrespective of politics.

INSURANCE COMPANY.—The Managers of "The Adams County Mutual Fire Insurance Company," met on Monday last and organized by electing the following officers:

President—George Swope,
Vice-President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robt. McCurdy, Jacob King, H. A. Picking.

The Annual Report of the Executive Committee, which shows the Company to be in a very prosperous condition, is as follows:

Dr. E. G. FAHNESTOCK, Treasurer, in account with the company.

DR.

To amount of Notes and Judgments on hand at last settlement,	$1,638 55
To cash in hands of Managers at last settlement,	304 52
To cash in hands of Treasurer at last settlement,	1,138 83
Cash Premiums received during the year,	1,623 18
Interest received during the year,	179 16
	$4,883 74

CR.

By cash paid for Printing and Advertising,	$42 00
By cash paid D. A. Buehler, loss by fire,	26 92
By cash paid Jury Fee, Diehl trial,	4 00
By cash paid George Arnold, stamps,	30 00
By cash paid A. D. Buehler, Stationery,	14 85
By cash paid U. S. Revenue Tax,	26 15
" " " Postage,	3 75
" " " Premium on U. S. Bonds,	110 50
By cash paid Fees for Supplement to Charter,	21 25
By cash paid Managers' Fees, &c.,	66 06
" " " Secretary, salary,	50 00
" " " Treasurer, "	50 00
By Notes and Judgments on hand,	1,638 55
By U. S. Bonds,	1,450 00
By cash in hands of Managers,	734 12
" " " Treasurer,	615 59
	$4,883 74

PREMIUM NOTES.

Premium Notes, at last settlement,	$62,525 62
Premium Notes, received during the year,	6,494 26
	$69,019 88
Premium Notes, expired during the year,	18,488 13
	$50,531 75

PROPERTY INSURED.

Amount insured at last settlement,	$1,111,805 50
Amount insured during the year,	229,288 76
	$1,341,094 26
Amount expired during the year,	271,528 96
	$1,069,565 30

OUTSTANDING POLICIES.

Policies outstanding at last settlement,	674
Policies issued during the year,	173
	847 00
Policies expired during the year,	204 00
	643 00

AVAILABLE FUNDS.

Notes and Judgments, bearing interest,	$1,638 55
U. S. Bonds,	1,450 00
Cash in hands of Treasurer and Managers,	1,349 71
	4,438 26
Premium Notes in force,	50,531 75
	$54,970 01

The Executive Committee congratulate the Board on the prosperous condition of the Company, shown by the foregoing exhibit. Three years ago, the Board, following the precedent of reputable Insurance Companies, resolved to increase the Premium Cash and to diminish the Premium Notes, to guard against the necessity of assessments. The result is the accumulation of a surplus fund of $4,438 26, with which to meet future losses. The Committee recommend that this policy be continued, as the safest and in the end the most economical system of conducting insurance operations—leaving to property holders in the county to determine whether or not to avail themselves of the advantages of an accumulated cash capital, which stands between each policy holder and his premium vote, as a security against assessment, and furnishes the means for a prompt liquidation of losses by fire, without the expense and delay incident to assessments.

The Committee have further to report that the suit instituted against the Company by Mr. DIEHL, and which the Committee were instructed to resist, has terminated, after a protracted litigation of several years, in favor of the Company, the Supreme Court having affirmed the verdict obtained by the Company in the last trial. Respectfully submitted.

R. McCURDY,
H. A. PICKING,
JACOB KING,
Executive Committee.

Attest—D. A. BUEHLER, Secretary.

REPUBLICAN MEETING.—The Court House was crowded on Wednesday evening last. The meeting was organized by electing the following officers:

President—Wm. B. Wilson.
Vice-Presidents—Joel B. Danner, Josiah Benner, Capt. E. McGinly, Michael Reily, Wm. King, Hugh McIlheeny, Alex. W. Little, J. S. Witherow, Jonas Rouanzang, Eden Norris, I. N. Durboraw, Capt. Geo. Spangler, A. K. Myers, H. Kobler, Peter Diehl, J. J. Kerr, David Dietrich, Henry Lott, Joseph Barker, Samuel Sadler, Peter Shively, John N. Boyer, Jos. A. Wierman.
Secretaries—Charles Shaner, Wm. Bigham, Paul Hersh, John Brinkerhoff, W. Harrison Lott, Jacob G. McIlheeny, H. C. Peters, Craig M. Geiselman, Clarence Camp, A. M. Hunter.

Mr. CESSNA, having been introduced, was enthusiastically received, and proceeded to deliver one of the most cogent arguments we have ever heard. He fairly met every issue of the canvass, completely exposed the weakness of the enemy's position, and sustained the Republican view with a logic which was unanswerable. He was much applauded, and retired amid enthusiastic expressions of approval.

Mr. MCPHERSON followed, with a few remarks, chiefly on the district and local tickets—after which the large audience dispersed.

Mr. CESSNA left yesterday afternoon for Chambersburg, where he is to speak today; but he will return next week, to fill the appointments elsewhere announced—beginning at Fairfield and closing with Littlestown. We hope to see these meetings of next week largely attended.

THE MORNING GLORY.—Col. C. H. BUEHLER has received a large assortment of these famous base-burning Stoves, which on the score of economy, cleanliness, easy management, and general utility stand unrivalled and defy competition. The great demand for them last season taxed the capacity of the Manufacturers to meet the demand. They are much improved and will doubtless ere long take the place of all other stoves for parlor, office, store and shop. Call and look at them, at the Wareroom on corner of Carlisle and Railroad street, opposite the depot.

Also, on hand a full assortment of the best varieties of COOKING STOVES, including the Spear, Noble Cook, Waverly, Oriental, Washing, Barley Sheaf, Prince Royal, Royal Cook, Excelsior, &c. &c., all WARRANTED to be good bakers. If not satisfactory, they can be returned and the money refunded. Also, a large assortment of Hollow Ware and Tin Ware, Doty's Washing Machine and Universal Wringer. Call and examine. tf

NOW'S THE TIME.—R. C. COBEAN is now selling his Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, at greatly reduced prices, in order to make room for his Fall and Winter stock. Persons in want of any thing in this line should call. He also keeps a No. 1 article of Trunks, made expressly for his trade, Valises, Carpet and Oil Sacks, &c. The public will find at his establishment any thing they want in the gentlemen's furnishing line. Give him a Call. Store on Chambersburg street next door to Jacob's Clothing emporium. sept.18,3t

JUST FROM THE CITY.—Summer has gone, and NORRIS, ever ready to cater to the wants of the people, has just returned from the city with a large variety and all styles of Fall and Winter Clothing, which he is selling at prices far below those of last season. His stock of Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes cannot be surpassed outside of the city. He selects his goods with great care and always keeps his eyes open to the wants of his customers. You will find NORRIS' establishment on Chambersburg street, next door to BUEHLER's Drug store, where the public are respectfully invited to call and see for themselves. See advertisement. Sept. 18. 2t

SELLING OFF.—A fine chance for Bargains is now presented at the store of DUPHORN & HOFFMAN, in this place, who are selling off their large and varied stock of Dry Goods at cost. Their goods are of the latest styles and best quality. Their stock of cloths, cassimeres, tweeds, etc., is extensive. They are going to sell their entire stock, and persons would do well to call early and get the first choice, as the goods are selling rapidly. See advertisement. aug.28.6t

NOW IS THE TIME.—Housekeepers can economize by laying in their winter coal at once, as freights are now lower than they will be a month hence, and Coal will necessarily rise. Persons desiring to save money, will do well to call at once on Col. C. H. BUEHLER, who is prepared to furnish all kinds of Stove, Blacksmith and Lime-burner's Coal at lowest market prices. tf

FOR SALE.—A large *Bulk Show Window* and a pair of double *Doors*, suitable for store or business stand. Will be sold low. Apply to A. D. BUEHLER, Gettysburg. 3t

☞No loss can be more fatal to beauty, especially in the female sex, than the loss of the Hair; glossy, luxuriant hair is one of the most powerful of all personal charms. When baldness or even a deficiency of hair exists, we naturally look for a dry and wrinkled skin, a faded complexion; when not actually seen, we see them in imagination. Why, then, not cultivate your hair? Encourage it and strengthen it; or if your hair is gray or white, the natural color can be restored by a few applications of MRS S. A. ALLEN'S IMPROVED (*new style*) HAIR RESTORER OR DRESSING, (*in one bottle.*) Price One Dollar. Every Druggist sells it. Sept. 4—4t

☞Let it always be remembered that "Barrett's Vegetable Hair Restorative" is *not a dye*; that it does not color the scalp, but by its remarkable life-giving properties *restores* the hair to its original lustre and beauty.—*Detroit Tribune.*

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK.—Having largely added to our facilities for Job Printing, we are now enabled with the aid of our Campbell Power Press, Gordon Jobber, and Hand Presses, to turn out promptly all kinds of Printing, from the smallest Card to the largest Poster, including Pamphlets, Speeches, Catalogues, Circulars, Programmes, &c. With our new Job Press.

A CHRISTMAS TALE.—There once dwelt in what is now a famous city, not a mile from Boston, an opulent widow lady, who once afforded a queer illustration of that queer compound of incompatibles called "human nature."

It was a Christmas eve, during one of those old-fashioned winters which were so bitter cold. The old lady put on an extra shawl, and as she shrugged her shivering frame she said to her faithful negro servant:

"It's terrible cold night, Scip. I am afraid my poor neighbor, Widow Green, must be suffering. Take the wheelbarrow, Scip; fill it full of wood; pile on a good load; and tell the poor woman to keep herself warm and comfortable. But before you go, Scip, put some more wood on the fire, and make me a nice mug of flip." These last orders were duly obeyed; and the old lady was thoroughly warmed, inside and out. And now trusty Scipio was about to depart on his errand of mercy, when his considerate mistress interposed again:

"Stop, Scip. You need not go now.—*The weather has moderated!*"

Review of the Markets.

Baltimore Grain & Produce Market.
Baltimore, Thursday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR,	8 25	@	8 75
EXTRA FLOUR,	9 75	@	10 25
WHITE WHEAT,	2 10	@	2 22
RED WHEAT,	2 00	@	2 55
CORN,	1 15	@	1 25
RYE,	1 40	@	1 43
OATS,	60	@	74
TIMOTHY-SEED,	3 15	@	3 25
CLOVER-SEED,	8 50	@	9 00
FLAX-SEED,	2 65	@	2 75
BACON, SHOULDERS,	14	@	14½
" SIDES,	17	@	17½
" HAMS,	20½	@	22½
LARD,	19	@	20
GOLD, Phila.			1 42⅞

Gettysburg Grain & Provision Market.
Gettysburg, Friday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR,			10 00
EXTRA FLOUR,	11 00	@	12 00
WHITE WHEAT,	2 30	@	2 50
RED WHEAT,	000	@	2 10
CORN,			1 15
RYE,			1 20
OATS,			55
BUCKWHEAT,			1 00
TIMOTHY SEED,			2 75
CLOVER SEED,			7 00
POTATOES,			1 00
BUTTER,			32
LARD,			16
EGGS,			20
BACON, HAMS,			20
" SIDES,			16
" SHOULDERS,			16
SOAP,	6	@	8
TALLOW,			10

MARRIED.

EBBERSOLE—BAUBLITZ.—On the 3d inst., by Rev. W. F. P. Davis, Mr Leander Ebbersole, to Miss Leah Baublitz, both of Adams county.

HARMON—RINEHART.—On Tuesday 8th inst., by Rev. Dr. Hauer, John W. Harmon, of Abbottstown, to Mrs. Jennie L. Rinehart, of Huntertown.

MARKS—TRIMMER.—On the 6th inst., by Rev. W. F. P. Davis, Mr. Miram H. Marks, to Miss Sarah A. Trimmer, both of Adams county.

SNYDER—LAUCHMAN.—On Tuesday 15th inst., by Rev. Dr. Hauer, Rufus H. Snyder, of York co., to Miss Margaret Lauchman, of Berwick township, Adams co.

DIED.

☞Obituary notices 5 cents a line for all over 4 lines—cash to accompany notices.

DOTTERAR.—On the 8th inst., Miss Catharine Dotterar, of Butler township, aged about 70 years.

LAWRENCE.—On the 8th inst., Martin George son of Levi and Rosanna Lawrence, of Mountpleasant township, aged 2 years and 5 months.

MILLER.—On the 12th inst., at New Oxford, Jacob Bushley, infant son of D. M. and Louisa Miller, aged 5 months and 6 days.

MCSHERRY.—On the 11th inst., in East Berlin, Lydia wife of Mr. Hugh McSherry, aged 62 years 4 months and 10 days.

GRANT & COLFAX!

THE "GRANT & COLFAX CLUB of Huntington twp" will meet regularly *every Monday Evening*, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Speaking may be expected each evening. The Club room is open every evening to its members. Papers and good reading matter always on hand.
E. W. SADLER, President.
G. A. URIAH, Secretary. [Sept. 25.—3t

TEACHERS WANTED.—The School Directors of LITTLESTOWN wish to employ THREE TEACHERS for the public school of said place for the Winter Sessions. Apply to
W. F. CROUSE, Secretary.
Sept. 25—4t*

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Adams county, to dispose of the exceptions filed to the account of JOHN BLOCHER, Executor of the will of JOSEPH BLOCHER, late of Mountjoy township, deceased, will attend to the duties of his said appointment, at the office of McCONAUGHY & KRAUTH, in Gettysburg, on Saturday, the 17th day of October next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where all parties interested are notified to attend.
Sept. 25—3t D. McCONAUGHY, Auditor.

New Advertisements.

VALUABLE FARM AT PUBLIC SALE.

The widow and heirs of John Heller, deceased, will sell at Public Vendue, on the premises, on *Thursday the 29th day of October next*, that valuable farm, late of said deceased, in Menallen township, Adams county, containing 92 Acres, more or less, with a large two-story Weatherboarded Dwelling House, large Bank Barn, lately built and other convenient outbuildings thereon erected. There is an abundance of good water and Orchards of choice fruit on the premises, about 65 Acres of the land is cleared and well fenced, and in good state of cultivation, and the residue is heavily timbered with Oak, Hickory and Chestnut.—This farm is five miles from Bendersville and the same distance from Arendtsville, near the Shippensburg road, adjoining Amos Stasser, William Heller and others. It is a good farm, and worth the attention of persons wishing to purchase. Any person wishing to see the farm can call on Adam Loop, the present tenant.

Sale will commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by
SARAH HELLER,
Widow and agent for the Heirs.
Sept. 25.—ts

N. B.—If the property should not be sold it will be offered for rent on the same day. Six per cent. of the purchase money to be paid on day of sale

SALE OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.

On Tuesday, the 20th day of October next.

The undersigned will sell his House and Lot, about one mile east of Hunterstown, on the road leading from Hunterstown to the York and Gettysburg turnpike, adjoining lands of William and Samuel McCreary. The Lot consists of six Acres, in good order, on which there are a variety of Apple and Peach Trees. The House is a one-story and a half front building, cased with brick, and a backbuilding of one story, weatherboarded. There is a well of water near the door.

Also, a Lot of Tanning Tools, a Cooking Stove, a Ten-plate Stove, and a variety of Household and Kitchen Furniture.

Attendance will be given and terms made known by
HENRY HARMON.
JOHN STALLSMITH, Auctioneer. [Sept. 25.–ts*

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL & PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The subscriber, residing in the town of Mummasburg, will sell at Public Sale, *on Wednesday the 28th of October next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.*, the following valuable Personal Property, to wit:

A FAMILY MARE, 1 Cow, 3 Shotes, 2 Bar-shear Plows, Shovel Plow, one horse Wagon, Winnowing Mill, Rolling Screen, Cutting Box, Harrow, Shovels, Forks, Cross-cut Saw, Hoes, Grain Shovel, Mattock, 2 Bedsteads and Bedding, Corner Cupboard, Dining Table, Cooking Stove and Pipe, Ten-plate Stove and Pipe, Chest, Meat Vessel, Wash Tubs, Copper Kettle, Iron Kettle, and a variety of Household and Kitchen Furniture too numerous to mention.

Also, on the same day, I will offer my House and 2 Lots of ground, and 10 Acres of land, in Town Lots, all in the town of Mummasburg. If the House and 2 Lots are not sold on said day, they will be for Rent for one year, from the 1st day of April next.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by ANDREW THOMAS.
Sept. 25.—ts

Election Proclamation.

WHEREAS in and by the Act of the General Assembly of this State, entitled "An act to regulate the General Elections of this Commonwealth," enacted on the 2nd of July, 1839, it is enjoined on me to give Public Notice of such Election to be held, and to enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected: I, PHILIP HANN, Sheriff of the County of Adams, therefore, hereby give this public notice to the Electors of the said County of Adams, that a GENERAL ELECTION will be held in said County, on the SECOND TUESDAY OF OCTOBER NEXT, (THE 13TH) in the several Districts, composed of the following Townships, viz:

In the First district, composed of the Borough of Gettysburg, at the Court House, in Gettysburg.

In the second district, composed of the township of Germany, at Golden's School-house, in the township of Germany.

In the Third district, composed of the township of Oxford, at the house of I. B. Houser, in the town of New Oxford.

In the Fourth district, composed of the townships of Latimore and Huntington, at the house of Jane Reed, in the township of Huntington.

In the Fifth district, composed of the townships of Hamiltonban and Liberty, at the Public School house in Millerstown.

In the Sixth district, composed of the township of Hamilton, at the house now occupied by F. Ramer, in the town of East Berlin.

In the Seventh district, composed of the township of Menallen, in the Public School house in the town of Bendersville.

In the Eighth district, composed of the township of Straban, at the house of Jacob L. Grass, in Hunterstown.

In the Ninth district, composed of the township of Franklin, at the house now occupied by John P. Butt, in said township.

In the Tenth district, composed of the township of Conowago, at the house of Jeremiah Johns, in McSherrystown.

In the Eleventh district, composed of the township of Tyrone, at the house of H. B. Stone, in Heidlersburg.

In the Twelfth district, composed of the township of Mountjoy, at the house of Mrs. V. Haus, in said township.

In the Thirteenth district, composed of the township of Mountpleasant, at the public School house in said township, situate at the Cross roads, the one leading from Oxford to the Two Taverns, the other from Hunterstown to Hanover.

In the Fourteenth district, composed of the township of Reading, at the house of R. M. Dicks, in Hampton.

In the Fifteenth district, composed of the Borough of Berwick, at the public school house in Abbottstown.

In the Sixteenth district composed of the township of Freedom, at the house of Samuel Moritz, in said township.

In the Seventeenth district, composed of the township of Union, at the house of Enoch Lefever, in said township.

In the Eighteenth district composed of the township of Butler, at the public school house in Middletown, in said township.

In the Nineteenth district composed of the township of Berwick, at the Pigeon Hill school house, in said township.

In the Twentieth district composed of the township of Cumberland, at the house of Conrad Snyder, in the borough of Gettysburg.

In the Twenty-first district, composed of the township of Highland at the School House at Lower Marsh Creek Presbyterian Church in said township.

In the Twenty-second district composed of the borough of Littlestown at the most westerly School-house in said borough.

At which time and places will be elected
One Auditor General;
One Surveyor General;
One member of Congress, to represent the District composed of the Counties of Adams, Franklin, Fulton, Bedford and Somerset;
One Senator, to represent the District composed of the Counties of Franklin and Adams;
One Member of Assembly;
One Prothonotary;
One District Attorney;
One County Commissioner;
One Director of the Poor;
One County Auditor; and
One County Surveyor.

By an Act of the General Assembly of this State it is enjoined upon me to insert in my proclamation of elections the following sections of Laws passed by said General Assembly, as follows:

(Act of March 30 1866.)

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections, are hereby, hereafter, authorized and required to vote, by tickets, printed, or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and to be labelled, outside, "judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all state officers voted for, and be labelled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for, and be labelled "county;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labelled "township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labelled "borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot-boxes.

(Act of June 4, 1866.)

WHEREAS, By the act of the Congress of the United States, entitled "An Act to amend the several acts heretofore passed to provide for the enrolling and calling out the National forces, and for other purposes," and approved March third, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, all persons who have deserted the military or naval service of the United States, and who have not been discharged, or relieved from the penalty or disability therein provided, are deemed, and taken, to have voluntarily relinquished, and forfeited, their rights of citizenship, and their rights to become citizens, and are deprived of exercising any rights of citizens thereof:

AND WHEREAS, Persons, not citizens of the United States, are not under the Constitution and Laws of Pennsylvania, qualified electors of this Commonwealth:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same: That in all elections hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, it shall be unlawful for the judge or inspectors of any such election to receive any ballot, or ballots, from any person, or persons, embraced in the provisions, and subject to the disability imposed by said act of Congress, approved March third, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and it shall be unlawful for any such person to offer to vote any ballot or ballots.

SECTION 2. That if any such judge and inspectors of election, or any one of them shall receive, or consent to receive, any such unlawful ballot, or ballots, from any such disqualified person, he, or they, so offending, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, in any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, he shall, for each offence be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and to undergo an imprisonment, in the jail of the proper county, for not less than sixty days.

SECTION 3. That if any person deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid, shall, at any election, hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, vote, or tender to the officers thereof, and offer to vote, a ballot or ballots, any person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, in any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, shall, for each offence, be punished in like manner as is provided in the preceding section of this act in the case of officers of election receiving such unlawful ballot or ballots.

SECTION 4. That if any person shall hereafter persuade, or advise, any person or persons deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid, to offer any ballot, or ballots, to the officers of any election, hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, or shall persuade, or advise, any such officers to receive any ballot, or ballots, from any person deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid, such person, so offending, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, in any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, shall be punished in like manner as is provided in the second section of this act, in the case of officers of such election receiving such unlawful ballot or ballots.

ALSO—In and by virtue of the 14th section of the act of Feb. 27th, 1849, every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State, or of the United States, or any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or Common Council of any City or Commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector, or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Judge, Inspector, or other officer of any such election, shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for.

ALSO—That in the fourth section of the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act relating to executions, and for other purposes," approved April 16th, 1840, it is enacted that the aforesaid 14th section "shall not be construed, as to prevent any militia officer or borough officer from serving as judge, inspector or clerk, at any general or special election in this Commonwealth."

And in and by Act of the General Assembly of this State, passed the 2nd day of July, 1839, it is directed that the Inspectors and Judges be at the places of their districts on the day of General Election aforesaid, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, to do and perform the several duties required and enjoined on them in and by the same act.

And be it further directed, in and by the Act of the General Assembly of this State, aforesaid, that one of the Judges of each of the different districts aforesaid, who shall have the charge of the certificates of the number of votes which shall have been given for each candidate for the different offices then and there voted for at their respective districts, shall meet the third day after the election, which shall be on FRIDAY THE 16TH of OCTOBER aforesaid, at the Court-house, in the borough of Gettysburg, then and there to make a fair statement and certificate of the number of votes, which shall have been given at the different districts in the county of Adams for any persons for the offices aforesaid.
PHILIP HANN, Sheriff.
Sheriff's office, Gettysburg Sept. 25, 1868.

*Election officers will take notice that the act entitled "A Further Supplement to the Election Laws of this Commonwealth," disqualifying deserters from the army of the United States from voting has recently been declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, [illegible] said persons formerly disqualified thereunder will the exception [illegible] wise qualified.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE TO ASSESSORS.

The Assessors elected at the last Spring Election are hereby notified to attend at the Commissioner's Office in the borough of Gettysburg, to receive blank Assessment Duplicates and the necessary instructions, as follows:

The Assessors of Union, Conowago, Berwick, Berwick borough, Oxford, Hamilton, Reading, Mountpleasant, Germany, Straban, Mountjoy and Littlestown, will attend on *Wednesday* 14th day of October next.

And the Assessors of the borough of Gettysburg, Cumberland, Highland, Freedom, Liberty, Hamiltonban, Franklin, Butler, Menallen, Tyrone, Huntington and Latimore, will attend on *Thursday, the 15th day of October next.*

By order of the Commissioners,
Sept. 25—td J. M. WALTER, Clerk.

GETTYSBURG RAIL ROAD.
TIME TABLE.

FIRST TRAIN leaves Gettysburg at 7 15, A. M. and connects at Hanover Junction with the Fast Line South at 9 12, reaching Baltimore at 11 20, A. M.—Also, with Mail Train North at 10.55, A. M., reaching Harrisburg at 12 55, P. M. Returning arrives at Gettysburg 12 30, P. M.

SECOND TRAIN leaves Gettysburg at 1 P. M., and connects at Hanover Junction with Mail Train South at 3 08, P. M., reaching Baltimore at 5 45, P. M. Returning arrives at Gettysburg at 6, P. M.

The Freight Train with Passenger Car attached, leaves Hanover at 8 30, A. M., arriving in Gettysburg at 10, A. M. Leaves Gettysburg for Hanover at 2, A. M.
Sept. 25, 1868. R. McCURDY, Sup't.

800 MILES
OF THE
UNION PACIFIC
RAILROAD

Are now finished and in operation. Although this road is built with great rapidity, the work is thoroughly done, and is pronounced by the United States Commissioners to be first-class in every respect, before it is accepted, and before any bonds can be issued upon it.

Rapidity and excellence of construction have been secured by a complete division of labor, and by distributing the twenty thousand men employed along the line for long distances at once. It is now probable that the

Whole Line to the PACIFIC will be Completed in 1869.

The Company have ample means of which the Government grants the right of way, and all necessary timber and other materials found along the line of its operations; also 12,800 acres of land to the mile, taken in alternate sections on each side of its road; also United States Thirty-year Bonds, amounting to from $16,000 to $48,000 per mile, according to the difficulties to be surmounted on the various sections to be built, for which it takes a second mortgage as security, and it is expected that not only the interest, but the principal amount may be paid in services rendered by the Company in transporting troops, mails, &c.

THE EARNINGS OF THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD, from its Way or Local Business only, during the year ending June 30th, 1868, amounted to over

FOUR MILLION DOLLARS,

which, after paying all expenses was much more than sufficient to pay the interest upon its Bonds. These earnings are no indication of the vast through traffic that must follow the opening of the line to the Pacific, but they certainly prove that

First Mortgage Bonds

upon such a property, costing nearly three times their amount,

ARE ENTIRELY SECURE

The Union Pacific Bonds run thirty years, are for $1,000 each, and have coupons attached. They bear annual interest, payable on the first days of January and July at the Company's office in the City of New York, at the rate of six per cent. in gold. The principal is payable in gold at maturity. The price is 102, and at the present rate of gold, they pay a liberal income on their cost.

A very important consideration in determining the value of these bonds is *the length of time they have to run.*

It is well known that a long bond always commands a much higher price than a short one. It is safe to assume that during the next thirty years, the rate of interest in the United States will decline as it has done in Europe, and we have a right to expect that such six per cent. securities as these will be held at as high a premium as those of this Government, which, in 1867, were bought in at from 20 to 23 per cent. above par. The export demand alone may produce this result, and as the issue of a private corporation, they are beyond the reach of political action.

The Company believe that their Bonds, at the present rate, are the cheapest security in the market, and the right to advance the price at any time is reserved. Subscriptions will be received in

FIRST NATIONAL BANK and
GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK,

and in New York

AT THE COMPANY'S OFFICE, NO. 20 NASSAU ST.,
AND BY
JOHN J. CISCO & SON, BANKERS, No. 59 WALL ST.,

And by the Company's advertised agents throughout the United States.

Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the Bonds will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents, will look to them for their safe delivery.

A PAMPHLET AND MAP FOR 1868 has just been published by the Company, giving fuller information than is possible in an advertisement, respecting the Progress of the Work, the Resources of the Country traversed by the Road, the Means for Construction, and the Value of the Bonds, which will be sent free on application at the Company's offices or to any of the advertised agents.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer, New York.
August 21.—tf

E. W. CLARK & CO.,
BANKERS,
NO. 35 S. THIRD ST., PHILADELPHIA,
GENERAL AGENTS
FOR THE
NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
FOR THE
States of Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey.

The NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY is a corporation Chartered by Special Act of Congress, approved July 25, 1868, with a

Cash Capital of One Million Dollars,

and is now thoroughly organized and prepared for business.

Liberal terms offered to Agents and Solicitors, who are invited to apply at our office.

Full particulars to be had on application at our office, located in the second story of our Banking House, where Circulars and Pamphlets, fully describing the advantages offered by the Company, may be had.

Applications for Central and Western Pennsylvania to be made to B. S. RUSSELL, Manager, Towanda, Pa.

E. W. CLARK & CO.,
No. 35 South Third Street,
PHILADELPHIA, PA
Aug. 21, 1868.—1yin

1868. MILLINERY. 1868.
MISS McCREARY

HAS just returned from the City with a large assortment of Fall

BONNETS & HATS.

Also, Bonnet and Hat Trimmings of the latest styles, with an assortment of fashionable

Fancy and Toilet Goods.

She is determined to sell at the very lowest cash prices.

READY-MADE BONNETS will be kept on hand, and Bonnets made to order at the shortest notice.

Milliners supplied with goods to sell again on the most favorable terms, and patterns with instructions gratis. [Sept. 11.—3m

CHEAP SHOES!

WE have for sale a large assortment of Shoes for Children and Ladies that will be sold at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

For quality of goods and price we invite comparison

☞Men's and Boy's Heavy Boots at very low prices

ROW & WOODS.
Sept. 4.—6t

To Builders.

PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned until 1st OCTOBER NEXT, for erecting at the Orphans' Homestead at Gettysburg, a TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE, WITH FRENCH ROOF, &c., according to plans and specifications which may be seen at the Homestead. The committee reserve to themselves the right to reject any, or all bids deemed unsatisfactory.
J. C. BURNS,
Sept. 18.—2t Steward.

GRAY'S FERRY PRINTING INK WORKS,
Gray's Ferry Road & Thirty-third Sts., Phila., Pa.
C. E. ROBINSON,
Manufacturer of
BLACK AND COLORED PRINTING AND LITHOGRAPHIC INKS, VARNISHES, &C.
Sept. 18.—3m

JOB PRINTING,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
EXECUTED NEATLY AND CHEAPLY
AT THIS OFFICE.

New Advertisements.

CARPET WEAVING.

The subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has commenced WEAVING CARPETS at his residence in GREEN RIDGE, Adams county, on the pike from New Oxford to Hampton, 2 miles north of New Oxford, and 2 miles south of Hampton. My work is warranted to give entire satisfaction. Having almost spent a life-time at the Business, I claim to be second to no carpet-weaver anywhere. Try me and be convinced.
HENRY SPECK.
Green Ridge, Pa., Sept. 11.—3t

QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP.
QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP.
QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP

For doing a family washing in the best and cheapest manner. Guaranteed equal to any in the world! Has all the strength of old rosin soap with the mild and lathering qualities of genuine Castile. Try this splendid Soap. Sold by the ALDEN CHEMICAL WORKS, 48 North Front street, Philadelphia.
Sept. 11.—1y

WOOD FOR SALE,
300 CORDS OAK,
200 *HICKORY*,
AT SANDOE'S MILL.

☞Price $2 and $3 per cord on the ground.
GEO. ARNOLD.
Gettysburg, Aug. 28, 1868.—t

Groceries.

GROCERIES & LUMBER
AT PAXTON'S STORE, ON THE HILL, BALTIMORE STREET, GETTYSBURG, PA.

FRESH GROCERIES

every week from the City, Provisions, Dried and Green Fruits of all kinds, always on hand, at lowest rates.

FLOUR, CORN MEAL, CHEESE, PURE CIDER VINEGAR, SOAPS OF ALL KINDS, CANDLES, NOTIONS, CONFECTIONARIES, BROOMS, &c.; also,

LUMBER,

such as Scantling, Posts, Shingles, Plank, &c., continually on hand at lowest living rates. Call and see.
June 24.—tf

GILLESPIE & CO.,
Dealers in Flour, Groceries, Notions, &c.,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,

INVITE the attention of the public to their large stock of Goods, at the old stand, on York street, next door to the Globe Inn, consisting of the best of

GROCERIES,

Sugars, Syrups, Molasses, Coffees, Teas, Spices, Salt, &c.; the

BEST BRANDS OF FLOUR

in the market, with Hams, Shoulders, Sides, Fish, Dried Fruits, Confections, &c. Also,

NOTIONS,

in great variety; Cedar and Willow-ware, Stoneware, Crockery-ware, Baskets, Segars, Tobaccos, and a thousand and one other articles.

BUTTER AND EGGS,

nice and fresh, always for sale.

GILLESPIE & CO. will spare no effort to please, and are confident of being able to do so by constantly keeping a full and choice stock, and selling at the very lowest profits. COUNTRY PRODUCE wanted, either for the cash or in exchange for goods, highest market price allowed.
JOSEPH S. GILLESPIE,
DANIEL CASHMAN.
June 17, 1868.—tf

WM. BOYER & SON,
DEALERS IN
GROCERIES, NOTIONS,
TOBACCOS,
ALSO,
Stone, Wooden and Willow Ware,

☞A general assortment of all Goods usually kept in a FAMILY GROCERY.
Dec. 4, 1867.—tf

SELLING OFF!
As rapidly as I can to make room for more
GROCERIES AND LIQUORS.

HAVING just returned from the City with the largest and most varied assortment of fine goods ever offered here, I expect every body to look to their interest and buy where they can get the cheapest and best goods for the

CASH, as that is my motto.

FAMILY GROCERIES of all kinds, consisting in part of Syrups of all kinds, Molasses, Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Spices, &c., &c.

Flour, Bacon, Lard, Dried Beef,

Large lot of very good Sugar-cured Hams, No. 1 Mackerel, Shad and Herring.

My Liquor cannot be surpassed

in cheapness or quality, from Common Whiskey to pure French Brandy, Holland Gin or Rye Whiskey—for medicinal or other purposes. Hotel Keepers can be supplied with Liquors at City prices, and save freight and package. Mishler's, Hoofland's and Zingari Bitters, also, A. Speer's Grape Wine.
WM J. MARTIN,
May 27 1868—tf Salt street, Gettysburg.

BARGAINS
at the new
GROCERY
IN GETTYSBURG.

JOHN CRESS & SON

HAVING opened a new Grocery, in Gettysburg, on the north-west corner of the Public Square, have just received a splendid assortment of FRESH

GROCERIES,

including Sugars, Coffee, Molasses, Syrup, Teas, Spices, Tobacco, Salt, Fish, Hams, Shoulders, &c. Also,

QUEENSWARE, CONFECTIONS,

Nuts, Fruits, Soaps, Fancy Articles and Notions generally. We will also keep on hand FLOUR and FEED-STUFFS.

Having purchased for CASH, we are prepared to sell very cheap. Give us a call and judge for yourselves.
JOHN CRESS,
Sept. 25, 1867.—tf J. W. CRESS.

Grocery and Flour Store.
REMOVAL.
MEALS & BROTHER

HAVE removed their Store to the Ninestedt property, on Chambersburg street, where they propose to keep constantly on hand

ALL KINDS OF
GROCERIES,
FLOUR, FEED, NOTIONS, &c.

Also, VEGETABLES in season, fresh from the city and country. They are determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest, and as they only ask the lowest living profits, they hope to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage. MEALS & BRO.
April 8, 1868—tf.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of JOHN SHULL, late of Straban township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
SAMUEL SHULL,
WM. F. SHULL, } Executors.
Aug. 21.—6t*
SAMUEL SHULL lives in Tyrone and WM. F. SHULL in Tyrone township.

NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the Estate of Hon THADDEUS STEVENS, late of Lancaster city, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to call and settle the same, and to those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
ANTHONY E. ROBERTS,
O. J. DICKEY,
EDWARD McPHERSON, } Executors.
☞The first named [illegible] reside in Lancaster, and the latter in Gettysburg.
Aug. 21—6t

Soldiers' Discharges.

HAVING procured the proper Docket, [illegible] ordance with a recent Act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania. [illegible] in this matter.
WM. D. HOLTZWORTH,
Register & Recorder of [illegible].
June 10.—tf

DISSOLUTION.

The Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm of [illegible] BECKER, of Petersburg, (Y. S.) is hereby dissolved. All persons indebted to said firm will please make payment without delay. [illegible] to use the name of the firm in the settlement of the business. Said dissolution to take effect from the [illegible] day of May, 1868.
D. G. [illegible]
[illegible]
July 10, 1868.—3m

PAMPHLET LAWS.

The PAMPHLET LAWS for 1868, have been received at the Prothonotary's office, and are ready for distribution among the persons entitled to receive them. [illegible]
Sept. 11.—3t

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on MONDAY, the [illegible] day of OCTOBER next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:
186. First and final account of [illegible], Administrator of Hon. James Wilson, [illegible]
187. The first account of Thomas A. [illegible] H. Geo. Executors of [illegible]
188. The first account of [illegible] trix of estate of [illegible]
W. D. HOLTZWORTH, Register.
Oct. 16, 1868.—to

Real and Personal Sales.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE.

The subscriber offers at Private Sale the valuable Farm, on which he now resides, situate in Huntington township, Adams county, Pa., about 2 miles south of Petersburg, near Wierman's Mill, adjoining lands of Joseph Wierman, Joseph A. Wierman, Herman Wierman, and others, containing 66 ACRES, more or less. The Improvements are a two-story Frame and Log Weatherboarded Dwelling, with a Log Kitchen attached, Log Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, a Frame Weatherboarded Shop, and other outbuildings. There are two good Springs, one of them convenient to the house, a thriving young Apple Orchard, about 150 bearing Peach trees, about 25 bearing Pear trees, and other fruit. There is a fair proportion of good Timber and Meadow. There are between 4000 and 5000 young fruit trees in a Nursery, which will be sold with the property.

Any person desiring to view the premises can call on the subscriber residing thereon. The property is in good order.

If the above property be not sold by the last of October, it will then be for Rent.
Sept. 18.—6t JOHN CLEAVER.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY.

The Administrators of the estate of John Hoke, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, *on Saturday the 17th of October next*, under an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, the House and Lot now occupied by F. D. Duphorn on the west side of Carlisle street, near the public square, bounded north by an alley, and south and west by other property of said estate. The Lot is 41 feet front by 30 feet deep with a two-story Brick House which has been recently fitted up, and being eligibly located is very desirable as a residence and well situated for public business.

Persons wishing to purchase property will do well to give it their attention.

Sale will commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by
ANN E. HOKE, Adm'x,
FRANK D. DUPHORN, Adm'r.
J. CALDWELL, Auctioneer.
Sept. 18.—ts

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY.

By virtue of a Decree of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Guardian of the minor children of Jacob Lansinger, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, *on Saturday, the 31st day of October next, at 1 o'clock, P. M.*, on the premises, a Lot of Ground, in the borough of Littlestown, Adams county, Penna., known as No. 1 of Renshaw's Addition, fronting 40 feet on North Queen street, and 66 feet in rear, with a depth of 2.0 feet, adjoining lot No. 2 on the north and public alleys on the east and south. The improvements consist of a good two-story Frame Dwelling, a good well of water, choice fruit trees, grape vines, &c. The location is desirable, being near the public square.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by WM. H. LANSINGER,
Sept. 18.—ts Guardian

PUBLIC SALE.

On Saturday, September 26th, 1868, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

The undersigned will sell at his residence on Seminary Ridge, the following property, viz:

2 BEDSTEADS and Bedding, 1 new Bedstead, 1 new Cooking Stove, 1 Bureau, Table, Iron Pots, and a variety of other articles.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by GEORGE HAGERMAN, as my Agent.
JOHN L. BURNS.
JAMES CALDWELL, Auctioneer. [Sept. 18–1t.

FOR SALE.

A first-class Farm of 172 Acres Limestone land, 30 Acres of which are in heavy white Oak Timber; situated in Adams county, on Conowago creek, three miles from Hanover, on the high road, and on the railroad from Hanover to Littlestown, and adjoining Bollinger's Mill property, (formerly Kitzmillers).—The buildings consist of a first-class Barn, ample outbuildings, new Tenant House, and large brick Mansion House, all in superior condition. This farm is offered for sale low, and on accommodating terms.—Apply to the undersigned residing on the premises.
Address, F. A. UHL,
Sell's Station, Adams county, Pa.
Sept. 18.—4t*

PRIVATE SALE OF A VALUABLE FARM.

The undersigned intending to quit farming, offers for sale the Farm on which he now resides, near the Carlisle pike, one mile from Round Hill P. O., and three miles from York Sulphur Springs and Hampton, Adams county, Pa., containing 101 ACRES, more or less, on which is erected a new two-story Gutter Post House, 24 by 28 feet, with back-kitchen. There is a pump of never-failing water at the door, and Springs in two of the fields, and running water in two others; Apples, Peaches, Cherries, and other fruit trees on the premises; a good and new Bank Barn, built in 1866, with all other outbuildings, Hog and Chicken House, &c. Five thousand bushels of Lime have been put on this farm in the last four years, and five thousand new rails. There are about 30 Acres of heavy Timberland of White Oak and Hickory. It also lies convenient to Churches, Mills, Blacksmith Shops, Stores and Post office. This is a good chance, as the farm is in a high state of cultivation, price low; half cash, balance in payments with interest.

If the above farm is not sold by the *first of December*, it will be RENTED.

For further information address
I. R. SHIPLEY,
Round Hill, P. O., Adams co., Pa.
Aug. 28.—tf

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, *on Wednesday, the 30th day of September inst.*, at his residence on the Harrisburg State road, in Straban township, about five miles from Gettysburg, the following valuable Personal Property, viz:

2 HEAD OF HORSES, 2 head of 1½ year old Colts, 5 head of heavy Steers, 3 Milch Cows, 4 Heifers, 4 Bulls, one a full blooded Durham, and one a full blooded Devonshire, a Brood Sow with pigs, Ohio Buckeye Reaper and Mower, Patent Wire-Tooth Hay Rake, a two or three horse Wagon, one horse Spring Wagon, Ploughs, Harrows, and a variety of other Farming Utensils requisite on a first class farm.

Sale will commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by C. E. GOLDSBOROUGH.
Sept 4—ts

PUBLIC SALE OF A VALUABLE HOUSE AND LOT.

The undersigned, Executor of the will of John Brown, deceased, late of Gettysburg, will sell at Public Sale, *on Tuesday, the 29th of September inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M.*, the Real Estate of said deceased, to wit:

A LOT OF GROUND, on the east side of Baltimore street, adjoining lots of Dr. Jno. Runkel, on the south, and H. M. Paxton, on the north with a two-story FRAME HOUSE, a two-story Brick back-building, and other Improvements thereon. The property is desirable and will be sold without fail.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by R. G. McCREARY,
Sept. 4–ts Executor.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned offers at Private Sale the property on which he now resides in Franklin township near Cashtown and the Chambersburg pike adjoining lands of Andrew Wisler, John Bittinger, John P. Butt, Adam Henry and others, and containing 50 ACRES, more or less. The Improvements consist of a two-story Log Weatherboarded Dwelling with a basement Kitchen, a Log Barn, wheelwright Shop and other outbuildings, a Well of excellent water with a pump in near the door; also, a running stream through the property, a thriving Orchard of Apples and all kinds of fruit. The property is in good condition having over two thousand bushels of lime put thereon. There is a due proportion of Meadow and Timber land. It is also located convenient to Churches, School Houses, Post-offices and Mechanics, which make it a desirable property.

Persons wishing to view the property or ascertain terms, will apply to the subscriber residing thereon.
August 28—tf DANIEL HEIGES.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The subscribers, Executors of the last will and Testament of Nathaniel Grayson, Esq., deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on *Tuesday, the 29th day of September next*, the Farm of the said decedent, situate in Liberty township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Lewis Wertz, John Nunemaker and others, on the Public Road between Emmittsburg and Fairfield, and containing 150 Acres. Improved with a large Two-story weatherboarded Dwelling House, Smoke House, Log Barn, Carriage House, Hog Pen and saw Mill, an excellent productive Orchard and well of never-failing water with pump at the house. Tom's Creek runs through the Farm. The soil is good and the premises are convenient to School Houses, Mills, Stores, &c., rendering it a desirable location. There are about 60 Acres of Timber land covered with Locust, Chestnut and Oak.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by
JOHN MUSSELMAN,
ANN MARIA GRAYSON,
Executors.

Also, at the same time and place, the subscriber will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, all that valuable Tract of land, adjoining the above, late of Elizabeth Grayson, deceased, and containing 150 Acres.—About the one half is heavily timbered. The Buildings are a comfortable Log House and Barn with necessary outbuildings and an Orchard of choice fruit.
S. GALT,
Aug. 14.—ts Agent for the Heirs.
☞Hanover *Spectator* copy.

TWO VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers at Private Sale, his two valuable Farms, viz:

No. 1—Containing 54 Acres, more or less, on which I now reside, in Highland township, adjoining lands of John Knox, John Blocher and others, about [illegible] McIlheny's mill, and 1 mile from [illegible] improved with a two-story LOG HOUSE, [illegible] weatherboarded [illegible] with Wagon and [illegible] near the dwelling, 2 Orchards of choice fruit, &c.

No. 2—Containing 28 Acres, more or less, in Franklin township, on the road from [illegible] adjoining lands of John Butt, [illegible] and others, improved [illegible] tract No. 1 having good [illegible]
DAVID STOVER.

A PRIVATE SALE.

[illegible]

List of Premiums.

A VALUABLE FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

The subscriber wishes to sell at Private Sale, his valuable Farm, situate in Freedom township, Adams county, Pa., on the road leading from Moritz's Tavern to Fairfield, adjoining Ross White, Andrew Reid, Fleming White and others. The Farm contains 152 Acres, about 30 Acres of which are good Timber and a fair proportion of Meadow. The improvements consist of a large two-story STONE HOUSE (nearly new,) a large Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Carriage House, Hog Pens, Corn Cribs, and all other necessary outbuildings.—There is a never-failing Spring of water in the cellar and a well at the barn. There is an Orchard of about 150 trees of excellent fruit. The land is under good cultivation, good fencing, and well-watered.

Any person wishing to purchase a farm should not fail to call and see this farm as the purchaser will receive a bargain.

Any person wishing to view the farm will please call on the undersigned.
J. N. HOUCK.
August 21, 1868.—2m*

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND

The undersigned, Attorneys in fact for the Heirs of Wm. Walker, deceased, late of Frederick county, Md., will sell at Public Sale, *on Tuesday, the 29th day of September, at 1 o'clock P. M.*, the following valuable TRACT OF LAND lying partly in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., and partly in Frederick county, Md., containing 245 Acres, more or less, adjoining lands of D. W. Horner, Isaac Fisher and others. The improvements are a large two-story BRICK HOUSE, a double Log Barn, Wagon Shed, and other out-buildings. About 50 Acres in good Timber, the balance cleared, with a fair proportion of good Meadow.

The above tract is well watered and conveniently located to Churches, Schools, Mills, and Markets.

☞Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by
J. S. WITHEROW,
JOSEPH WALKER.
Sept. 11.—ts

TWO VALUABLE LOTS FOR SALE.

The undersigned offer at Private Sale, their two valuable Lots, viz:

No. 1—Containing 15 Acres, more or less, in Cumberland township, adjoining lands of Dr. Study, George Rowe and others, about ¾ mile from Witherow's Mill, (known as the Myer's property), improved with a two-story Log House, with a back-kitchen, a Barn part log and the other part frame, two story Spring House, Carpenter Shop, Smoke House, and other necessary outbuildings, a well of never-failing Water, with pump, at the kitchen door, a young Orchard of choice fruit, &c.

No. 2—Containing 11 Acres and 43 Perches, more or less, adjoining lands of John A. Lohr, George Doll and others in Cumberland township, improved with a two-story Log House, with Kitchen attached, Frame Stable, Carpenter Shop and other Outbuildings, a Spring of good Water near the House, good Orchard bearing fruit, &c.

If not sold before the *6th of November*, the above properties will be offered at Public Sale.

Any person wishing to view the properties will call on the undersigned residing on the property.
PETER HOOFNAGLE,
HENRY HOOFNAGLE,
JOHN W. HOOFNAGLE.
Aug. 21, 1868.—td*

FOR SALE,
A VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY,
with 60 ACRES of choice Land, on the Turnpike leading from Abbottstown to Hanover, one mile from the former place; known as Hollinger's Mill.

ALSO,

ONE OTHER MILL PROPERTY, with 40 ACRES OF LAND, or 120 Acres as may be desired, on Marsh Creek, 6 miles south-west from Gettysburg, and known as Sandoe's Mill.

ALSO,

A MODEL FARM, 231 ACRES OF LAND, in a high state of cultivation, 100 bushels of Lime to the Acre, No. 1, Buildings, 2 miles west from Gettysburg.
GEO. ARNOLD.
Gettysburg, Aug. 21, 1868.—4½m

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of a Decree of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Executor of the Will of John Socks, dec'd., late of Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., will sell at Public Sale, on *Saturday the 3rd of October next, at 1 o'clock, P. M.*, on the premises, the FARM of said deceased, situate in Cumberland township aforesaid, adjoining lands of George Rose, Joseph Sherfy, John Slyder, Michael Bushman and others, containing 69 Acres and 132 Perches, improved with a two-story LOG HOUSE, Log Barn with Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Hog House, and other outbuildings; a thriving young Apple Orchard and other choice fruit; a spring of good Water. There is a fair proportion of good Meadow and Timber land.—Also, a TRACT OF TIMBERLAND, adjoining the above, containing 10 Acres and 10 Perches, mostly Oak and Hickory.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by SAMUEL PITZER,
Sept. 11.—ts Executor.

VALUABLE MILLS & FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

The subscriber wishing to retire from business on account of his health, offers at Private Sale his valuable Property, situated in Liberty township, Adams county, Pa., 2 miles south of Fairfield, known as Augusta Mills. The Farm contains about 76 Acres of land, about 15 Acres of which is in meadow, about 5 Acres in thriving timber, principally Locust, and the balance except that occupied by Buildings, Dam, Roads, &c. in a high state of cultivation. There is a great variety of fruit on the premises. The Buildings are a large two-story Brick Dwelling House with Backbuilding, Double Log Barn, Wagon Shed, Hog House, Spring House and all other necessary outbuildings. The Mills are on Middle creek with sufficient water to run the year round, the Mill House is 50 by 40 feet, 3 stories high lower story stone, the balance frame as good as new, built in the most substantial manner, Power, 2 Overshot Wheels 13 feet high, contains 2 pairs of Burrs and 2 pairs of Chopping Stones, together with all the machinery and fixtures in a first class Merchant and Grist Mill. There is also a new Saw Mill attached tripple geared, capable of sawing 150 feet of Oak Lumber per hour. The above Mills are in a good neighborhood for grain being within 2 miles of Carroll's Tract and Timber; also, for Schools, Churches, Markets, &c.

Price and terms made known by calling on the subscriber on the property or addressing him at Fairfield, Penna. PETER DIEHL.
Aug. 21, 1868.—6m

A FIRST-RATE BUSINESS STAND AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned, intending to remove, offers at Private Sale, his very desirable Property, on Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, being one of the best business stands in the town. The House, nearly new, is a three-story Brick, with a Back-building, all under tin roofing; the Store-Room is an admirable one, whilst the basement is fitted up for a Restaurant.—The whole is in thorough repair. Such a property is rarely found in market, and all desiring to invest should give this offer prompt attention.

The undersigned had the building erected about ten years ago, in the best and most substantial manner, for his own use and occupancy, as he has ever since carried on the Merchant Tailoring business therein; and but for his intention to remove, would not part with it for any money. He is now determined to leave, however, and asks purchasers to call soon, to view the premises and learn terms.
Sept. 11.—tf GEORGE JACOBS.

WESTERN
PRE-EMPTION LANDS.
I HAVE ON HAND A FEW
TRACTS
OF No. 1,

second hand, pre-emption Lands located near Railroads, County Towns, &c., in well settled neighborhoods, which I will sell, or exchange at a fair price for Real Estate in Adams county, Pa.
GEO. ARNOLD.
Feb. 5, 1868.—tf

FOR SALE.

A very desirable home, 28 Acres of choice land, with good buildings, one mile from Harney
GEO. ARNOLD.
Sept 11, '68-tf

A FIRST CLASS FARM AT PRIVATE SALE,

Within two miles of Gettysburg, on the Harrisburg road, with all necessary improvements, and in prime order. I will sell from 100 to 160 Acres, to suit purchasers. Terms reasonable. For further information, apply to
WM. WIBLE,
Sept. 18—tf Gettysburg, Pa.

A DESIRABLE
TOWN PROPERTY
AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale, the old DOBBIN DWELLING, at the junction of the Taneytown and Emmittsburg roads, in the borough of Gettysburg. The house is substantially built of stone, and contains twelve large rooms.—There is a strong, never-failing Spring of first rate water in the basement and 1½ Acres of land connected with it. The location is a very pleasant one, and with additional outlay this could be made one of the most comfortable and desirable homes in the borough or its vicinity.
Nov. 15, 1867–tf JOHN RUPP.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

I have opened an agency for the

SALE OF REAL ESTATE,

in connection with my law business in Gettysburg and will give personal attention to the

Examination of Titles, Conveyancing & Investment of money.

Persons wishing to sell, or buy lands, may find it to their advantage to call. Several

Farms and Woodland

A No. 1, FARM, PRICE $7,000
A TRACT, 68 ACRES, FOR $1,800
A GOOD FARM, 230 ACRES, VERY CHEAP
A FARM, [illegible] ACRES, FOR $3,900
A [illegible] ACRES, FOR [illegible]
A [illegible] ACRES, [illegible]
A VERY GOOD FARM, 140 ACRES
A VERY GOOD FARM, 125 ACRES
A VERY GOOD FARM, 180 ACRES
A No. 1, GRAIN FARM, 200 ACRES
[illegible] neighborhood of Gettysburg—also, property in [illegible] for sale.
R. G. McCREARY,
Attorney at law.
Gettysburg, July 10, 1868.—tf.

Financial.

Notice to Capitalists!

PERSONS desiring of investing, and realizing nearly NINE PER CENT. are requested to call at the

Gettysburg National Bank,

AND OBTAIN CIRCULARS OF THE

UNION PACIFIC

AND ALSO

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COS. GRATIS.

These investments are daily growing in favor and sales increasing.

☞BONDS can be had at all times at this Bank and where all information concerning said investments will be cheerfully given.
Dec. 18, 1867.—tf J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

GETTYSBURG
NATIONAL BANK.

GOVERNMENT BONDS, of all kinds, BOUGHT and SOLD.
SEVEN-THIRTY BONDS converted into FIVE-TWENTY BONDS without charge.
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES CASHED.
The HIGHEST PREMIUM paid on GOLD and SILVER.
STOCKS and BONDS, of all kinds, bought for persons without CHARGING COMMISSION.
ORDERS PROMPTLY EXECUTED.
Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS *advanced* 1 *per cent*

viz:
5 PER CENT. for 1 year,
4 PER CENT. for 6 months,
3 PER CENT. for 3 months.

Persons wishing information in regard to U. S. Bonds and Stocks of all kinds, are invited to give us a call and we will give all information cheerfully.
J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.
Gettysburg, Oct 30, 1867—tf

THE
FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF
GETTYSBURG, PENNA.,
Is agent for the sale of the First Mortgage
Union Pacific Rail Road.
6 PER CENT. GOLD INTEREST BONDS,

at market rates, with interest payable semi-annually our at counter. All necessary information given.
GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.
Gettysburg, Nov. 27, 1867.—tf

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF
GETTYSBURG
WILL ALLOW
Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS as follows:

5 PER CENT. PER ANNUM FOR 1 YEAR,
4 " " " " 6 MONTHS,
3 " " " " 3 "

WILL CASH COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES AND COUPONS.

Will also purchase or sell STOCKS and BONDS of every kind free of charge as Commission, and will at all times pay the HIGHEST PRICE for

GOLD AND SILVER,

and with pleasure transact all business promptly as heretofore pertaining to a well regulated Bank.
GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.
Gettysburg, Nov. 6 1867—tf

Life and Fire Insurance.

ADAMS COUNTY
MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
INCORPORATED, MARCH 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice-President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King.
Managers.—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, M. Eichelberger, S. R. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, A. D. Buehler, R. G. McCreary, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; Frederick Diehl, Franklin; Wm. D. Himes, New Oxford; Wm. B. Wilson, Bendersville; H. A. Picking, Straban; John Wolford, Latimore; John Picking, East Berlin; Abel T. Wright, Bendersville; Abdiel F. Gitt, New Oxford; James H. Marshall, Hamiltonban; John Cunningham, Freedom; John Horner, Mountjoy Wm. Ross White, Liberty.

☞This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 17 years, and in that period has made but *one* assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to over $15,000. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to either of the following gentlemen:

D. A. Buehler, Gettysburg.
E. G. Fahnestock, "
Jacob King, Straban township.
H. A. Picking, "
Frederick Diehl, Franklin "
Wm. Ross White, Liberty "
H. C. Peters, Petersburg (Y. S.)

☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M. [June 10, 1868.—tf

THE PENN MUTUAL
LIFE, INSURANCE COMPANY
OF PHILADELPHIA,
921 CHESTNUT STREET,
ACCUMULATED CAPITAL
$2,000,000,
CHARTER PERPETUAL.

All the Surplus divided amongst the Policy Holders every year.

THE ONLY TRULY MUTUAL COMPANY IN THE CITY OR STATE.

LOSSES PAID PROMPTLY.

☞All information will be cheerfully given.

HENRY J. FAHNESTOCK,
Agent at Gettysburg, Pa.
July 1, 1868.—3m

Livery Stables.

GETTYSBURG LIVERY,
SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.

THE Proprietor of these Stables, feeling thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore received begs leave to inform the public that he continues the LIVERY BUSINESS at his old stand on Washington street, Gettysburg, near the Railroad, where he is prepared at all times to accommodate persons with anything in his line

HORSES, COACHES, BUGGIES, &c.,

furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms, and competent drivers sent along if desired. Persons will be conveyed to other towns, or to any place in the country. His stock and Coaches are of the first class, and no pains will be spared to make passengers comfortable. He is prepared at all times to furnish coaches for funerals; and also to parties desiring to go over the Battle Field or to visit the Springs

ALSO—HORSES AND MULES

will be bought and sold at all times. Persons desiring to purchase stock will find it to their advantage to call on the undersigned, as his stock is warranted to be as represented or no sale. He has a lot of Horses and Mules at present on hand which will be sold on reasonable terms. They are sound and free from disease and are guaranteed to be as represented. Persons will find it to their advantage to call at the old stand before buying or purchasing elsewhere.
May 29, 1867—tf NICHOLAS WEAVER.

THE EAGLE LIVERY,
SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.
Washington Street, Gettysburg, Pa.
ADJOINING THE EAGLE HOTEL.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has opened a new LIVERY, SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLES in this place, and is prepared to offer superior accommodations in this line. He has provided himself with Buggies, Carriages, Hacks, Light Wagons, &c., of the latest styles, sufficient to meet the public demand. His horses are all good, without spot or blemish, and perfectly reliable—none of your "old cripples" that all of the "2.40" order.

Riding parties can always be accommodated and comfortable equipments furnished.

Parties, large or small, can get just what they want on the most accommodating terms.

Visitors to the Battle-field politely attended to, and reliable drivers furnished if desired.

Parties conveyed to and from the Depot upon the arrival and departure of every train.

Horses bought, sold or exchanged and always a chance for bargains given. Our motto is "fair play and no gouging."

☞Particular attention paid to furnishing Vehicles and Hacks for funerals.

☞We flatter ourselves by charging moderately and by [illegible] accommodations, [illegible] patronage [illegible]
[illegible] T. TATE.
May [illegible]

The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Friday, Sept. 25, 1868.

"THE BOYS IN BLUE."

THEY WILL VOTE AS THEY FOUGHT.

We will vote as we fought;
Yes! and vote as we shot,
For our country and liberty's cause;
Yes! the brave Boys in Blue,
Who are gallant and true,
On a question like this dare not pause.
It were blood spilled in vain,
A reproach to the slain,
And disgrace to the honored and brave,
Did we vote for the foe,
Who our comrades laid low,
Nobly fighting their country to save.
By our brothers who fell,
'Mid the wild Rebel yell,
And the wounded still writhing in pain,
Will we stand firm and fast,
With flag nailed to the mast,
Under Grant, to fight traitors again.
Only dogs lick the hand
At their master's command,
That would crush them in death to the ground.
'Tis the soldier who knows
How to deal with such foes
When usurping, vile traitors are found.
Is it ours to forget,
When with blood-hounds beset,
Or imprisoned at Andersonville?
Less respected than hogs,
We were shot down like dogs,
By the order of foul traitor's will.
When of "Libby" we think,
And starvation's dread brink,
In that famed "Castle-Thunder" so near,
It is then our blood boils,
And man's nature recoils
At the thought of such treatment severe.
Of H. Seymour and Blair,
We would have all beware;
They are in with the same Rebel crew—
And to vote for such men
Brings Rebellion again,
And the conflict of army may renew.
Then to get rid of a tax,
Give us Grant and Colfax,
So that peace may triumphantly reign;
Thus the brave Boys in Blue,
With their flag ever true,
To its standard will rally again.
He's both coward and knave
Who would not strive to save
What by treasure and blood we have won;
Long as time shall endure
Lets hold it secure,
And the work of the Rebel is done.
Such a foe must not feel
That his rude iron heel
Shall again be permitted to tread
On the rights of the brave
Who, their Union to save,
Were bequeathed to the time-honored dead.
For Jeff Davis and Lee,
As you all plainly see—
Should the Democrats get into power—
Will be lauded above
General Grant, whom we love,
And who saved us in treason's dark hour.
Then we'll vote as we fought—
Yes! and vote as we shot!—
For the candidates trusted and true,
Who are COLFAX and GRANT,
Just the men that we want
In command of the brave Boys in Blue.

A BOY IN BLUE.

[Correspondence of the Star & Sentinel.

MAINE.—THE CROPS.

SPRINGFIELD, MAINE, Sept. 14, 1868.

EDITORS OF THE STAR & SENTINEL:—I have been spending several days in this sections of country, exploring for a new rail road, and as the days are two hours shorter, I shall give your readers a *short* article of the times and doings here at present.

The farmers all through this country are gathering their wheat crop. A more bountiful harvest will be gathered this year throughout the State than for many years past, though small at that. The early grain has been housed in a good condition, but the late harvest which is being gathered now is somewhat damaged by the weevil, the weather too being very unfavorable—considerable rain lately, and much of the wheat, oats, buckwheat, &c., yet to be taken in.—I have noticed many fields on the stock, and farmers busy cutting wheat in the rain.—At this season of the year the farmers in the Old Keystone State would consider it late to be harvesting in September. Here the hay, grain and potato crops will yield heavy. A considerable breadth of beans has been planted in this State. The weather during the past month has been quite favorable to the maturing of crops.

It is said that there has been gathered last year, one hundred and fifty thousand bushels of blueberries, in the State of Maine, and that this year there will be still a larger amount gathered. This must be so, for I never before in all my life saw such quantities going to market—by the cart loads. I myself passed through hundreds of acres, the bushes loaded to the ground. I also saw acres of strawberries, and acres upon acres of raspberries growing wild in fields and along the high ways. I have passed through cranberry bogs where hundreds of bushels are being gathered. This country exceeds anything I ever saw in the way of berries. There will be quite a large yield of apples this year in Maine.

There were but two railroads in Maine a few years ago, but the past year four roads have been started and several of them are being pushed forward rapidly. On the European and North American Railway there are over 600 men employed in the State of Maine and about 500 in New Brunswick, and 13 miles in running order from Bangor, and 20 miles more will be by November, and then 70 more in Maine to be completed, which will take another year or 18 months, and one year more in the Provinces will complete it there—90 miles already in running order there. In two years more the entire line will be completed from Bangor to Halifax.

If I had time I would give you an account of the manners and customs of the New England people. I will endeavor to do so soon. They have a queer way of erecting buildings in this country. The houses, &c., are mostly of wood. Many, I noticed, commence building at the top, leaving the foundation and cellar the last work to do, while in your country the foundation is the first. Fine large buildings are being erected here, all complete but the cellar and foundation walls—they being left for the last week, which should be the first. I noticed several nicely finished and painted houses, last week; the digging of the cellar just commenced, and some the cellar dug and foundation wall going up. Some are without a foundation, only a few stone rolled together for corners. Others again drive piles into the ground to rest the house on, and some pile up logs, &c., as foundations for their houses to stand upon.

I saw a still greater curiosity than all, as your readers would suppose, to see *the sunrise* in the evening, which I never before saw, until a short time ago while in a country town. It may be an enigma to the readers of the *Star & Sentinel*, but it is even so.

The people here have another queer way of building, by attaching their barns to the houses—all under one roof. The barn yard, pig pen, chicken coop and yard, all together—but a few steps from one to the other. Perfumery in abundance, and no security against fire.

Some farmers are virtually dead, and their farms wears weeds of mourning for them.

It is said that the whole amount of grain raised in New England each year would not supply its inhabitants six weeks.

It is a singular fact that does not occur in many States, that potatoes are worth more than corn, cabbages are worth more than wheat and a barrel onions will purchase a barrel of flour.

I have lately had some of the most magnificent views I ever before beheld in any place. Imagine yourself standing on an eminence overlooking sixty miles of country, beholding towns, hills, valleys, mountains, lakes, rivers, forests and habitations dotted all over. I will astonish your numerous readers some day with an article giving an account of the curiosities of this far off country.

J. S. G.

Farming Implements, &c.

FARM IMPLEMENTS.

WILLOUGHBY'S

GUM SPRING DRILL.

THE Best Drill in use, will sow all kinds of Grain without changing any part of the Drill. Can furnish them with or without the

Guano Attachments.

Guaranteed to do good work. Also, the

Harrisburg Fannig Mill

made in New York. Equally as good as the mills formerly sold in this county.

SEPARATORS AND THRESHERS, CLOVER HULLERS, STEEL PLOUGHS, &C., FARMING IMPLEMENTS GENERALLY.

For sale by WM. WIBLE.
Aug. 14.-tf

J. H. SHIREMAN'S

REAPERS & MOWERS.

HAVING been agent for this machine last season, I also offer it to the farmer this season. It is well known, having taken the premium at the Bendersville Fair, also at the Gettysburg Mowing Match over seven others, which were considered splendid machines, and likewise at the Dillsburg Mowing Match. Having concluded not to offer any machine that will not give entire satisfaction, I have refused agencies of several other machines, and now offer this one as

THE GREAT MACHINE OF THE SEASON.

Having tried one myself, I know exactly what it will do. I could refer you to scores of farmers who have purchased machines of me, who are highly pleased and say this is the only machine they would use.

Extras always on hand, and repairing done here at my place. This is a great consideration—the machine can be repaired at home immediately, and with much less cost.

Another great saving is the BINDER which is attached to this celebrated Reaper and Mower. It has been thoroughly tried, and given entire satisfaction—requiring no harvest hand except a driver. This Binder can also be attached to the Reapers which have been sold; but cannot be attached to any other machine except Shireman's.

I will here refer you to a few farmers, in different localities, who have bought and used these machines

Michael Fiscel, Stephen Gettier,
Moses Hartman, Mr. Sterner,
Joseph Wierman, Mr. Linn,
Ulrich Jacobs, J. R. Hershey
Jacob Hartman, B. B. Woodburn.
Jacob Laman,

with others, too numerous to mention.

This machine has a self-rake, side delivery, and is warranted to do its work as above recommended.

Also on hand, SHIREMAN'S SELF-DISCHARGING HORSE RAKE, a first-rate article, which we will sell at the lowest possible price. Warranted to give satisfaction. Also the COLUMBIA RAKE always on hand.

Machines can be seen at my house, three miles south of Gettysburg, or at Mr. Conrad Snyder's Battlefield Hotel.

June 3.—tf LEWIS A. BUSHMAN, Agent.

GEISER'S PATENT SELF-REGULATING

GRAIN SEPARATOR,

CLEANER AND BAGGER,

With the latest improved Triple-gea ed Horse Power, either Gear or Belt.

This machine has successfully competed with all the best of the different patented Grain Separators, and now has the reputation of being the best Separator ever produced; in fact, the only Separator and Cleaner ever before the public to give general satisfaction.

The machine is conveniently arranged for hauling and threshing, being permanently fixed on two wheels. One man can easily move or shift it about, so that it is not half the trouble on a barn floor as a common thresher and shaker. It is also easily put in operation. It is simple, easily managed, reliable, durable, compact and cleanly to work by while in operation, not making near the dust as the common machine or other Separators.

Farmers can rest assured that this machine is no humbug, and judging from the high recommendation of farmers that are using them we must come to the conclusion that it is the very machine that farmers want.

The following are a few of the persons who have used this machine, well known, and to whom the public are referred for further information:

Wm. J. Peters, Flora Dale, Adams co., Penna.
Wm. Kohler, near New Oxford " "
John D. Pfoutz, " Gettysburg " "
Henry Harbold, York Springs, " "
Daniel Peters, Bendersville, " "

Orders will be received by either of these gentlemen, as also by Rebert and Hoover, East Berlin, Pa.—For further information address

ABRAM BURKHOLDER, Agent,
June 10.—4m Clearspring, York co., Pa.

NEW MACHINE SHOP

AT NEW OXFORD.

THE undersigned calls attention to his new Machine Shop, at New Oxford, Adams county, which he has put up, at large expense, with the determination to do good and satisfactory work. He will manufacture various kinds of

AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY,

such as THRESHING MACHINES, SPRING-TOOTH RAKES, &c.; and will keep the BUCKEYE REAPER & MOWER on hand for sale.

All descriptions of REPAIRING done promptly and as cheaply as possible.

He has in connection with his Machine Shop a STEAM SAW MILL, upon which he will do all kinds of work in that line.

He asks the public to call and give him a trial, and he guarantees full satisfaction.

March 25, 1868.—6m JACOB STOCK.

Forwarding Houses.

NEW FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSE.

HAVING purchased the extensive Warehouse, Cars, &c., of CULP & EARNSHAW, the undersigned intend to carry on the business, under the firm of BIGHAM & Co., at the old stand on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, on a more extensive scale than heretofore.

A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY NOON, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from Baltimore. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 165 north Howard street, Baltimore. Being determined to pay good prices, sell cheap and deal fairly, we invite everybody to give us a call.

WM. M. BIGHAM,
ALEXANDER COBEAN
JAMES BIGHAM.

Jan. 8, 1868.

M'CURDY & HAMILTON,

DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, &c.

THE undersigned are paying at their Ware house, in Carlisle street, adjoining Buehler's Hall, the highest prices for

FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, BUCKWHEAT, CLOVER AND TIMOTHY-SEEDS, POTATOES, &c., &c.,

and invite producers to give them a call before selling. They have constantly on hand for sale,

A LARGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES,

Molasses, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, &c., with Salt Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard, Tobaccos, &c. Also, the best brands of FLOUR, with FEED of all kinds. They likewise have

SEVERAL VALUABLE FERTILIZERS,

Soluble Pacific Guano, Rhodes' Phosphate and A A Mexican Guano.

Whilst they pay the highest market prices for all they buy, they sell at the lowest living profits.—They ask a share of public patronage, resolved to give satisfaction in every case.

ROBERT McCURDY,
WM. S. HAMILTON.

July 3, 1867.—tf

CHANGE OF FIRM.

THE undersigned having leased the Ware-house on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, Gettysburg, Pa., will carry on the

Grain & Produce Business

in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

GROCERIES

OF ALL KINDS

constantly for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soap, &c. Also, COAL OIL, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. FISH of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

They are always able to supply a first rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load.

We will also run a

LINE of FREIGHT CARS

to No. 77 North street, BALTIMORE, and 811 Market street, PHILADELPHIA. All goods sent to either of the above places will be received and forwarded promptly. Goods should be marked "Benners' Car."

April 8, 1868.—tf H. S. BENNER & BRO.

DANIEL GULDEN,

DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Flour, Grain,

Groceries, Lumber, Coal, &c.

THE undersigned keeps on hand, at his Warehouse, known as "*Gulden's Station*," in Straban township on the line of the Gettysburg Railroad, all kinds of

GROCERIES,

including Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Spices, &c., with Salt Fish, Oils, Tobacco, Bacon, Lard, &c. Also,

LUMBER AND COAL,

including Building Stuff, Shingles, Laths, Stoves and Blacksmith Coal. Also, Guano, and a large assortment of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps of all kinds, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest prices.

He also pays the highest market price for Flour, Grain, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Potatoes, &c., or will receive and forward the same to market on commission. He respectfully asks his friends and the public to give him a call.

Aug. 21, 1867.—tf DANIEL GULDEN.

[illegible]

SELLING OFF

AT COST.

The undersigned intending to make a change in their business shortly, will sell out their entire stock at

COST,

Many GOODS will be sold regardless of cost.

OUR STOCK CONSISTS OF

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
CARPETS,
QUEENSWARE,
GLASSWARE, &c., &c.

Persons desiring bargains should avail themselves of this opportunity at once—as the whole stock will soon be disposed of.

DUPHORN & HOFFMAN,

NORTH-WEST CORNER,
CENTRE SQUARE,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

August 28, 1868.—tf

FAHNESTOCK BROS.

SPRING GOODS.

We are constantly receiving new and desirable styles of

SILKS, POPLINS, PERCALES,
PIQUES, SPRING CLOAKINGS, ALPACAS,
DELAINES, CALICOES, LAWNS, &c.

Also large additions to our usual supply of

GINGHAMS, MUSLINS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, JEANS,

with every variety of Goods for Men's and Boy's wear.

We have added considerably to our assortment of

CARPETS,

which we are selling at greatly reduced prices.

Our stock of

QUEENS-WARE

is complete. In

HARD-WARE,

and all kinds of

BUILDING MATERIALS,

We feel assured we can make it to the interest of the purchaser to purchase from us.

IRON & NAILS at reduced prices.
OILS & PAINTS at low rates.
GROCERIES, of all kinds.

Give us a call and be convinced.

FAHNESTOCK BROS.,
SIGN OF THE RED FRONT.

Gettysburg, May 6, 1868.—tf

NEW GOODS.

Cheaper than Ever!

REBERT & ELLIOTT,

Baltimore st., opposite the Court House,

HAVE just opened a new and large assortment of

Spring and Summer Goods

OF ALL KINDS,

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
TWEEDS,
SILKS,
GINGHAMS,
LAWNS,
PRINTS,
BAREGES,
MUSLINS, &c.,

To which they invite attention—being determined to sell at lowest cash prices. [April 8, 1868.—tf

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1868. DESIRABLE 1868.

DRY GOODS!

MOST EXCELLENT ASSORTMENTS!

I SELL for very small profits, and aim at doing a very large Business.

FASHIONABLE SHADES OF FINE SILK POPLINS.
FASHIONABLE SHADES OF FRENCH WOOL POPLINS.
FASHIONABLE SHADES OF ALPACCA POPLINS.
FRENCH CHINTZES, PIQUES, PERCALES AND LAWNS.
BLACK SILKS, PLAIN SILKS, PLAID SILKS.
SWISS MUSLINS, JACONET MUSLINS, CAMBRIC.
BLACK ALPACCA, COLORED ALPACCA, BLACK ALL WOOL DELAIN.
RISTORI SHAWLS, CASHMERE SHAWLS, THIBET SHAWLS.
CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, CLOAKINGS, LINEN DRILLING, COTTONADE.
TABLE COVERS, TABLE LINEN, NAPKINS, TOWELS.
BALMORAL SKIRTS, HOOP SKIRTS.
PLAIN LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS, HEM STITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS.
MEN'S, LADIES', MISSES', & CHILDREN'S GLOVES, AND STOCKINGS.

I am constantly receiving the latest styles of Dress and Fancy Goods. My stock comprises everything usually found in a first-class DRY GOODS STORE, to which I invite the attention of the public, feeling assured that I can safely challenge comparison with all other Stores in quality of goods and lowness of price.

Gettysburg, Pa., April 29, 1868.—tf J. L. SCHICK.

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

E. HITESHEW

HAVING disposed of his Store House and stock of Goods to GRIEST & BOWERS, and being determined to reduce his stock during the Summer and fall months, will give

GREAT BARGAINS

before invoicing. My stock of

All kinds of Merchandise

is full and complete in every department, and will be closed out at reduced prices.

E. HITESHEW.

York Springs, Pa., July 18, 1868.—tf

All persons knowing themselves indebted to me are requested to come forward and make settlement.

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

HEAD-QUARTERS

FOR

CLOTHING,

HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

AND

Every kind of Gentlemen's Wear,

SUCH AS

LINEN COLLARS,
PAPER CUFFS,
PAPER BOSOMS,
COTTON STOCKINGS,
GLOVES,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
POCKET BOOKS,
TRAVELING SACKS,
UMBRELLAS,
CANES, &c., &c.

I keep Gentlemen's Wear of all kinds and will sell them at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

ALSO

Boys' Hats & Shoes,

in great variety.

Give me a call before purchasing else where.

April 22, 1867.-tf THEO. C. NORRIS.

KLINGEL'S

Boot and Shoe Emporium,

BALTIMORE STREET,
TWO DOORS SOUTH OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

THE undersigned has just returned from the city with the best and cheapest variety of Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, for Spring and Summer, ever offered in Gettysburg. His stock consists of

LADIES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
LADIES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
LADIES' COMMON GAITERS,
LADIES' KID SLIPPERS, all styles,
LADIES' MOROCCO BALMORALS,
IN LARGE VARIETY.
GENTS' FRENCH CALF BOOTS,
GENTS' AMERICAN CALF BOOTS,
GENTS' KIP BOOTS,
GENTS' CONGRESS GAITERS,
GENTS' CALF BALMORALS,
GENTS' SLIPPERS, all styles,
GENTS' BROGANS, &c. &c.
MISSES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
MISSES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
MISSES' MOROCCO BALMORALS,
&c., &c., &c., &c.
BOYS' CONGRESS GAITERS,
BOYS' CALF BALMORALS,
BOYS' BROGANS, &c., &c.
INFANTS' SHOES, all styles,
IN LARGE VARIETY.

Also, Boots and Shoes of his own manufacture constantly on hand.

All will be sold at the lowest living profits. Buyers, from town and country, are invited to call and examine goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere, feeling confident that I can please all who may call.

The MANUFACTURING of Boots Shoes, and Gaiters, will also be carried on, in all its branches, as before. Repairing done on short notice. By employing none but first-class workmen, and using none but the choicest leather, he feels confident of maintaining his former reputation. Certainly nothing will be left undone to deserve it.

Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of public patronage. D. H. KLINGEL.

Gettysburg, April 22, 1868.—tf.

THE LATEST STYLES

OF SPRING AND SUMMER

Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes,

Just received by

ROBERT C. COBEAN,

Chambersburg Street, First Square,
GETTYSBURG, PENNA.,

Where the public can find a large and varied assortment which he is selling cheap. He also manufactures and repairs

HARNESS, of all kinds,

promptly and on reasonable terms. Bridles, Halters, Trunks Valises Whips, Cigars, and a variety of notions, give us a call [April 29, 1868.—tf

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CUNNINGHAM

ALWAYS AHEAD

IN SELLING

CHEAP CLOTHING

AND

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

at his Store

IN BALTIMORE STREET, GETTYSBURG, PA.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine his large and well selected stock of Goods before purchasing elsewhere.

COME ONE AND ALL.

and treat yourselves to a good suit of Clothing.

July 31, 1868.—tf

SPRING & SUMMER

CLOTHING.

GEO. ARNOLD

has now opened a LARGE STOCK of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

mostly of his own manufacture, consisting of all sizes of

COATS, PANTS & VESTS,
SHIRTS,
DRAWERS,
CRAVATS,
HOSIERY, &c.,

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Call, examine and judge for yourselves.

April 22, 1868.—tf

New Boot and Shoe Store.

D. KITZMILLER & BRO.,

GETTYSBURG, PENNA.,

YORK STREET, OPPOSITE THE BANK.

THE undersigned have opened a new Boot and Shoe Store, on York street, Gettysburg, in the room recently occupied by SOPER & McCARTNEY, and have just received from the City a large assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES

FOR

GENTLEMEN, LADIES & CHILDRENS' WEAR,

Consisting of Calf & Kip Boots, Congress & Balmoral Gaiters, Slippers, &c.

We also MANUFACTURE TO ORDER, all kinds of *BOOTS AND SHOES*—the work being made up of best materials and by first class workmen. The senior partner has been in the business for over 15 years and personally superintends all work made up. We respectfully invite the attention of the public to our establishment, and hope by strict attention to business and by selling at lowest cash prices, to give entire satisfaction.

DAVD KITZMILLER,
JACOB A. KITZMILLER.

June 24, 1868.—tf

NEW CLOTHING

AT BRINKERHOFF'S.

STACKS OF THEM!

J. BRINKERHOFF, corner of the Diamond and York street, has just returned from the city with an unusually attractive assortment of CLOTHING FOR SPRING & SUMMER WEAR, which he will sell at such prices as cannot fail to take them off very rapidly. Call and judge for yourselves. To look at the excellent material, tasteful cutting, and neat and substantial sewing, and then to get his low prices—callers cannot help but buy, when they see it so much to their interest to do so.

He has Coats, Pants, Vests, of all styles and materials; Hats, Boots and Shoes; Shirts, of all kinds, Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Cravats, Linen and Paper Collars, Suspenders, Brushes, Combs; Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, Pocket Knives, Segars, Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos, Pipes, Stationery, &c. Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, with a thousand and one other articles, entirely too numerous to mention in a newspaper advertisement.

He asks the attention of the public to his new stock, confident that it will please—and no one can sell cheaper. Don't forget the place—corner of York street and the Diamond, Gettysburg.

April 22, 1868. JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE undersigned has erected a new building, for a Boot and Shoe Establishment, on Carlisle st., near the Railroad Station, in Gettysburg, where he now offers for sale,

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., &c.,

for men, women and children, of different styles and prices. He has a fine assortment to select from, and will sell every article at the smallest profits.

WORK MADE TO ORDER, of the best materials and workmanship. Every effort made to render satisfaction. The patronage of the public is solicited. Call in, and select from his stock or leave your measure. In either case you cannot fail to be pleased.

July 17, 1868.—1y JOHN M. REILING.

SPRING AND SUMMER

STYLE OF HATS

FOR 1868.

S. S. M'CREARY

HAS just received a fresh and general assortment of HATS, including the very latest styles of fine Silk Cassimere, and Soft Fur Hats, and also a large supply of fine and low priced Wool HATS and CAPS for Men and BOYS. He invites his friends and the public to give him a call. [April 22, 1867—tf

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Confections, Toys, Notions, &c.

Let all the People Come!

Fancy Goods and Confectionery Store.

THE undersigned, having bought out J. M. Warner's Fancy Goods and Confectionery Store, on Baltimore street, nearly opposite Fahnestocks' Store, Gettysburg, invites the public's patronage. Large and tasteful as the stock has been, no effort will be spared to render it still more attractive and desirable. He now offers

Writing Desks,
Work Boxes,
Portfolios,
Satchels,
Pocket Books,
China Toys,
Pocket Cutlery,
Jewelry,
Chess,
Brushes,
Perfumery,
Soaps,
Combs,
Fruits,
Nuts,
Syrups,
Plain Candy,
Fancy do.,
Pickles,
Sardines,
Lobsters,
Chow-chow,
Fancy Cakes,
Pecan Crackers,
Wine Biscuits,
Macaroon do.,
Fire Works,
Pens & Pencils,
Writing Papers,
Envelopes,
Tobacco & Segars,
&c., &c., &c.

"TOO NUMEROUS TOO MENTION."

He intends to sell everything at the lowest possible prices, believing that "small profits" bring "quick sales," and are therefore best for buyer and seller.—Come one—come all!

April 1, 1868.—tf A. R. FEISTEL.

THE VERY BEST!

Bierbower's Segar Store,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,
NORTH-EAST CORNER OF THE DIAMOND.

THE undersigned, thankful for past favors, respectfully calls the attention of the public to his assortment of

Segars, Smoking & Chewing Tobacco, Pipes, &c.,

which he is prepared to sell at the lowest living prices, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. He will keep on hand

THE BEST BRANDS,

and will manufacture for general sale throughout the County.

Remember the place, in the Diamond, between Brinkerhoff's Store and McClellan's Hotel.

WASHINGTON BIERBOWER.

Aug. 14, 1868.—tf

E. H. MINNIGH,

CHAMBERSBURG STREET,
next door to the Keystone Hotel,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Confection, Periodical and News Depot.

The Daily Papers of Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, and choice Magazines.

All kinds of Confections, Candies, Oranges, Lemons, Nuts, &c., &c.,

constantly on hand.

ICE CREAM & CAKES

supplied to families and parties at shortest rates.

March 25—tf

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,
LADIES' COMPANIONS,
TOILET SETS,
WRITING DESKS,

PERFUMERY,

FANCY CHINA & BOHEMIAN VASES,
TOYS, &C., &C., &C.,

AT A. R. FEISTEL'S,

Opposite Fahnestocks' Store.

Gettysburg, April 1, 1868.—tf

JOHN M. MINNIGH.

Diamond Confectionery & Ice Cream Saloon

BALTIMORE Street, two doors above Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pa. Having returned from the city with a full stock of Confectionery, I will sell at the very lowest profits—including

FRENCH & COMMON CANDIES,

Oranges, Lemons, Nuts, Toys, Notions, &c., and everything belonging to a first class Confectionery, with CAKES, MEAD AND LEMONADE. Also,

ICE CREAM

supplied on short notice.

May 20.—tf

CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM SALOON.

JOHN GRUEL,

Chambersburg St., Gettysburg,

next door to Eagle Hotel.

Having completed his new building, has opened the largest assortment of Confections ever offered in Gettysburg, including

FRENCH AND COMMON CANDIES,

Toys, Nuts, &c., and everything belonging to a first-class Confectionery, with special accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen.

ICE CREAM

supplied on shortest notice.

Feb. 12.—tf

Stoves, Tinware, &c.

TIN-WARE AND STOVES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF TIN-WARE IN THE COUNTY,

AT

S. G. COOK'S,

(Formerly Andrew Polley's); also some of THE BEST COOKING-STOVES IN THE MARKET, among which are the

OLD DOMINION,
COMPROMISE,
PENNSYLVANIA,
NOBLE COOK,
BARLEY SHEAF,
ECONOMIST.

Also, many other articles for Kitchen use, which will be sold as low as at any other place in the county.

April 15, 1868. S. G. COOK.

Miscellaneous.

GRANITE-YARD,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,
ON RAILROAD, NEAR FREIGHT DEPOT.

PETER BEITLER

Is prepared to furnish GRANITE for all kinds of BUILDING AND MONUMENTAL PURPOSES, at reasonable rates—

Curbing, Sills, Steps, Ashlers, Posts, Monuments, Cemetery Blocks, &c., &c.,

cut and finished in every style desired, by best of workmen.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

June 3—tf

JEREMIAH CULP,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Undertaker & Paper-Hanger,

Is prepared to furnish on short notice and reasonable terms

COFFINS OF ALL STYLES.

He also keeps on hand a large assortment of WALL PAPER, which he sells at low cash rates, and if desired will furnish hands to put it on the wall.

PLAIN & FANCY SIGN PAINTING EXECUTED TO ORDER.

York street—a few doors east of Lutheran Church.

May 27, 1868- tf.

FLOUR & FEED.

I WILL be in Gettysburg with Flour, &c., every MONDAY and FRIDAY in each week. Persons who may desire me to furnish them with either

FLOUR OR FEED-STUFF,

will leave their orders, either with John L. Tate or Danner & Zeigler, stating the kind and quantity wanted, when the same will be delivered at their dwellings, by

Sept. 25, 1867.-tf GEORGE GINGELL.

ROBERT D. ARMOR,

GAS FITTER, PLUMBER AND BELL HANGER,

East Middle street, half a square from the Court-house,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,

WILL promptly attend to all orders in his line. Work done in the most satisfactory manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded to make a living.

GAS PIPE

furnished, as well as Chandeliers, Brackets, Drop Lights &c.; also WATER PIPE, Stops, Top and Frost Spigots, and, in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures.

Bells hung, and furnished if desired. Locks of all kinds repaired. [Dec. 25, 1867.-tf

---

FARMERS!!!

TRY THE

ALTA VELA PHOSPHATE!

IT is composed principally of the celebrated Guano from

ALTA VELA.

Contains three per cent. of AMMONIA, an ample quantity to give activity (without injury) to the vegetation, and a large quantity of soluble

BONE PHOSPHATE OF LIME,

together with Potash and Soda, the essential elements of a

COMPLETE MANURE.

The high reputation it has obtained among the many thousand farmers who are using it in preference to all other kinds, is a sure guarantee of its value.

PRICE $56.00 PER TON.

Send for a pamphlet. Address

THE ALTA VELA GUANO CO.,
57 Broadway, New York.

July 31, 1868.—1y

Attention, Housekeepers!

WASHING MADE EASY.

HAVING the agency for Adams county for JACKSON'S UNIVERSAL WASHING COMPOUND, Patented Jan. 10, 1866, I respectfully invite the attention of Ladies and Housekeepers to it as the most economical and valuable Washing Compound in use. It requires no rubbing of Clothes—washes in hard as well as soft water, and does not injure the most delicate fabric; preserves and fixes the colors; removes paints, grease and stains of all kinds. Give it a trial and you will use nothing else. Family Rights $1 each. For further information apply to

CHAS. H. STALLSMITH,
Gettysburg, Pa.

I have been informed that parties in several parts of the county are selling what purports to be Jackson's Compound. As I have the exclusive right to Adams county, all persons are hereby warned against selling or purchasing from other parties.

Aug. 7, 1868.—tf

JOHN C. ZOUCK,

Land Agent,

NEW OXFORD, ADAMS CO., PA.,

Has for Sale 150 Farms, Mills, Foundries, Machine Shops, Tavern Stands, Country Seats, Store Stands, Town Houses and Town Lots,

IN PENNSYLVANIA, MARYDAND AND OTHER STATES.

Persons wishing to purchase as well as sell property will do well to call at my office, or address by letter, as they will find it to their advantage.

June 24, 1868.—4m*

---

628 HOOP SKIRTS AND 628
CORSETS, CORSETS.

WM. T. HOPKINS,
No. 628 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
MANUFACTURER OF THE

Celebrated "Champion" Hoop Skirts

FOR LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN.

The largest assortment, and best quality and styles in the *American Market*. Every lady should try them, as they *recommend themselves*, by wearing longer, retaining their shape much better, being lighter and more *elastic* than all others—WARRANTED in *every respect*, and sold at very low prices. Ask for HOPKINS' "CHAMPION" SKIRT.

Superior Hand-made Whale-bone CORSETS in Fifteen different Grades, including the "Imperial" and Thompson & Langdon's "GLOVE FITTING" CORSETS, ranging in prices from 81 cents to $5.50; together with Joseph Beckel's CELEBRATED FRENCH WOVEN CORSETS, superior shapes and quality, Ten different Grades, from $1.10 to $5.50. They are the finest and best goods for the prices, ever imported.—The Trade supplied with HOOP SKIRTS and CORSETS *at the Lowest Rates.*

Those visiting the City should not fail to call and examine our Goods and Prices, as we defy all competition.

Sept. 4, 1868. [Feb. 28—10m

Presidential Campaign

CAPES & CAPS,
1868.

MANUFACTURED BY
PHILIP HILL,
No. 204 Church Street, Philadelphia.

Presidential Campaign Torches—
$25, 28, 30, 35 & 40 PER HUNDRED.

Send for Engraving and Price List.

Sept. 4.—4t

AGENTS WANTED FOR

MEN OF OUR DAY:

THE Lives of GRANT, COLFAX, and all the leading men of the nation, (over 50,) in one volume, by Dr. L. P. Brockett, the popular Biographical Editor of "Appleton's Cyclopaedia." Over 600 pages and 42 fine steel portraits. The only complete or reliable work of the kind published. Price very low. Sales immense. Any intelligent man or woman can clear $150 to $200 per month. One agent made $300 in five weeks. Send for circular. Address

ZEIGLER, McCURDY & CO., Publishers, Philadelphia, Pa., Cincinnati, O., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo. [Aug. 21, 1868.—9m

---

FOR SALE,

A CLOTHING STORE,

WITH A WELL SELECTED

STOCK,

GOOD RUN OF

Custom & first-rate Stand.

Inquire at this office. [Aug. 21.

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS, Common, Administrator's and Executor's Deeds, Mortgages, Judgment Notes, Promissory Notes, with and without waiver of exemption, Summons, Subpoenas and Executions, for sale at the STAR AND SENTINEL office.

Miscellaneous.

ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH IN CHINA.

THE EAST INDIA TELEGRAPH COMPANY'S OFFICE,
NOS. 23 AND 25 NASSAU STREET,
NEW YORK,

Organized under special charter from the State of New York.

CAPITAL....................$5,000,000.

50,000 SHARES, $100 EACH.

DIRECTORS.

Hon. ANDREW G. CURTIN, Philadelphia.
PAUL S. FORBES, of Russell & Co., China.
FRED. BUTTERFIELD, of F. Butterfield & Co., New York.
ISAAC LIVERMORE, Treasurer Michigan Central Railroad, Boston.
ALEXANDER HOLLAND, Treasurer American Express Company, New York.
Hon. JAMES NOXON, Syracuse, N. Y.
O. H. PALMER, Treasurer Western Union Telegraph Company, New York.
FLETCHER WESTRAY, of Westray, Gibbs & Hardcastle, New York.
NICHOLAS MICKLES, New York.

OFFICERS.

A. G. CURTIN, President.
N. MICKLES, Vice President.
GEORGE ELLIS (Cashier National Bank Commonwealth,) Treasurer.
Hon. A. K. McCLURE, Philadelphia, Solicitor.

The Chinese Government having (through the Hon. Anson Burlingame) conceded to the Company the privilege of connecting the great seaports of the Empire by submarine electric telegraph cable, we propose commencing operations in China, and laying down a line of nine hundred miles at once, between the following ports, viz:

	Population.
Canton	1,000,000
Macoa	60,000
Hong-Kong	250,000
Swatow	200,000
Amoy	250,000
Foo-Chow	1,250,000
Wan Chu	300,000
Ningpo	400,000
Hang Chean	1,200,000
Shanghai	1,000,000
Total	5,910,000

These ports have a foreign commerce of $900,000,000, and an enormous domestic trade, beside which we have the immense internal commerce of the Empire, radiating from these points, through its canals and navigable rivers.

The cable being laid, this Company proposes erecting land lines, and establishing a speedy and trustworthy means of communication, which must command there, as everywhere else, the communications of the Government, of business, and of social life, especially in China. She has no postal system, and her only means now of communicating information is by couriers on land, and by steamers on water.

The Western World knows that China is a very large country, in the main densely peopled; but few yet realise that she contains more than a third of the human race. The latest returns made to her central authorities for taxing purposes by the local magistrates make her population *Four Hundred and Fourteen Millions*, and this is more likely to be under than over the actual aggregate. Nearly all of these, who are over ten years old, not only can but do read and write. Her civilization is popular, but her literature is as extensive as that of Europe. China is a land of teachers and traders; and the latter are exceedingly quick to avail themselves of every proffered facility for procuring early information. It is observed in California that the Chinese make great use of the telegraph, though it there transmits messages in English alone. To day great numbers of fleet steamers are owned by Chinese merchants, and used by them exclusively for the transmission of early intelligence.—If the telegraph we propose, connecting all their great seaports, were now in existence, it is believed that its business would pay the cost within the first two years of its successful operation, and would steadily increase thereafter.

No enterprise commends itself as in a greater degree remunerative to capitalists and to our whole people. It is of a vast national importance commercially, politically, and evangelically.

The stock of this Company has been unqualifiedly recommended to capitalists and business men, as a desirable investment by editorial articles in the New York *Herald, Tribune, World, Times, Post, Express, Independent*, and in the Philadelphia *North American, Press, Ledger, Inquirer, Age, Bulletin* and *Telegraph.*

Shares of this Company, to a limited number, may be obtained at $50 each, $10 payable down, $15 on the 1st of November, and $25 payable in monthly installments of $2.50 each, commencing December 1, 1868, on application to

DREXEL & CO.,
34 SOUTH THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

Shares can be obtained in Gettysburg by application to J. E. Bair, Cashier of the Gettysburg National Bank; in Oxford, to J. Janvier, Cashier of National Bank; who are Bankers, authorized to receive subscriptions, and can give all necessary information on the subject. [Sept. 18, 1868.

OUR RULERS AND OUR RIGHTS.

A timely new work by JUDGE WILLIS.
AGENTS WANTED.

THE BOOK FOR AGENTS. *OLD AND YOUNG*, learned and unlearned, need it constantly. All take it readily, as the price suits the times. It has no competitor. Is finely illustrated with steel plates.

The best chance yet offered for Men, and Women, to make money without risk. Send for terms, extra inducements given. Secure first choice of field.

PARMELEE & CO.,
Publishers, 738 Sansom st., Philadelphia, Pa.

Sept. 11.—4t

MARSH CREEK PLANING MILL.

THE undersigned has established a PLANING MILL, on Marsh creek, four miles from Gettysburg, at which he will manufacture

DOORS AND DOOR FRAMES,
WINDOW SASH AND FRAMES,
FLOORING, WEATHERBOARDING,

Chair and Wash Boards, with everything else made at such a factory, and needed in the building line. The best of lumber will always be used, all thoroughly dried, a kiln having been put up for the purpose.

Orders solicited, and promptly attended to. Prices as low as the lowest, and every effort made to accommodate customers.

JOHN D. PFOUTZ.

May 20, 1868.—1y

WIRE RAILING,

Wire Guards for Store Fronts, Asylums, &c.; Iron Bedsteads, Wire Webbing for Sheep and Poultry Yards; Brass and Iron Wire Cloth, Sieves, Fenders, Screens for Coal, Ores, Sand, &c., Heavy Crimped Cloth for Spark Arresters; Landscape Wires for Windows, &c.; Paper-makers' Wires, Ornamental Wire Work, &c. Every information by addressing the manufacturers. M. WALKER & SONS, No. 11 North Sixth st., Philadelphia.

Feb. 5, 1868.-1y.

ACTIVE AND EFFICIENT AGENTS WANTED,
IN THIS COUNTY FOR THE
UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

CLAIMING, as this Company does, some advantages peculiar to itself, Agents are afforded an easy and successful method for securing risks. A liberal commission paid to agents, who must furnish first-class references. Address, D. S. Gloninger, M. D., General Agent, No. 129 South 7th st., Philadelphia, Pa.

Aug. 23.—1m

AGENTS WANTED
TO SELL THE

Chicopee Sewing Machine.

THIS machine is sold complete with table for only $35. It makes the celebrated

ELASTIC LOCK STITCH,

uses the drop or four motion feed used by all first-class machines. It will hem, fell, tuck, cord, gather, quilt, bind, embroider, and do every variety of work that can be done on any other machine. We warrant this machine to be the best in the world. It has been declared to be so by the best judges to be found, and was awarded the first gold medal, over one hundred and twenty-two competitors, at Paris. We will give a written guarantee to that effect.

Address, with stamp,
J. D. ORNE, General Agent,
922 Chestnut st., Philadelphia.

Aug. 28. [May 8.—6m

Fine Custom Made BOOTS AND SHOES FOR GENTLEMEN.

All the LEADING STYLES on hand or made to measure. Prices fixed at LOW FIGURES. An Illustrated Price List with instructions for self measurement sent on receipt of Post Office address.

WM. F. BARTLETT,
33 South Sixth st., above Chestnut,
PHILADELPHIA.

August 21, 1868.-1y

PENNSYLVANIA STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The next Exhibition of this Society will be held at

HARRISBURG,

Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday,

September 29 & 30—October 1, & 2, 1868.

Catalogues of Premiums can be had, and information given upon application to the Secretary, at Harrisburg. The PREMIUM LIST has been enlarged, and is a very liberal one. Excursion tickets will be sold by the principal Railroads leading to Harrisburg, and freight carried at reduced rates.

A. BOYD HAMILTON, President.
A. B. LONGAKER, Secretary. [Aug. 28—6t

A SERVANT FOR ALL.

Roth's Improvement for Opening, Closing and Latching Gates,

MAY be attached to any gate and operated from a buggy, team or saddle, by one hand, in any desired direction from the gate—opened and closed from one point, at any distance from the gate. This improvement is simple and cheap, yet perfect and strong; will not be disarranged by the sagging of the gate, nor by the frost raising the posts; may be made at a country blacksmith's, and easily attached to a gate. The undersigned, having the Right for Adams county, will sell Township and Farm Rights of this improvement.

Also, ROTH & SHANE'S AMERICAN LEVER GATE—which will be found valuable and convenient to all who have gates to drive through—as they remain by their team open, close and latch a gate, without the necessity of getting in the wet or mud.

For further information, &c., address [illegible], Menallen P. O., Adams co., Pa.

May 12.—tf

Medical.

YOUNT'S COMPOUND!

FOR THE CURE OF

PUTRID SORE THROAT, INFLUENZA,

or any other inflammatory or inward disease of the Throat if not of too long standing. Also, SCARLET FEVER. This medicine has been tried in

THOUSANDS OF CASES,

in different parts of the country, and has never been known to fail if taken in time and according to directions. It is warranted to cure. Give it a trial and it will speak for itself. Every household should provide themselves with a box of this medicine and keep it on hands. The cures that it has effected are truly marvelous.

Prepared and sold by ISRAEL YOUNT & Co., Gettysburg, Pa., or by their authorized agents. For sale at nearly all the Stores in Adams county.

May 29, 1867.—tf ISRAEL YOUNT & CO.

A CARD TO THE LADIES.

DR DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS FOR FEMALES. Infallible in correcting Irregularities, Removing Obstructions of the Monthly Turns, from whatever Cause, and always successful as a Preventive.

Females peculiarly situated, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these Pills while in that condition lest they invite miscarriage, after which admonition, the Proprietor assumes no responsibility, although their mildness will prevent any mischief to health.

Price $1 per Box. Six Boxes $5.

Sold by J. M. HUBER, Druggist, Sole Agent for Gettysburg, Pa.

Ladies, by sending him $1 through the Post-office, can have the Pills sent (confidentially,) by Mail, to any part of the country "free of postage."

April 29, 1868.—1y

ALL AROUND THE WORLD!

The First Premium

of a Silver Medal was awarded

Barrett's Hair Restorative,

By the N. H. State Agricultural Society, at its Fair holden in Nashau, Sept. 20, 1866.

BARRETT'S VEGETABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE restores Gray Hair to its natural color. Promotes the growth of the Hair. Changes the roots to their original organic action. Eradicates Dandruff and Humors. Prevents Hair falling out. Is a superior Dressing. It contains no injurious ingredients, and is the most popular and reliable article throughout the East, West, North and South.

J. R. BARRETT & CO., Proprietors,
Manchester, N. H.

Sold by Dr. R. Horner, Gettysburg; J. S. Taughinbaugh, Hampton; Hartman and Sadler, Petersburg; Snyder & Son; Littlestown. and Druggists generally.

Feb. 12, 1868.—1y

THE GREAT CHOLERA PREVENTATIVE.

I.
X.-1866. L.
THE GREAT

Zingari Bitters.

THIS WONDERFUL REMEDY was discovered and introduced about twenty years ago by Dr. S. Cheopsus, an eminent Egyptian physician.

He had long seen and felt the want of some remedy which would strike at the root of disease, and so prevent much of the suffering which the human family was then compelled to endure.

This great question was presented to his mind every day in vivid colors as he moved among the sick and dying, and observed the inefficiency of nearly all the remedies then in use. Thus he was led to think and experiment; and after ten years' study and labor, he presented to his fellow-man the wonderful Zingari Bitters. The effect of this preparation in the prevention and cure of disease, was so marvelous and astonishing, that the most flattering marks of royal favor were bestowed upon him who discovered it.—His name was placed upon the Roll of Nobles, and a gold medal with the following inscription—Dr. S. Cheopsus, the Public Benefactor—was presented to him by the Viceroy.

The preparation has been used in several epidemics of cholera, both as a preventive and curative measure, and with such great success, that it has been introduced into nearly all the general hospitals of the old world.

The old saying that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, applies with marvellous force to cholera, and therefore any remedy that will protect us against this terrible disease should be freely and persistently used.

All pathologists now agree that the cholera poison acts on the system through the blood, and that any combination which acts on the excretory organs, and keeps them in working order, must prevent a sufficient accumulation of the poison to exert its terrible effects on the organism. This is true not only of cholera, but of nearly all other maladies, especially the different forms of fever.

The Zingari Bitters is just such a remedy as the above conditions require. It acts on the organs of excretion and secretion, keeping up a perfect balance between them. This Bitters is composed entirely of roots and herbs, so nicely concocted that every organ is acted upon and put in tone. Its taste is pleasant and its effects prompt and lasting.

Numerous cases of the following diseases have been cured by it: Cholera, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Scrofula, Typhoid and Typhus Fever, Fever, Ague, Nervous Debility, Anaemia, Female Irregularities, Dyspepsia, Flatulency, Colic, &c.

Price One Dollar per quart Bottle.

Principal Depot at the Walnut street wharf, Harrisburg, Pa.

Sold by Druggists, Hotel keepers and Grocers generally.

G. F. KALBFLEISCH, sole Agent for Gettysburg.

May 29, 1867. F. RAHTER, Sole Proprietor, Harrisburg, Pa.

DR. TAYLOR'S

OLIVE BRANCH

BITTERS.

A mild and agreeable TONIC STIMULANT, STOMACHIC AND CARMINATIVE

BITTERS,

Extracted entirely from

HERBS AND ROOTS.

Highly beneficial in

DYSPEPSIA,
GENERAL DEBILITY,
AND LOSS OF APPETITE;

and an excellent CORRECTIVE for the persons suffering from Disorders of the Bowels, Flatulence, &c.

Sold Everywhere.

Depot, No. 413 Market street, Philad'a.

J. K. TAYLOR & CO.

Sept. 11, 1868.—1y

Foundry.

FARMERS,

Attend to your Interests!

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others, that he is still manufacturing various kinds of castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

THRESHERS AND POWERS,

(five different sizes of Powers,) CLOVER-SEED HULLERS AND SEPARATORS, CORNFODDER CUTTERS STRAW AND HAY CUTTERS; CORN PLANTERS;

PLOUGHS,

such as Cast Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Sidehill and Corn Ploughs; the

WIRE-SPRING HORSE RAKE,

the latest improvement; also SHIREMAN'S SELF-DISCHARGING HORSE RAKE.

He will likewise manufacture

MOWERS AND REAPERS.

METAL SCREWS for Cider Presses, IRON RAILING for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, all at low rates.

FOR SALE.—A One-horse Wagon.

April 15, 1868.—tf DAVID STERNER.

Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

HARDWARE AND GROCERIES

THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

Carpenter's Tools,
Blacksmith's Tools,
Coach Finding,
Shoe Findings,
Cabinet Maker's Tools,
Housekeeper's Fixtures,
All kinds of Iron &c.

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,

Oils, Paints, &c., &c. There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above, but what can be had at this Store. Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any other house out of the city.

May 29, 1867. DAVID ZIEGLER.
JOEL B. DANNER.

Sewing Machines.

THE FINKLE & LYON

LOCK STITCH

SEWING MACHINE,

WITH NEW AND IMPORTANT IMPROVEMENTS.

The Cheapest GOOD *Machine in the World.*

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN.

A liberal Cash Premium is offered for each local Agent. These agents are appointed with great facility and satisfaction.

A Splendid Paying Business for Traveling Agents!!

Please send for a CIRCULAR. Address

FINKLE & LYON S. M. Co.
No. 791 Broadway,
July 10, '68.—6m New York.

THE AMERICAN

BUTTON HOLE OVERSEAMING

AND

SEWING MACHINE CO.,

In directing attention to their CELEBRATED COMBINATION BUTTON HOLE & SEWING MACHINE, beg leave to refer to its wonderful popularity as conclusive proof of its great merit.

The increase in the demand for this valuable machine has been TEN FOLD *during the last seven months* of its first year before the public.

This *grand and surprising success is unprecedented* in the history of sewing-machines, and we feel fully warranted in claiming that

IT HAS NO EQUAL,

BEING ABSOLUTELY THE BEST

FAMILY MACHINE

IN THE WORLD,

And Intrinsically the Cheapest.

It is really two machines combined in one, (by a simple and beautiful mechanical arrangement,) making both the Shuttle or Lock stitch, and the Overseaming and Button hole stitch, with equal facility and perfection. It executes in the *very best manner* every variety of Sewing, such as, Hemming, Felling, Cording, Tucking, Stitching, Braiding and Quilting, Gathering and Sewing on, (done at the same time,) and in addition, Overseams, Embroiders on the edge, and makes beautiful Button and Eyelet Holes in all fabrics.

Every Machine is warranted by the Company or its Agents, to give entire satisfaction.

Circulars with full particulars and samples of work done on this Machine, can be had on application at the Salesrooms of the Company.

S. W. Cor. Eleventh and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

Instructions given on the Machine at the rooms of the Company gratuitously to all purchasers.

AGENTS WANTED.

FREDERICK PAXSON, President
W. B. MENDENHALL, Treasurer.

D. W. ROBISON, *Agent,*
Gettysburg, Pa.

May 27—1y

HOWE MACHINES!

THE LATEST IMPROVED AND GENUINE

Howe Sewing Machines,

constantly on hand and for sale at the Store of

GEO. JACOBS & BRO.,

Chambersburg St., Gettysburg, Pa.

ORDERS WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Machines delivered in all parts of the county.

The public are cautioned against parties who use the name of HOWE in connection with their machines, on account of the popularity of the genuine Howe.—Remember that there are

NONE GENUINE

unless they have the Medallion Portrait of

ELIAS HOWE, JR.,

IMBEDDED ON THE MACHINE.

GEO. JACOBS & BRO.,
Only Agents for Adams county.

Aug. 7, 1868.—tf

Marble Yards.

CANNON'S

MARBLE WORKS,

CORNER OF BALTIMORE AND EAST MIDDLE ST., OPPOSITE THE COURT-HOUSE,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF WORK EXECUTED IN THE FINEST STYLE OF THE ART.

May 29, 1867.—tf

GETTYSBURG MARBLE YARD.

MEALS & BRO.

In East York Street, Gettysburg, Pa. Where they are prepared to furnish all kinds of work in their line,

SUCH AS MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEADSTONES, MANTLES, &c., &c.,

at the shortest notice, and as cheap as the cheapest.

Give us a call. Produce taken in exchange for work.

Gettysburg, May 29 1867

JOB PRINTING,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

EXECUTED NEATLY AND CHEAPLY

AT THIS OFFICE.

Baltimore street, between
Gettysbur
TERMS OF PUB
THE STAR AND SENTINEL is p
day morning, at $2.00 a year in
not paid within the year.
tinued until all arrearages are pai
tion of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted
A liberal deduction will be made
ing by the quarter, half year
ces will be inserted at
upon.

The circulation of
half larger than that
in Adams county
cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be
and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Bl
lets, &c., in every variety and st
short notice. Terms CASH.

Professional C

DR. WM. STALLSM
ist, having located in Ge
services to the public. Office in
room above Minnigh's Confec
will be prepared to attend to
province of the Dentist. Perso
partial sets of teeth are invited to
able.

JOHN LAWRENCE
tist, Office in Chambersburg
of the Lutheran Church,
Horner's Drug Store, where he
and willing to attend any case
of the Dentist. Persons in wan
are invited to call.

DR. C. W. B
HAS RESUMED the Practice
TTLESTOWN, and offers his
Office at his house, corner of
Foundry alley, near the Railroa
given to Skin Diseases. [Littl

DAVID WILLS,
AT LAW, Office at his resid
cor. er of Centre Square.
May 29, 1867.

CLAIM AGENCY
signed will attend to the
against the U. S. Governmen
Bounties, Back Pay, Pensions,
the Court of Claims or before an
at Washington.
May 29, 1867. Attorney at L

JOS. H. LEFEVER
LITTLESTOWN,
Will promptly attend to Colle
Writing of Deeds, Leases, &c., an
entrusted to his care.
Office on Frederick street,
occupied by Drs. Shorb, Kinzer
May 20, 1868.—1y*

D. M'CONAUGHY,
Attorneys and Co

D. McCONAUGHY
ated JOHN M. KRAUTH
of the law, at his old office, one do
Drug store, Chambersburg street
Special attention given to S
Settlement of Estates. All
aims to Pensions, Bounty, Back
ainst U. States, at all times, p
attended to.
Land warrants located, and cl
Iowa and other western States

A. J. COVER, ATT
LAW, will promptly atten
all other Business entrusted to h
Office between Fahnestock an
er's stores, Baltimore street, Ge
May 29, 1867.

DAVID A. BUEHL
NEY AT LAW, will promp
tions and all other business entr
Office at his residence in th
opposite the Court House. [Get

DR. R. B. ELDER
Announces to his friends,
he has returned to NEW SALEM
tice, Office at the Hotel.
McKNIGHTSTOWN, P. O.,
Adams county, Pa.

DR. J. A. ARMST
Having located at NEW
to all branches of his profession
his office when not professionally
McKNIGHTSTOWN, P. O.,
Adams county, Pa.

DR. D. M. ECKEN
located at HEIDLERSBU
to the public, and hopes by
fessional duties to merit a
patronage.

DR. J. W. C. O'NE
Has his Office at his re
street, two doors above the Com
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

Business C

JOHN W. TIPTON
ABLE BARBER, North
Diamond, next door to McCle
burg, Pa., where he can at all
to attend to all business in his
excellent assistant and will i
Give him a call.
May 29, 1867.

SURVEYOR AND
CONVEYANCER. The und
ken out a Conveyancer's License
with the office of COUNTY SU
the
WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS,
ARTICLES OF AGREEME
OF SALES,
Having had considerable experi
hopes to receive a liberal share
ness promptly attended to and
Post office address Fairfield, Ad
May 29, 1867.

Carpenters and C

TO THE BUILDING
TY AND ALL
WHO WISH TO

THE undersigned
forms the public that he
CARPENTERING,
at his old stand, on West
ready at all times to accommo
thing done in his line. He is
kinds of work for building purpo
terial, and as neatly and cheaply
any other establishment in the c
Hands always in readiness and
promptness and dispatch.
Thankful for past favors, he
to business to receive a liberal
ronage.
May 29, 1867.

WM. C. STALLSM
GETTYSBURG
CARPENTERS & CO
are prepared to do all kinds of Ca
ing and erecting buildings of all
They keep constantly on ha
to order,
DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS
WINDOW FRAMES, CORN
WINDOW SASH
And any other
Seasoned material constantly
workmen always
with dispatch.
Orders promptly attende
WM
C. H
Sept. 18, 1867.—tf

G. C. CASHMAN.
CARPENT
THE undersigned
form the public that
Carpentering in the
Schick,
in the line of
establishment
We hope by a strict attention
a share of public patronage.
May 29, 1867

Bakery

NEW BA
NEWPORT &
Mechanical Bakery, Corner
Middle streets, Gettysburg
the best of
BREAD,
CRACKERS,
Persons wishing fresh
morning, by leaving their
the Bakery.
GIVE US
May 29, 1867.